

# **Digital Empowerment Pakistan**

## **Assignment 02**

**Name:** Yashfa Mir

C++ Programming Internship

### Task 2

## **Contact Management System**

## Contact Management System Code:

```
#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

#include <string>

#include <fstream>

#include <limits>

#include <algorithm>

using namespace std;

class Contact { public:

    string name;

    string phoneNum;

    Contact(string n, string p) : name(n), phoneNum(p) {}

};

class ContactManager

{ private:

    vector<Contact> contacts;

    void loadContacts() { ifstream

infile("Contact.txt"); if (!infile.is_open()) { cerr

<< "Unable to open file Contact.txt" << endl;

return; } string name, phoneNum; while

(getline(infile, name) && getline(infile, phoneNum))

{ contacts.emplace_back(name, phoneNum);

    }
```

```

infile.close();      }      void saveContactsToFile()

{      ofstream outfile("Contact.txt");

if (!outfile.is_open()) {      cerr <<

"Unable to open file" << endl;

return;      }      for (const auto& contact :

contacts) {      outfile << contact.name <<

endl;      outfile << contact.phoneNum <<

endl;

      }

outfile.close();

} public:

ContactManager()

{      loadContacts();

}

~ContactManager()

{      saveContactsToFile();

}      void addContact(const string& name, const string&

phoneNumber) {      contacts.emplace_back(name, phoneNumber);

cout << "Contact added successfully!" << endl;

saveContactsToFile();

} void viewContacts() const

{      if (contacts.empty())

{      cout << "No

contacts available." << endl;

return;      }      cout

```

```

<< "Contacts:" << endl;

for (const auto& contact :
contacts) {

    cout << "Name: " << contact.name << ", Phone Number: " <<
contact.phoneNum << endl;

    }    }    void deleteContact(const
string& name) {

        auto it = remove_if(contacts.begin(), contacts.end(), [&](const
Contact& contact) {                return contact.name == name;

            });                if (it != contacts.end())
{
                contacts.erase(it, contacts.end());
cout << "Contact deleted!" << endl;
saveContactsToFile();

        } else {                cout << "Contact not
found." << endl;

        }

    } }; void showMenu() {        cout << "\nContact
Management System" << endl;        cout << "1. Add
Contact" << endl;        cout << "2. View Contacts" <<
endl;        cout << "3. Delete Contact" << endl;
cout << "4. Exit" << endl;

        cout << "Choose an option: ";

} int main()

{

```

```

    ContactManager manager;    int choice;    string name,
phoneNumber;    while (true) {        showMenu();

cin >> choice;

cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');

switch (choice) {        case 1:

            cout << "Enter name: ";

getline(cin, name);            cout << "Enter
phone number: ";            getline(cin,
phoneNumber);            manager.addContact(name,
phoneNumber);            break;        case 2:
manager.viewContacts();            break;

case 3:

            cout << "Enter name to delete: ";

getline(cin, name);

manager.deleteContact(name);            break;

case 4:

            cout << "Exiting..." << endl;
            return 0;

default:

            cout << "Invalid choice. Please try again." << endl;

        }

    }

}

```

# Documentation

## 1. Introduction

The Contact Management System is a tool to effectively manage and organize contact information. It offers functions to add, view, and remove contacts, with data saved in a file named `Contact.txt`. This application is written in C++ and uses standard libraries for file operations and user interaction.

## 2. Setup Instructions

### 2.1 Preparing Files

#### 1. Create the Contact File:

- Ensure a file named `Contact.txt` exists in the same directory as the source code. This file will store contact names and phone numbers, each on separate lines.

### 2.2 Environment Configuration

Ensure your development environment is ready for C++ development. The following steps provide a general guide:

#### 2. Install a C++ Compiler:

- Linux: Use the package manager (e.g., `sudo apt-get install g++`).
- macOS: Use Homebrew (e.g., `brew install gcc`).
- Windows: Install MinGW or use an IDE like Visual Studio.

#### 3. Set Up an Integrated Development Environment (IDE):

- Visual Studio Code: A lightweight IDE with extensions for C++ development.
- CLion: A powerful IDE for C++ by JetBrains.
- Visual Studio: A full-featured IDE for Windows.

## 3. Running the Program

### 3.1 Compiling and Executing

Follow these steps to compile and run the program:

#### 1. Compile the Application:

- Use a C++ compiler to compile the source code file `main..`
- Example (using `g++` on Linux):

```
bash g++ -o contact_manager  
main.
```

#### 2. Run the Application:

- Execute the compiled program (e.g., `contact_manager` or the equivalent name).
- Example (on Linux):

```
bash
```

```
./contact_manager
```

## 4. Features

### 4.1 Adding a Contact

The `addContact` function allows users to add a new contact by providing a name and

phone number: `void addContact(const string& name, const string& phoneNumber)`

### 4.2 Viewing Contacts

The `viewContacts` function displays all contacts stored in the `Contact.txt` file:

```
void viewContacts()
```

### 4.3 Removing a Contact

The `deleteContact` function removes a contact by name:

```
void deleteContact(const string& name)
```

## 5. Error Management

The application includes mechanisms to handle errors during file operations and user input:

### 5.1 File Handling Errors

- **File Opening Errors:**

- The application checks if the `Contact.txt` file can be opened for reading or writing. If not, an error message is displayed.

### 5.2 User Input Errors

- **Invalid Choices:**

- The application prompts the user to enter a valid option if the input is incorrect.

## **6. Conclusion**

The "Contact Management System" is a straightforward yet efficient tool for managing contacts. It demonstrates key concepts in file handling and user interaction in C++. The application can be further customized and extended based on specific needs, such as adding more contact fields or enhancing error-handling mechanisms.