

SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING	
Program Name: B. Tech		Assignment Type: Lab	Academic Year:2025-2026
Course Coordinator Name		Dr. Rishabh Mittal	
CourseCode	23CS002PC304	Course Title	AI Assisted Coding
Year/Sem	III/II	Regulation	R23
Date and Day of Assignment	Week4 – Monday	Batch	23CSBTB47B
Name	Mittapalli Yashaswini	Hall Ticket No	2303A54049
Assignment Number: 7.1			
Q.No.	Question		Expected Time to complete
1	<p>Lab 7: Error Debugging with AI: Systematic approaches to finding and fixing bugs</p> <p>Lab Objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To identify and correct syntax, logic, and runtime errors in Python programs using AI tools. To understand common programming bugs and AI-assisted debugging suggestions. To evaluate how AI explains, detects, and fixes different types of coding errors. To build confidence in using AI to perform structured debugging practices. <p>Lab Outcomes (LOs):</p> <p>After completing this lab, students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use AI tools to detect and correct syntax, logic, and runtime errors. Interpret AI-suggested bug fixes and explanations. Apply systematic debugging strategies supported by AI-generated insights. Refactor buggy code using responsible and reliable programming patterns. 		Week4 - Monday

Task Description #1 (Syntax Errors – Missing Parentheses in Print Statement)

Task: Provide a Python snippet with a missing parenthesis in a print statement (e.g., print "Hello"). Use AI to detect and fix the syntax error.

Bug: Missing parentheses in print statement

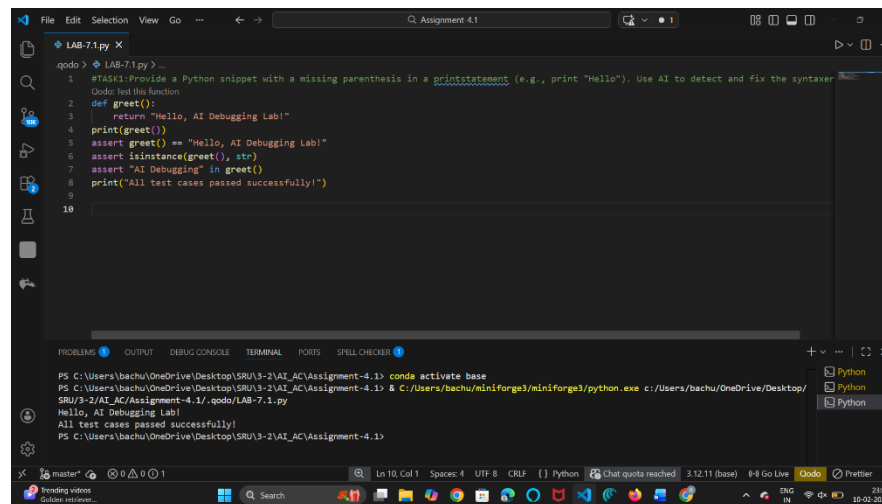
```
def greet():  
    print "Hello, AI Debugging Lab!"  
greet()
```

Requirements:

- Run the given code to observe the error.
- Apply AI suggestions to correct the syntax.
- Use at least 3 assert test cases to confirm the corrected code works.

Expected Output #1:

- Corrected code with proper syntax and AI explanation.



```
LAB-7.1.py X  
qodo > LAB-7.1.py > ...  
1 #Task: Provide a Python snippet with a missing parenthesis in a print statement (e.g., print "Hello"). Use AI to detect and fix the syntax error.  
2 def greet():  
3     return "Hello, AI Debugging Lab!"  
4 print(greet())  
5 assert greet() == "Hello, AI Debugging Lab!"  
6 assert isinstance(greet(), str)  
7 assert "AI Debugging" in greet()  
8 print("All test cases passed successfully!")  
9  
10  
PROBLEMS 0 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS SPELL CHECKER 0  
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1> conda activate base  
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1> & C:\Users\bachu\miniforge3\python.exe c:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1\qodo\LAB-7.1.py  
Hello, AI Debugging Lab!  
All test cases passed successfully!  
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1>
```

Task Description #2 (Incorrect condition in an If Statement)

Task: Supply a function where an if-condition mistakenly uses = instead of ==. Let AI identify and fix the issue.

Bug: Using assignment (=) instead of comparison (==)

```
def check_number(n):
    if n = 10:
        return "Ten"
    else:
        return "Not Ten"
```

Requirements:

- Ask AI to explain why this causes a bug.
- Correct the code and verify with 3 assert test cases.

Expected Output #2:

- Corrected code using == with explanation and successful test execution.

The screenshot shows a VS Code editor window with a file named 'LAB-7.1.py'. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
qodo > LAB-7.1.py >...
8 # print("All test cases passed successfully!")
9
10 #TASK2: Supply a function where an if-condition mistakenly uses = instead of ==. Let AI identify and fix the issue
11 Qodo: Test this function
12 def check_number(n):
13     if n == 10:
14         return "Ten"
15     else:
16         return "Not Ten"
17 print(check_number(10))
18 print(check_number(5))
19 assert check_number(10) == "Ten"
20 assert check_number(5) == "Not Ten"
21 print("All test cases passed successfully!")
22
```

The bottom panel of the editor shows the output of the script:

```
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1> & C:\Users\bachu\miniforge3\python.exe c:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1\qodo\LAB-7.1.py
Ten
Not Ten
All test cases passed successfully!
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU\3-2\AI_AC\Assignment-4.1>
```

Task Description #3 (Runtime Error – File Not Found)

Task: Provide code that attempts to open a non-existent file and crashes. Use AI to apply safe error handling.

Bug: Program crashes if file is missing

```
def read_file(filename):
    with open(filename, 'r') as f:
        return f.read()
    print(read_file("nonexistent.txt"))
```

Requirements:

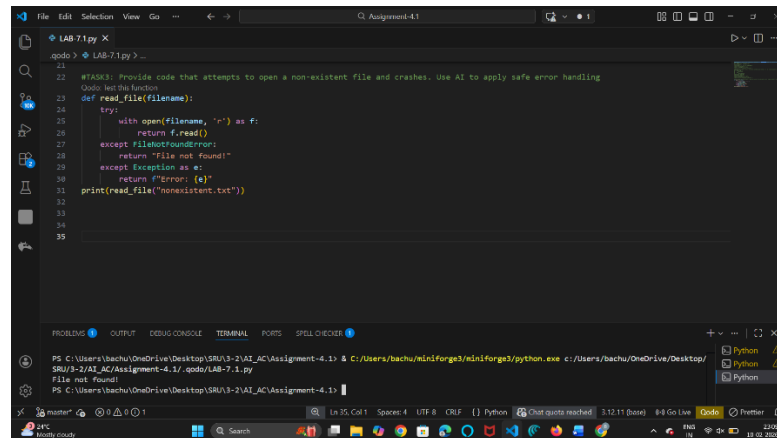
- Implement a try-except block suggested by AI.

- Add a user-friendly error message.
- Test with at least 3 scenarios: file exists, file missing, invalid path.

Expected Output #3:

- Safe file handling with exception management.

```
def read_file(filename):
    try:
        with open(filename, 'r') as f:
            return f.read()
    except FileNotFoundError:
        return "File not found!"
    except Exception as e:
        return f"Error: {e}"
print(read_file("nonexistent.txt"))
```



Task Description #4 (Calling a Non-Existent Method)

Task: Give a class where a non-existent method is called (e.g., obj.undefined_method()). Use AI to debug and fix.

Bug: Calling an undefined method

```
class Car:
    def start(self):
        return "Car started"

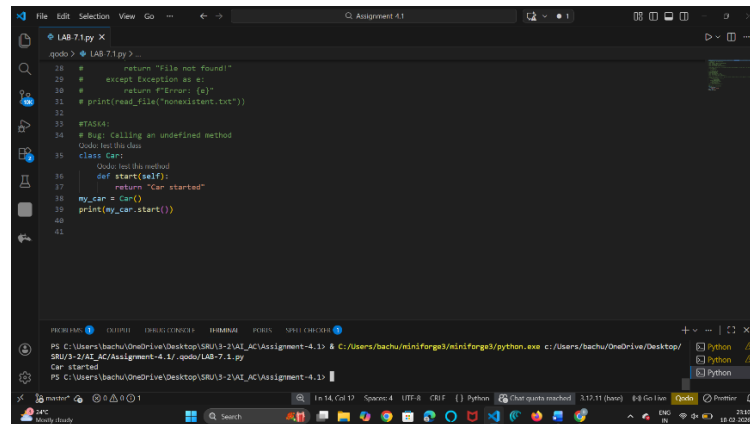
my_car = Car()
print(my_car.drive()) # drive() is not defined
```

Requirements:

- Students must analyze whether to define the missing method or correct the method call.
- Use 3 assert tests to confirm the corrected class works.

Expected Output #4:

- Corrected class with clear AI explanation.



```
File Edit Selection View Go ... Assignment 4.1
LAB 7.1.py X
qodo > LAB 7.1.py > ...
28 # return "File not found!"
29 # except Exception as e:
30 # return f"Error: {e}"
31 # print(read_file("nonexistent.txt"))
32
33 # TODO:
34 # Bug: Calling an undefined method
35 # Does not fix the class
36 class Car:
37     def start(self):
38         return "Car started"
39 my_car = Car()
40 print(my_car.start())
41
PREVIEW OUTPUT TERMINAL PROBLEMS HINTS
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU/3-2/AE_AC/Assignment-4.1> & C:/Users/bachu/miniforge3/python.exe c:/Users/bachu/OneDrive/Desktop/SRU/3-2/AE_AC/Assignment-4.1/qodo/LAB-7.1.py
Car started
PS C:\Users\bachu\OneDrive\Desktop\SRU/3-2/AE_AC/Assignment-4.1>
```

Task Description #5 (TypeError – Mixing Strings and Integers in Addition)

Task: Provide code that adds an integer and string ("5" + 2) causing a TypeError. Use AI to resolve the bug.

Bug: TypeError due to mixing string and integer

```
def add_five(value):
    return value + 5
print(add_five("10"))
```

Requirements:

- Ask AI for two solutions: type casting and string concatenation.
- Validate with 3 assert test cases.

Expected Output #5:

- Corrected code that runs successfully for multiple inputs.

