

Learn Microsoft Power BI – Chapter Wise Content

Chapter 1: Introduction to Power BI and DAX

- What is Power BI?
- Role of DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)
- Difference between Calculated Columns, Measures, and Tables
- Understanding row context vs filter context
- Syntax basics in DAX

Chapter 2: Aggregation Functions

- Overview of Aggregations
- Functions: **SUM**, **SUMX**, **AVERAGE**, **AVERAGEX**, **COUNT**, **COUNTROWS**, **COUNTAX**, **DISTINCTCOUNT**, **MAX**, **MIN**, **PRODUCT**
- Use Cases:
 - Total Sales Calculation (**SUM**)
 - Average Order Value (**AVERAGEX**)
 - Distinct Customer Count (**DISTINCTCOUNT**)

Chapter 3: Date and Time Functions

- Importance of Date/Time in BI
- Functions: **TODAY**, **NOW**, **DATE**, **DATEDIFF**, **EOMONTH**, **NETWORKDAYS**, **YEAR**, **MONTH**, **WEEKNUM**, **CALENDAR**, **CALENDARAUTO**
- Use Cases:
 - Year-to-Date sales comparison
 - Business days calculation (**NETWORKDAYS**)
 - Creating a custom Date Table

Chapter 4: Filter Functions

- Understanding Filter Context
- Functions: **ALL**, **ALLEXCEPT**, **REMOVEFILTERS**, **FILTER**, **CALCULATE**, **KEEPFILTERS**, **LOOKUPVALUE**, **RANK**, **RUNNINGSUM**
- Use Cases:
 - Ignoring filters for “Total Sales”
 - Calculating Rank of a product
 - Applying conditional filters with **CALCULATE**

Chapter 5: Financial Functions

- Role in financial modeling
- Functions: **FV**, **PV**, **RATE**, **NPER**, **PMT**, **PPMT**, **ACCRINT**, **DDB**, **SLN**, **XNPV**, **XIRR**
- Use Cases:
 - Loan payment calculation (**PMT**)
 - Net Present Value of cashflows (**NPV**, **XNPV**)
 - Depreciation models (**DDB**, **SLN**)

Chapter 6: Information & Info Functions

- Functions for Metadata & Diagnostics
- **HASONEVALUE**, **ISBLANK**, **ISERROR**, **CONTAINS**, **ISEMPTY**, **USERNAME**, **USERPRINCIPALNAME**, **COLUMNSTATISTICS**
- Use Cases:
 - Checking if a measure returns blank
 - User-based row-level security
 - Model inspection

Chapter 7: Logical Functions

- Decision Making in DAX
- Functions: **IF**, **IFERROR**, **SWITCH**, **AND**, **OR**, **NOT**, **COALESCE**
- Use Cases:
 - Classifying orders as High/Low value (**IF**)
 - Handling division by zero (**IFERROR**)

- Creating custom categories (SWITCH)

Chapter 8: Math and Trigonometry Functions

- Functions: ABS, ROUND, ROUNDUP, ROUNDDOWN, MOD, POWER, SQRT, RAND, RANDBETWEEN, DIVIDE, CEILING, FLOOR, LOG, PI
- Use Cases:
 - Random sampling (RANDBETWEEN)
 - Discount calculations using ROUND
 - Growth calculations using POWER

Chapter 9: Parent-Child and Relationship Functions

- Working with Hierarchies
- Functions: PATH, PATHITEM, PATHCONTAINS, RELATED, RELATEDTABLE, USERELATIONSHIP, CROSSFILTER
- Use Cases:
 - Employee hierarchy path (PATH)
 - Activating inactive relationships (USERELATIONSHIP)
 - Fetching related values (RELATED)

Chapter 10: Statistical Functions

- Functions: MEDIAN, MEDIANX, GEOMEAN, STDEV.P, VAR.S, RANKX, CONFIDENCE.T, NORM.DIST, LINEST
- Use Cases:
 - Median salary distribution
 - Standard deviation of sales performance
 - Product ranking by revenue

Chapter 11: Table Manipulation Functions

- Functions: ADDCOLUMNS, SELECTCOLUMNS, SUMMARIZE, UNION, EXCEPT, INTERSECT, TOPN, GENERATESERIES, VALUES, CROSSJOIN
- Use Cases:
 - Creating calculated tables
 - Top N customers report (TOPN)
 - Joining datasets (UNION, INTERSECT)

Chapter 12: Text Functions

- Functions: CONCATENATE, CONCATENATEX, FORMAT, LEFT, RIGHT, MID, SEARCH, REPLACE, TRIM, UPPER, LOWER, VALUE
- Use Cases:
 - Creating full names (CONCATENATE)
 - Formatting dates as text (FORMAT)
 - Extracting codes from product strings

Chapter 13: Time Intelligence Functions

- Core to BI Analysis
- Functions: DATESYTD, DATESMTD, DATESQTD, SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR, PREVIOUSYEAR, DATEADD, TOTALYTD, TOTALMTD, CLOSINGBALANCEYEAR, OPENINGBALANCEMONTH
- Use Cases:
 - Year-over-Year (YoY) sales growth
 - Month-to-Date performance tracking
 - Seasonal trend analysis