# **Assignment #3: Spectrum Based Fault Localization**

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CS639: Program Analysis Verification and Testing

## **IMPLEMENTATION:**

I have implemented this complex task using following basic steps:

### 1) Fitness Score

Implemented Fitness Function in 2 ways:

## a) DDU (Density Diversity and Uniqueness) Score

- Density of a test suite is summation of all 1's in activation matrix divided by matrix size ( $\Sigma$  Aij / m\*n).
- Diversity ensures no redundant test cases :

$$\delta = 1 - rac{\sum_{k=1}^l |n_k| (|n_k|-1)}{N(N-1)}$$

- Uniqueness is total number of ambiguity group / Total number of component.
- Fitness Score = density\_bar \* Diversity\*Uniqueness where density\_bar = 1 |1 2\*density|

### b) Ulysis Score:

• Formally we can define ulysis score as follows:

$$\mathcal{L}_i = \left\{ egin{aligned} c_j \mid c_j \in C, j 
eq i, & ext{if } c_i = ec{0} \ c_j \mid c_j \in C, c_j = c_i, j 
eq i, & ext{otherwise.} \end{aligned} 
ight.$$

$$\mathcal{W}_i = rac{|\mathcal{L}_i|}{m-1}$$

$$\mathcal{W}_{Ulysis} = rac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \mathcal{W}_i$$

- I have made a dictionary **activity\_dict** which contains index with corresponding column entries.
- After that we calculate Wastage Effort for each component and store them in w\_score\_list.
- Divide all members of w\_score\_list by (num\_col 1).
- Summing all the values from w\_score\_list and divide by number of columns to get the **fitness\_score**.

## 2) Suspiciousness:

- Here we find the suspiciousness score for a given component represented by comp\_index.
- Here we find 4 metric which are
  - a) Cf Number of failing tests that execute C
  - **b**) Cp Number of passing tests that execute C
  - c) Nf Number of failing tests that do not execute C
  - d) Np Number of passing tests that do not execute C
- After finding above 4 metric, I have used 3 metric to represent suspiciousness of a component :

#### a) Ochiai Score:

Ochiai Score = 
$$(cf / (math.sqrt((cf+nf)*(cf+cp))))$$

### b) Tarantula Score:

Tarantula Score = 
$$\left(\frac{cf}{(cf+nf)}\right)/\left(\frac{cf}{(cf+nf)}\right) + \left(\frac{cp}{(cp+np)}\right)$$

#### c) Jaccard Score:

$$Jaccard \_score = cf / (cf + cp + nf)$$

## 3) GetRankList

- In this function we have find ranks of each components according to their suspiciousness score.
- After calling suspiciousness routine to get the suspiciousness score for each component, we arrange them in a list
- Sorted on the basis of suspiciousness\_score and then assigning the rank to each component if two component have same score they have same rank.
- Return the modified ranklist which contains the component name (e.g, 'c1') and its rank(an integer)

## **Assumptions:**

The provided code has several assumptions:

- 1. A float value is anticipated for the fitness score.
- 2. It is assumed that the one component does not depend on another component.
- 3. It is assumed that if one component is faulty then its execution will surely result in faulty execution.
- 4. It is assumed that if no faulty component is executed then program executed correctly.

## **Limitations:**

The provided code has several limitations:

- 1. The program gives the ranked component list based on the suspiciousness score, there is no guarantee that the component with good rank is guaranteed to be a buggy component.
- 2. The function determines the fitness score using particular formulas that might not be suitable for all usage scenarios.
- 3. Fitness Function uses Ulysis Score which is not best for all scenarios but it is good for average case.
- 4. Suspiciousness Score uses Ochiai metrics, Tarantula and Jaccard metric, all of them are good for certain scenarios and bad for others.