Roll No.

Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 18

B.Tech.(CSE/IT) (2018 & Onwards)/(Civil Engg.)/(Computer Engg.) (Sem.-1)

# **MATHEMATICS-I**

Subject Code: BTAM-104-18 M.Code: 75362

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions EACH from SECTION B & C.

### **SECTION-A**

- 1. Calculate  $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ .
- 2. Show that beta function is symmetric.
- 3. Compute  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\log x}{\cot x}$ .
- 4. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ . Compute AB.
- 5. Find the eigen values of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 6. Define symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices.
- 7. State rank and nullity theorem.
- 8. Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2}$ .
- 9. Find the rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -4 \\ 3 & 5 & -7 \\ 4 & -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 10. State Rolle's theorem.

## **SECTION-B**

- 11. Find the eigen value and eigen vector of the following matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- 12. Find the maximum and minimum value of  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 3xy$ .
- 13. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 14. Find the volume generated by revolving the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  about the x-axis.

#### **SECTION-C**

15. Solve the following system using Gauss elimination:

$$x-2y+z=0$$
,  $2x+y-3z=5$ ,  $4x-7y+z=-1$ .

- 16. a) Find the volume of the solid generated by the revolution of the cardioids  $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  about the initial line.
  - b) Find the volume of the sphere of radius a.
- 17. a) Use Cramer's rule to solve 2x + 3y z = 1, 4x + y 3z = 11, 3x 2y + 5z = 21.
  - b) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty (x^2+4)e^{-2x^2}dx$  using gamma function.
- 18. a) Show that the transformation T :  $R^3 \to R^3$  define by T (x, y, z) = (x + y, y + z, z + x) is linear.
  - b) Let T:  $R^3 \to R^3$  define by T (x, y, z) = (x + y + z, 2x + 2y + 2z, 3x + 3y + 3z).

Find the associated matrix corresponding to standard basis.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.