

Assignment 5 – CS360

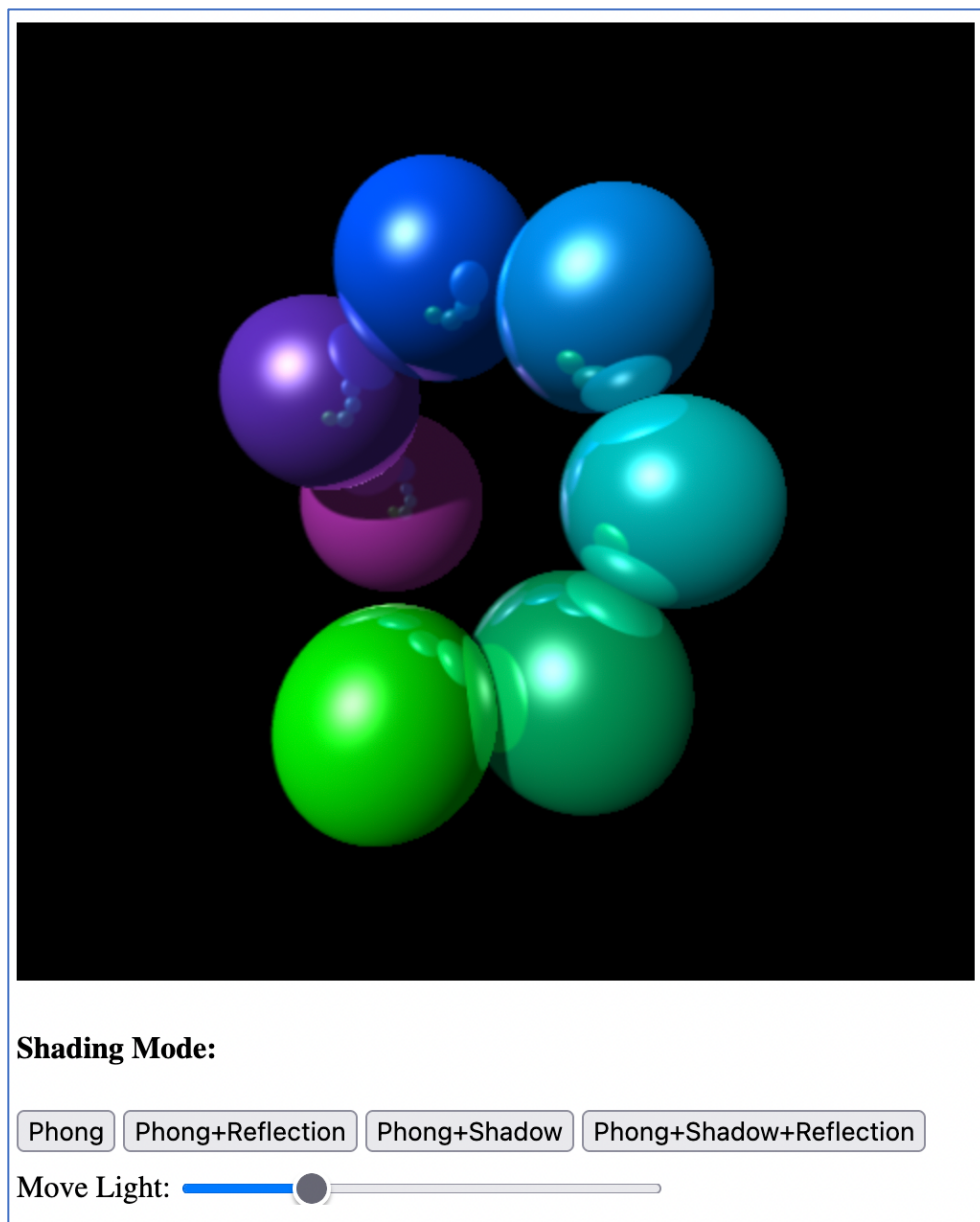
Ray Tracing

Due Date: November 14, 2025, 11:59pm (Hard deadline)

Grade: 100 points (10% of the course grade)

In this assignment, you will create a ray tracer in GLSL shader. Your scene will only contain spheres for simplicity. In this assignment, you will implement ray-traced shadow and reflection. No additional library can be used to complete your assignment other than standard JavaScript functions and GLSL shader APIs. The glmatrix library is also not required for this assignment.

Here is the ray tracer app that you will create (See the attached video for more details):



Pointers for your assignment:

1. Your application will allow changing the location of light through a slider. Based on the light location, shadows will change. Your scene will have just one light source.
2. Your ray tracing application should have 4 buttons for selecting 4 different rendering modes (see the video and the above image for reference):
 1. Phong illumination
 2. Phong illumination + Reflection
 3. Phong illumination + Shadow
 4. Phong illumination + Shadow + Reflection
3. The scene will have 7 spheres as shown above. You should have different shininess values for specular lighting for each sphere when computing the Phong illumination model as you can see, the specular reflection is different for each sphere.
4. There will be partial credits for implementing just the ray tracer, ray tracer + shadow, and ray tracer + reflection, ray tracer + shadow + reflection. So, if you are not able to add all the effects, you may follow the steps below to complete as many as you can.
5. A video demo is attached.

Steps you may follow to complete the assignment:

- To build the scene, you do not need any transformation matrices. You can simply change the center and radius of the spheres to construct the scene. So affine transformations are needed.
- Your first focus should be to build a simple ray tracer without shadow and reflection. You should just render a single sphere and make sure your ray tracer is working correctly, and you see the sphere rendered.
- Here, you can simply assign a constant color to the fragments that belong to the sphere without any Phong illumination component. The output will look like a 2D circle.
- The next step is to implement the Phong illumination model so that the boring 2D circle will look like a proper 3D sphere considering light. Note that you can assume all the vectors that you need to implement the Phong illumination model are already in the same coordinate space, so you do not have to worry about coordinate transformation for normal vectors or any other vectors. You can simply apply the Phong illumination equations for ambient, diffuse, and specular lighting, and it should work just fine.
- The next step should be to add multiple spheres and construct the scene that is shown in the image above. This step should not require any modification to your base ray tracer except just adding multiple spheres into the scene.
- Next, you can implement the shadow algorithm by tracing the shadow ray from each intersection point. Be careful to calculate the ray origin and ray direction of the shadow ray. The direction should be normalized. If needed, you may have to use a bias correction to remove any self-shadow/ shadow artifacts.
- Finally, add reflection to your ray tracer. Trace the reflection ray and compute the reflection color for the fragments. Again, be careful to determine the reflection ray origin

and direction. You can use the GLSL `reflect()` function to compute the reflection ray direction by providing appropriate arguments.

- Consult the slides where I have given you fragments of code that you can use.
- The entire ray tracer will be implemented in fragment shader. In JavaScript, you only must render a simple 2D quad that fills up the entire canvas in clip space. For this, you can define a quad with its corner points span across $[-1,1]$ range. Check the slides for more details. We have discussed this in class.
- Finally, add the light location to a slider. Check the change of shadow when light is moved to ensure correctness.

How to submit?

The **HelloITK** portal will be set up for submission. There will be a time limit set. Please start early and finish it by the deadline. No extension will be provided. Your submission should ideally contain one main JavaScript and one HTML file. Zip everything into a single compressed file and upload it. Your code should run out-of-the-box on TA's computer without needing to do any modification. You can test it in both Chrome and Firefox before submitting it. Name your compressed submission file as "**Last-name_roll-number_Assignment5.zip**", and replace last-name, roll-number with your last name and roll number.

Grading:

We will grade your submitted version only. So **DO NOT MISS THE DEADLINE**, else you may get 0.