Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
```

```
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
   void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
   int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
   10
   Status: Correct
```

3. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 1/1

4. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

```
5. What will be the output of the following code?
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #define MAX_SIZE 5
 void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
   if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
      printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      return;
   stack[++(*top)] = item;
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
   if (*top == -1) {
      printf("Stack Underflow\n");
      return -1;
   return stack[(*top)--];
 }
 int main() {
   int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   int top = -1;
   push(stack, &top, 10);
   push(stack, &top, 20);
   push(stack, &top, 30);
   printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
   printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
   printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
   printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
   return 0;
 }
 Answer
 302010Stack Underflow
 Status: Wrong
```

Marks : 0/1

	st implementation over an element from	of the stack, which of the the top?	following
Answer	2401	2401	2401
	*	·	*
Pop			
Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
7. Elements are	Added on of	the Stack.	
Answer			
Top	609	609	609
Status: Correct	2407010	2407010	Marks : 1/1
		operations on the stack of otal number of elements	
<pre>push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(4); pop(); pop(); push(5);</pre>	240/01609	240707609	240701609
Answer			
1			
Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
9. Which of the f	following operations	allows you to examine t	the top

element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #define MAX_SIZE 5
 int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int ton = -1.
     void display() {
       if (top == -1) {
          printf("Stack is empty\n");
       } else {
          printf("Stack elements: ");
          for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("%d ", stack[i]);
printf("\n");
     void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
          printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       } else {
          stack[++top] = value;
       }
     int main() {
       display();
push(20);
push(20);
       push(10);
       display();
       push(40);
       push(50);
       push(60);
       display();
       return 0;
     }
```

Answer

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
  pop();
  push(2);
  push(3);
  pop();
  push(2);
  pop();
  pop();
  pop();
  push(4);
  pop();
  pop();
  pop();
  pop();
  pop();
  push(5);
```

Answer

Underflow Occurs

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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