• Import libraries

In [48]: import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 %matplotlib inline
 import seaborn as sns

• Get Data From CSV

In [49]: df=pd.read_csv('mymovie.csv',lineterminator='\n')

• View First 5 Rows of DataFrame

In [50]: df.head()

In [50]:	at	.head()						
Out[50]:		Release_Date	Title	Overview	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Original_Lan
	0	2021-12-15	Spider- Man: No Way Home	Peter Parker is unmasked and no longer able to	5083.954	8940	8.3	
	1	2022-03-01	The Batman	In his second year of fighting crime, Batman u	3827.658	1151	8.1	
	2	2022-02-25	No Exit	Stranded at a rest stop in the mountains durin	2618.087	122	6.3	
	3	2021-11-24	Encanto	The tale of an extraordinary family, the Madri	2402.201	5076	7.7	
	4	2021-12-22	The King's Man	As a collection of history's worst tyrants and	1895.511	1793	7.0	

Checking DataFrame Info (Column Types & Nulls)

In [54]: df.describe()

```
In [51]: df.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 9827 entries, 0 to 9826
       Data columns (total 9 columns):
            Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
        ---
            -----
                               _____
         0
            Release_Date
                               9827 non-null
                                               object
        1
            Title
                               9827 non-null object
         2
            Overview
                               9827 non-null object
         3
            Popularity
                               9827 non-null float64
                               9827 non-null int64
            Vote_Count
        4
         5
            Vote_Average
                               9827 non-null float64
        6
            Original_Language 9827 non-null object
        7
            Genre
                               9827 non-null object
            Poster Url
                               9827 non-null
                                               object
       dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(6)
       memory usage: 691.1+ KB

    Viewing First 5 Values of 'Genre' Column

In [52]:
        df['Genre'].head()
Out[52]: 0
              Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
         1
                        Crime, Mystery, Thriller
         2
                                       Thriller
         3
              Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
                Action, Adventure, Thriller, War
         Name: Genre, dtype: object
          • Counting Duplicate Rows in DataFrame
In [53]:
         df.duplicated().sum()
Out[53]: np.int64(0)

    Describe DataFrame Stats
```

	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average
count	9827.000000	9827.000000	9827.000000
mean	40.326088	1392.805536	6.439534
std	108.873998	2611.206907	1.129759
min	13.354000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	16.128500	146.000000	5.900000
50%	21.199000	444.000000	6.500000
75%	35.191500	1376.000000	7.100000
max	5083.954000	31077.000000	10.000000

• Exploration Summary

Out[54]:

- we have a dataframe consisting of 9827 rows 9 columns.
- our dataset looks a bit tidy with no NaNs or duplicated Values.
- Release_Date column needs to be casted into date time and to extract only the year value.
- Overview, Original_Language and Poster-url wouldn't be so useful during analysis, so we'll drop them.
- there is noticable outliers in Popularity column.
- Vote_Average better be categorised for proper analysis.
- Genre column has comma sepereted values and white spaces that needs to be handled and casted into category. Exploration Summary.
- Converting 'Release_Date' Column to Date Format

```
In [55]: df['Release_Date']=pd.to_datetime(df['Release_Date'])
    print(df['Release_Date'].dtypes)

datetime64[ns]
```

• Extracting Year from 'Release_Date

```
In [56]: df['Release_Date']=df['Release_Date'].dt.year
    df['Release_Date'].dtypes
Out[56]: dtype('int32')
```

Dropping Unwanted Columns from DataFrame

```
In [57]: df.drop(['Overview','Original_Language','Poster_Url'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

Out[58]:					
OU L JO .	\cap +	Гι	-0	п.	
	UUL	100	0 0	- 1	

Re	elease_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	8.3	Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
1	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	8.1	Crime, Mystery, Thriller
2	2022	No Exit	2618.087	122	6.3	Thriller
3	2021	Encanto	2402.201	5076	7.7	Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
4	2021	The King's Man	1895.511	1793	7.0	Action, Adventure, Thriller, War

- Categorizing Vote_Average Column
- We would cut the Vote_Average and make 4 categories -popular, average, below_avg, not_popular to describge it more using catigorize_col() function provided above.

Genre	Vote_Average	Vote_Count	Popularity	Title	Release_Date	Out[61]:
Action, Adventure, Science Fiction	popular	8940	5083.954	Spider-Man: No Way Home	2021	
Crime, Mystery, Thriller	popular	1151	3827.658	The Batman	2022	
Thriller	below_avg	122	2618.087	No Exit	2022	
Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy	popular Comedy, Fa	5076	2402.201	Encanto	3 2021	
Action, Adventure, Thriller, War	average	1793	1895.511	The King's Man	4 2021	

• Counting Frequency of Each Vote_Average Value

• Removing Missing Values and Checking Again

Genre	Vote_Average	Vote_Count	Popularity	Title	Release_Date	Out[64]:
Action, Adventure, Science Fiction	popular	8940	5083.954	Spider-Man: No Way Home	0 2021	
Crime, Mystery, Thriller	popular	1151	3827.658	The Batman	1 2022	
Thriller	below_avg	122	2618.087	No Exit	2 2022	
Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy	3 2021 Encanto 2402.201 5076 popular (3 2021				
Action, Adventure, Thriller, War	average	1793	1895.511	The King's Man	4 2021	

• Splitting and Expanding Genre Column into Multiple Rows

```
In [65]: df['Genre']=df['Genre'].str.split(', ')
    df=df.explode('Genre').reset_index(drop=True)
    df.head()
```

Out[65]:	Release_Date		Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action
	1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure
	2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction
	3	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Crime
	4	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Mystery

• Converting Genre Column to Categorical Type

Counting Unique Values in Each Column

```
In [67]: df.nunique()
Out[67]: Release_Date
                          100
         Title
                         9415
         Popularity
                         8088
         Vote_Count
                         3265
         Vote_Average
                          4
         Genre
                           19
         dtype: int64
In [68]: df.head()
```

Out[68]:	Release_Date

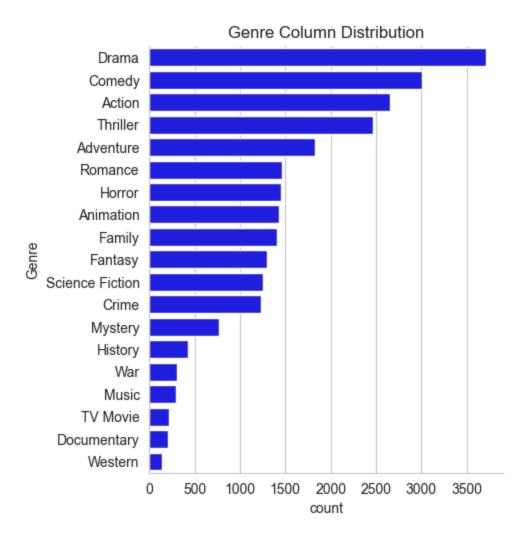
Rele	ease_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action
1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure
2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction
3	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Crime
4	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Mystery

- Data Visualization
- Apply Whitegrid Style to Charts

```
In [69]: sns.set_style('whitegrid')
```

• Plotting Genre Distribution Using Seaborn

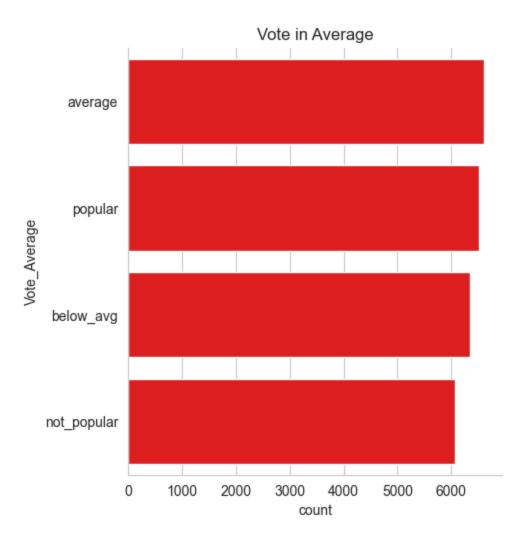
```
In [83]: sns.catplot(y='Genre',data=df,kind='count',order=df['Genre'].value_counts().index,c
         plt.title('Genre Column Distribution')
         plt.show()
```



[84]:	df.h	nead()					
t[84]:	F	Release_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action
	1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure
	2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction
	3	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Crime
	4	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Mystery

• Plotting Vote_Average Distribution Using Seaborn

```
In [89]: sns.catplot(y='Vote_Average',data=df,kind='count',order=df['Vote_Average'].value_co
plt.title('Vote in Average')
plt.show()
```



• Finding the Most Popular Movie

In [90]:	<pre>df[df['Popularity']==df['Popularity'].max()]</pre>									
Out[90]:	Rele	ease_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre			
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action			
	1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure			
	2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction			

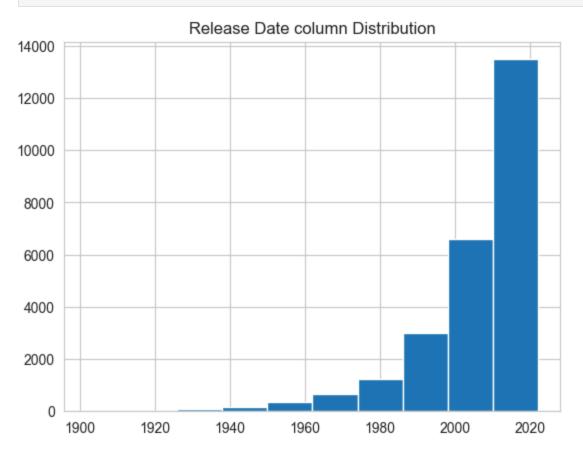
• Finding the Least Popular Movie

```
In [92]: df[df['Popularity']==df['Popularity'].min()]
```

Out[92]:		Release_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	25546	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Music
	25547	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Drama
	25548	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	History
	25549	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	War
	25550	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Drama
	25551	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Science Fiction

• Histogram of Release Year Distribution

```
In [93]: df['Release_Date'].hist()
  plt.title('Release Date column Distribution')
  plt.show()
```



- Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?
- Drama genre is the most frequent genre in our dataset and has appeared more than 14% of the times among 19 other genres.
- Q2: What genres has highest votes?
- we have 25.5% of our dataset with popular vote (6520 rows). Drama again gets the highest popularity among fans by being having more than 18.5% of movies popularities.
- Q3: What movie got the highest popularity? what's its Action, genre?
- Spider-Man: No Way Home has the highest popularity rate in our dataset and it has genres of Adventure and Sience Fiction .
- Q3: What movie got the lowest popularity? what's its genre?
- The united states, thread' has the highest lowest rate in our dataset and it has genres of music, drama, 'war', 'sci-fi' and history`.
- Q4: Which year has the most filmmed movies?
- year 2020 has the highest filmming rate in our dataset