

PSYLIQ

PAYTM MALL EPURCHASE DATA ANALYSIS

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GitHub <https://github.com/Yashwanth1207/Paytm-EpurchaseAnalysis>

1. What does the "Category_Grouped" column represent, and how many unique categories are there?

```
6 -- 1. What does the "Category_Grouped" column represent, and how many unique categories are there?
7 • select Category_Grouped, count(Category_Grouped)
8   from paytm
9   group by Category_Grouped;
10
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Category_Grouped	count(Category_Grouped)			
▶	Others	14144			
	Apparels	9513			
	0	14634			
	Shoes	11914			
	Home	641			

2. CAN YOU LIST THE TOP 5 SHIPPING CITIES IN TERMS OF THE NUMBER OF ORDERS?


```
11  -- 2. Can you list the top 5 shipping cities in terms of the number of orders?
12 • select Shipping_city
13   from paytm
14   order by Quantity desc limit 5 ;
15
```


Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
	Shipping_city			
▶	Bangalore			
	Hyderabad			
	New Delhi			
	Jalandhar			
	Tiruppur			

3. Show me a table with all the data for products that belong to the "Electronics" category.

```
16  -- 3. Show me a table with all the data for products that belong to the "Electronics" category.
17 •  select *
18    from paytm
19   where Category = "Electronics" ;
20
```


Result Grid






Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:







	Id	Name	Shipping_city	Category_Grouped	Category	Sub_category	Product_Gender	Segment	Class	Family	Brand	Brick	Item_NM	Color	Size	Sale_Flag	Payment_I
--	----	------	---------------	------------------	----------	--------------	----------------	---------	-------	--------	-------	-------	---------	-------	------	-----------	-----------








4. Filter the data to show only rows with a "Sale_Flag" of 'Yes'.

```
21  -- 4. Filter the data to show only rows with a "Sale_Flag" of 'Yes'.
22  • select *
23  from paytm
24  where Sale_Flag = 'On Sale' ;
25
```

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wrap Cell Content:  Fetch rows: 									
	Id	Name	Shipping_city	Category_Grouped	Category	Sub_category	Product_Gender	Segment	Class
▶	2	AMIT GALPHADE	Ahmedabad	Apparels	Sports Equipment	Sports Apparel	MEN	MENS WEAR	TOPS
	4	MALLIKARJUNA H	Bangalore	Apparels	Sports Equipment	Sports Apparel	MEN	MENS WEAR	TOPS
	10	ASHWIN GIDWANI	Pune	Apparels	Sports Equipment	Sports Apparel	MEN	MENS WEAR	TOPS
	16	Rompelli Gopalk	Salem	Shoes	Men Footwear	Mens Footwear	MEN	MENS FOOTWEAR	NULL
	20	prabhakar reddy	Jhansi	0	WATCHES	WATCHES	MEN	WOMENS ACCESSORIES	WATCHES
	22	RAHUL SINGH PAT	Jabalpur	Others	Bags	Bags	WOMEN	WOMEN	NULL
	23	NAGA KISHORE	Bangalore	Apparels	Sports Equipment	Sports Apparel	MEN	MENS WEAR	TOPS
	24	kamla singh	Lucknow	Shoes	Men Footwear	Mens Footwear	MEN	MENS FOOTWEAR	NULL
	26	ankit patni	Indore	Shoes	Men Footwear	Mens Footwear	MEN	MENS FOOTWEAR	NULL
	27	pc marwah	New Delhi	Shoes	Men Footwear	Mens Footwear	MEN	MENS FOOTWEAR	NULL

5. Sort the data by "Item_Price" in descending order. What is the most expensive item?

```
26  -- 5. Sort the data by "Item_Price" in descending order. What is the most expensive item?
27 • select Item_Price
28    from paytm
29    order by Item_Price DESC LIMIT 1;
30
```

Result Grid		 Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	Export: 	Wrap Cell Content: 	Fetch rows: 
	Item_Price				
▶	13500				

6. APPLY CONDITIONAL FORMATTING TO HIGHLIGHT ALL PRODUCTS WITH A "SPECIAL_PRICE_EFFECTIVE" VALUE BELOW \$50 IN RED.

```
31 -- 6. Apply conditional formatting to highlight all products with a "Special_Price_effective"
32 • select Special_Price_effective
33 from paytm
34 where Special_Price_effective < 50;
35
```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

Special_Price_effective

7.find the total sales value for each category.

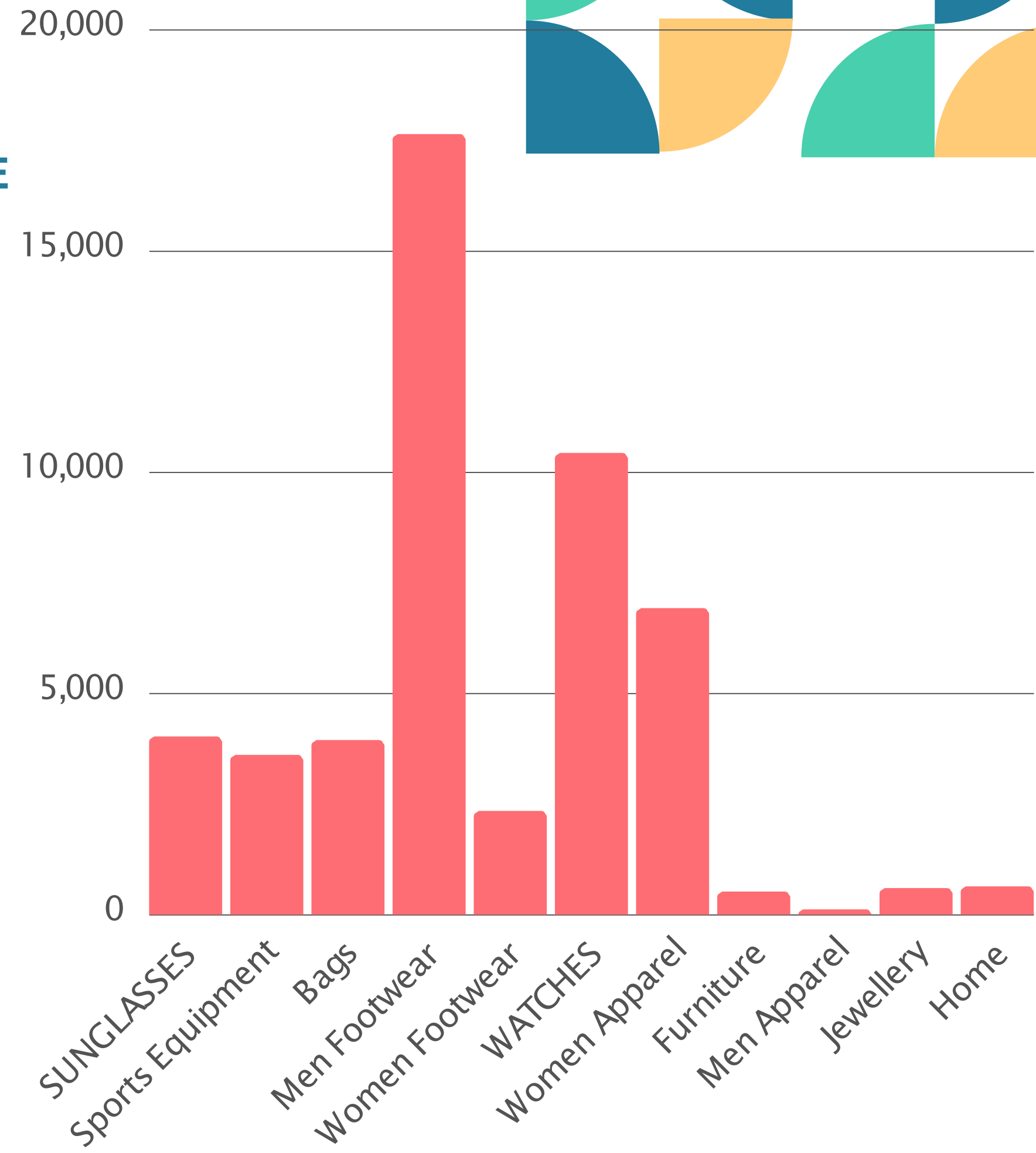
```
37 • select Category, count(Item_Price)
38   from paytm
39   group by Category;
40
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
Category	count(Item_Price)		
SUNGLASSES	4030		
Sports Equipment	3614		
Bags	3949		
Men Footwear	17647		
Women Footwear	2347		
WATCHES	10440		
Women Apparel	6931		
Furniture	524		
Men Apparel	121		
Jewellery	602		
Home	641		

8. CREATE A BAR CHART TO VISUALIZE THE TOTAL SALES FOR EACH CATEGORY.

```
42 • select Category, count(Item_Price)
43   from paytm
44   group by Category;
45
```

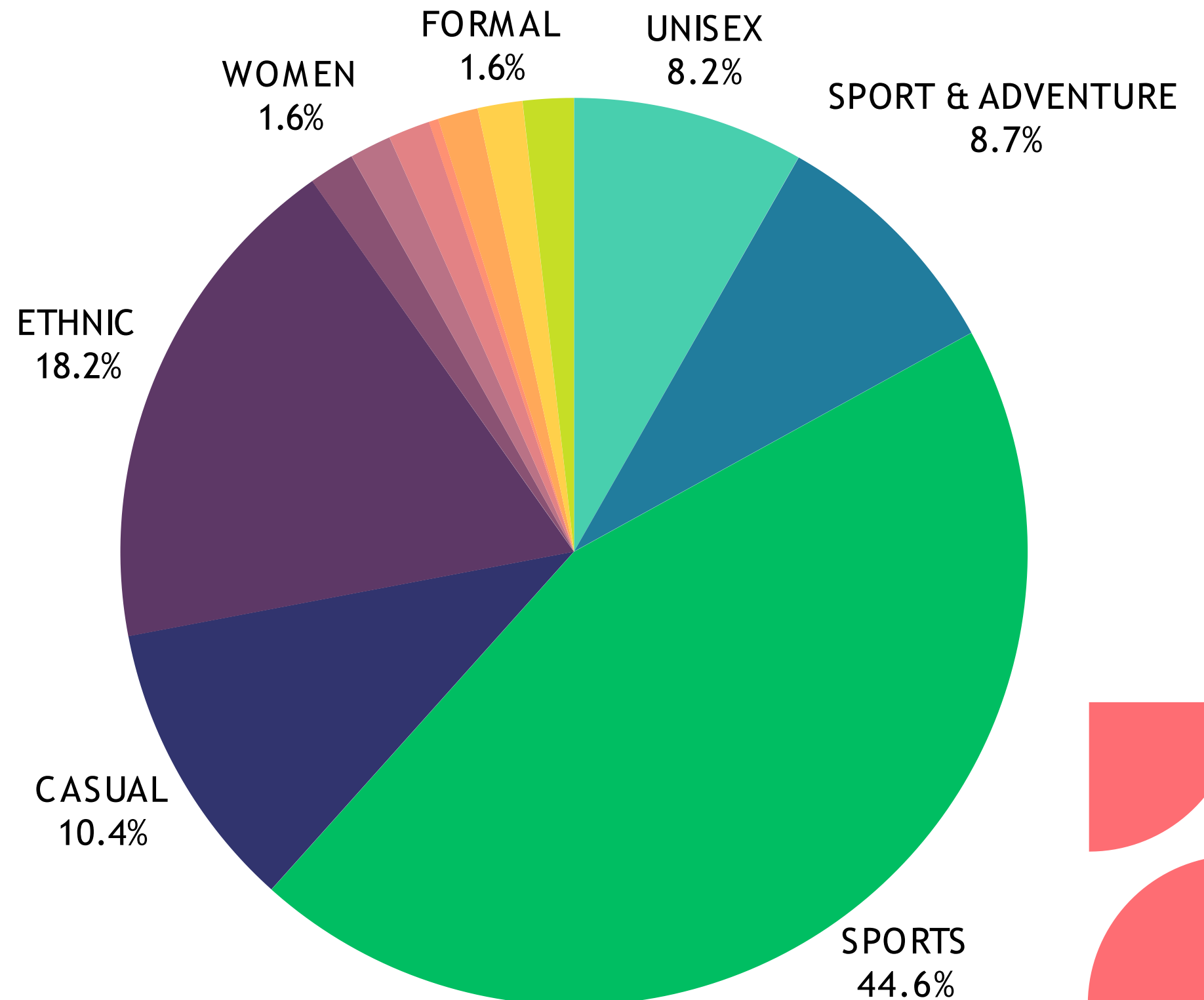
Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
Category	count(Item_Price)		
SUNGLASSES	4030		
Sports Equipment	3614		
Bags	3949		
Men Footwear	17647		
Women Footwear	2347		
WATCHES	10440		
Women Apparel	6931		
Furniture	524		
Men Apparel	121		
Jewellery	602		
Home	641		



9. Create a pie chart to show the distribution of products in the "Family" category.

```
47 • select Family, count(Family) AS count
48 from paytm
49 group by Family;
50
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Family	count			
▶	UNISEX	2912			
	SPORT & ADVENTURE	3087			
	NULL	0			
	SPORTS	15762			
	CASUAL	3670			
	ETHNIC	6426			
	WOMEN	576			
	TABLES	524			
	EQUIPMENTS	527			
	CASUAL WEAR	121			
	ETHNIC WEAR	505			
	FORMAL	562			
	FLOORING	641			



10. Ensure that the "Payment_Method" column only contains valid payment methods

```
51  -- 10. Ensure that the "Payment_Method" column only contains valid payment methods
52 • select Payment_Method, count(Payment_Method) as count
53   from paytm
54   group by Payment_Method;
55
```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	Payment_Method	count
▶	COD	38447
	Prepaid	12399

11. Calculate the average "Quantity" sold for products in the "Clothing" category, grouped by "Product_Gender."

```
56  -- 11. Calculate the average "Quantity"
57 • select Product_Gender, avg(Quantity)
58   from paytm
59   group by Product_Gender;
60
```

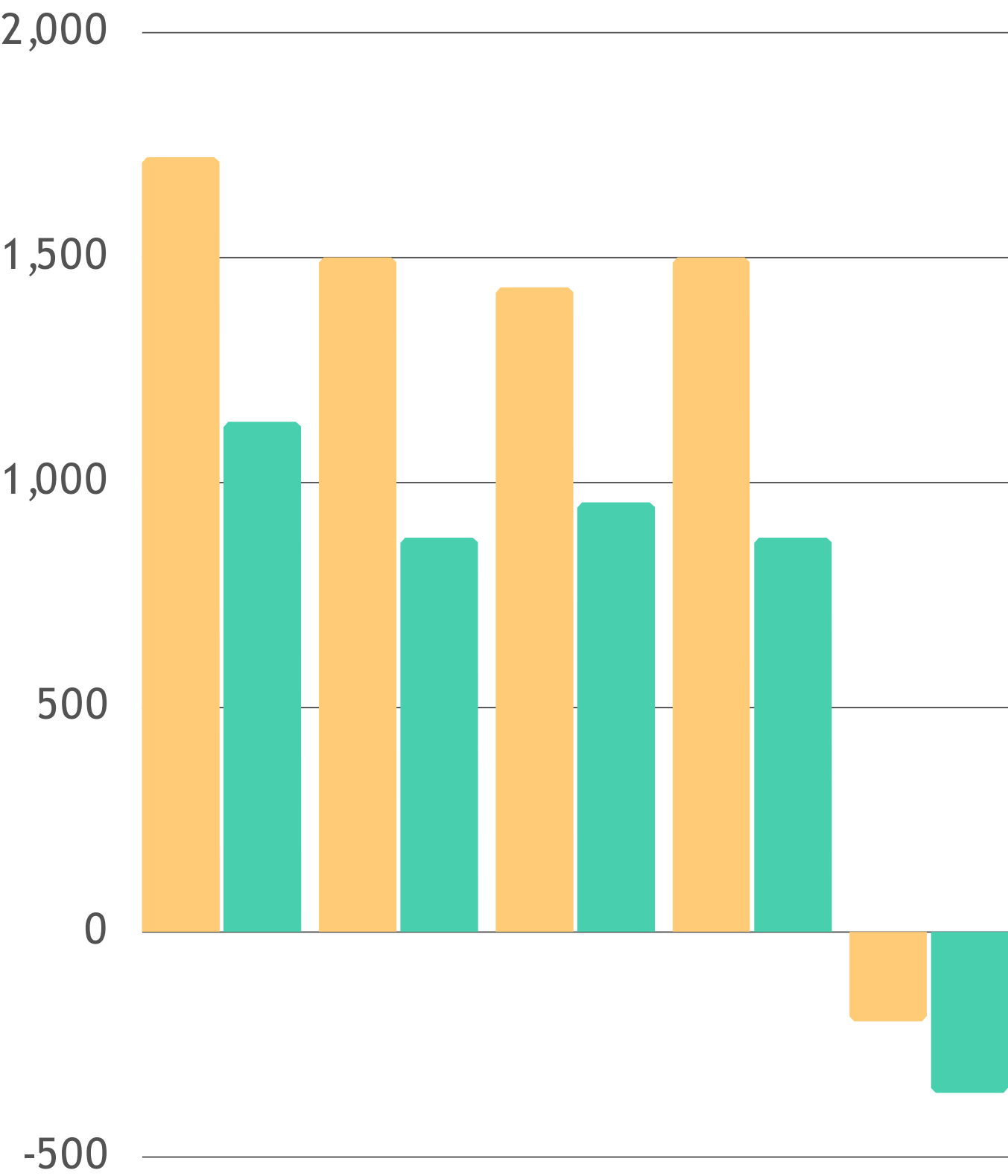
Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	Product_Gender	avg(Quantity)
▶	UNISEX	1.0000
	MEN	1.0002
	WOMEN	1.0018
	NA	1.0000

12. Find the top 5 products with the highest "Value_CM1" and "Value_CM2" ratios. Create a chart to visualize this data.

```
61  -- 12. Find the top 5 products with the highest "Value_CM1" and "Value_CM2" ratios.
62 • select Value_CM1,Value_CM2
63  from paytm
64  order by Value_CM1 and Value_CM2 desc limit 5;
65
```

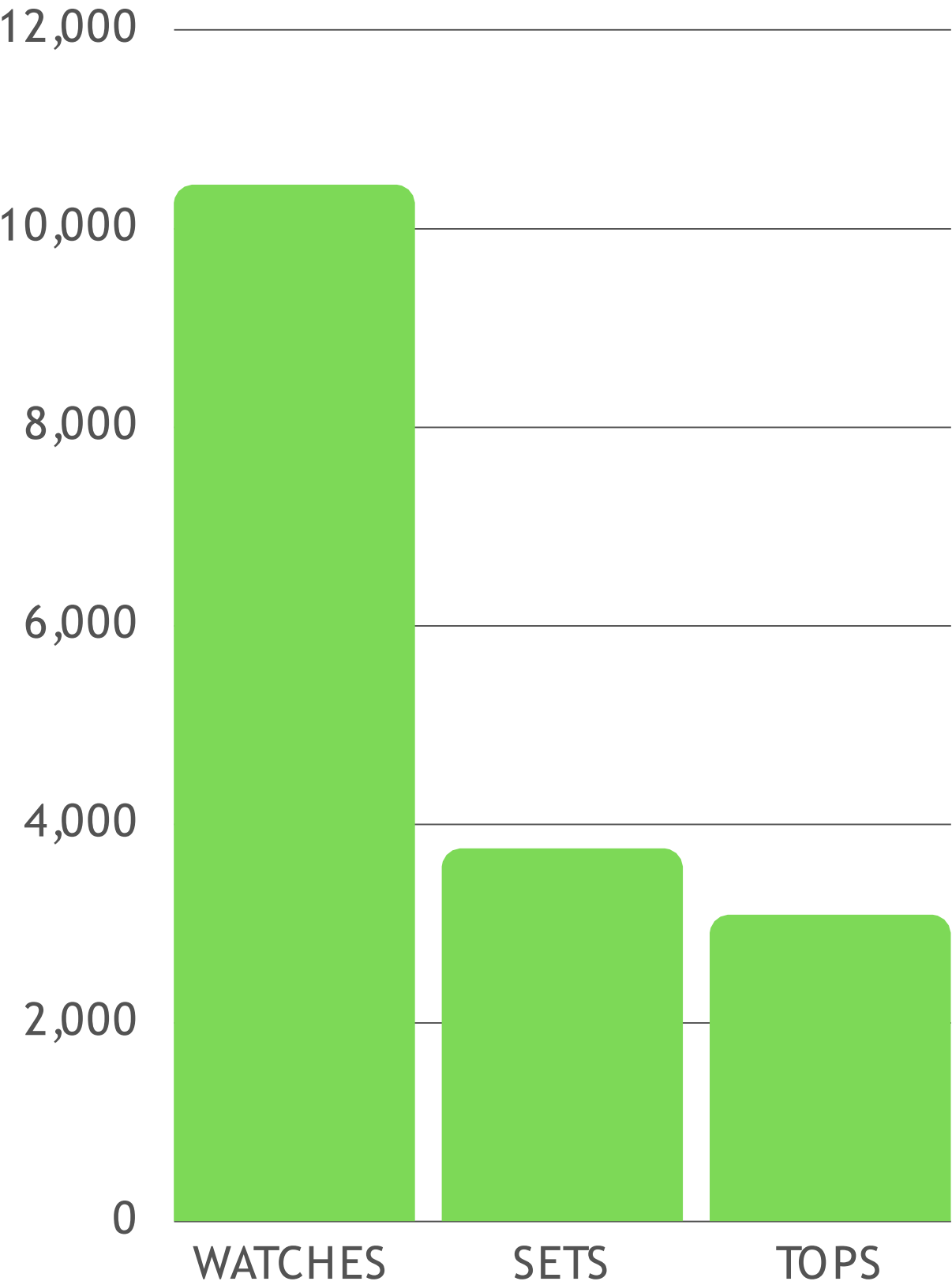
	Value_CM1	Value_CM2
▶	1722.77	1134.77
	1499.87	876.87
	1433.07	955.07
	1499.87	876.87
	-198.99	-357.99



13. Identify the top 3 "Class" categories with the highest total sales. Create a stacked bar chart to represent this data.

```
66 -- 13. Identify the top 3 "Class" categories with the highest total sales.
67 • select Class, COUNT(Item_Price) as count
68 from paytm
69 group by Class
70 order by COUNT(Item_Price) desc
71 limit 4;
72
```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export:		
Wrap Cell Content:		
Fetch rows:		
Class	count	
NULL	29314	
WATCHES	10440	
SETS	3755	
TOPS	3087	



14. retrieve the "Color" of a product with a specific "Item_NM."

```
73  -- 14.retrieve the "Color" of a product with a specific "Item_NM."  
74 • select Color,Item_NM  
75  from paytm;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
Color	Item_NM			
GREY	Rb3025 003/32 Grey Sunglasses			
BLACK	SKINS Navy Blue Tights			
BLACK	Black Soft Strolley			
BLACK	SKINS Navy Blue Tights			
BLACK	Air Visi Pro Iii Nbk Black Basketball Shoes			
BLACK	Reebok Sports Shoes Black			
BROWN	Brown Loafers			
GREY	Free 3.0 Grey Running Shoes			
GREY	Free 3.0 Grey Running Shoes			
BLACK	SKINS Navy Blue Tights			
GREY	Revolution 2 Msl Grey Running Shoes			
WHITE	Air Max Compete Tr White Running Shoes			
TAN	Tan Boots			

15. Calculate the total "coupon_money_effective" and "Coupon_Percentage" for products in the "Electronics" category.

```
77  -- 15. Calculate the total "coupon_money_effective" and "Coupon_Percentage"
78 • select COUNT(coupon_money_effective), COUNT(Coupon_Percentage)
79   from paytm
80   where Category = 'Electronics';
81
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

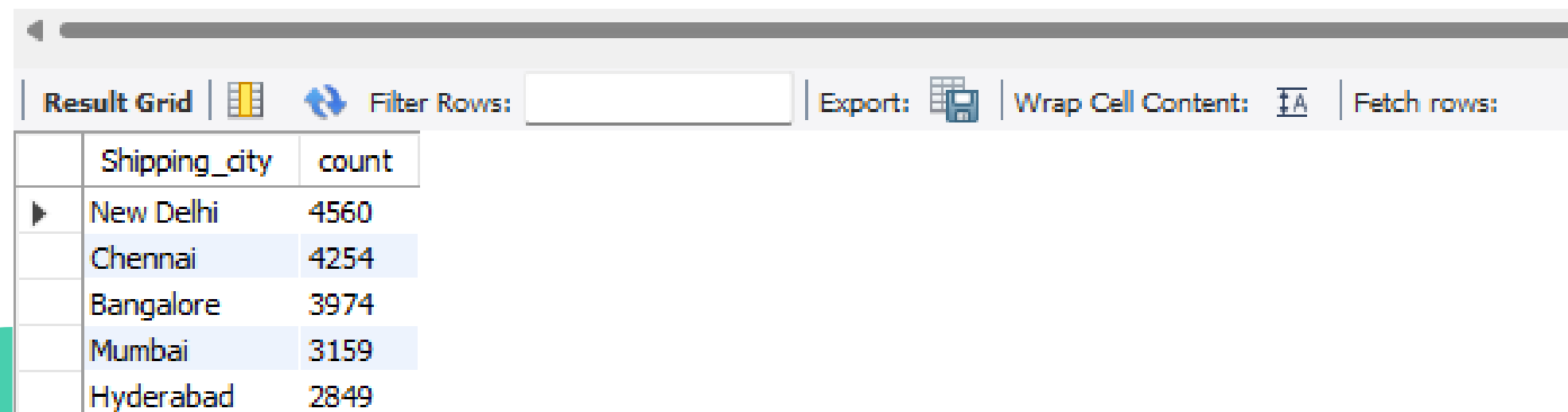
Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	COUNT(coupon_money_effective)	COUNT(Coupon_Percentage)
▶	0	0

16. CALCULATE THE TOP 5 SHIPPING CITIES.

```
82  -- 16. Calculate the top 5 shipping cities.  
83  • SELECT Shipping_city, count(Shipping_city) as count  
84  FROM paytm  
85  group by Shipping_city  
86  order by count desc limit 5;  
87
```



The screenshot shows a database query result interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with options: 'Result Grid' (selected), 'Filter Rows' (with a search input), 'Export' (with a download icon), 'Wrap Cell Content' (with a text icon), and 'Fetch rows'. Below the toolbar is a table with two columns: 'Shipping_city' and 'count'. The table contains five rows of data, representing the top 5 shipping cities by count.

	Shipping_city	count
▶	New Delhi	4560
	Chennai	4254
	Bangalore	3974
	Mumbai	3159
	Hyderabad	2849

17. Calculate the total sales for each "Segment" and the relationship between "Item_Price" and "Quantity" in this data.

```
89  -- 17. Calculate the total sales for each "Segment"
90 • select Segment, count(Item_Price)
91   from paytm
92   group by Segment;
93
94 • select Quantity, count(Item_Price)
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Segment	count(Item_Price)			
▶	SUNGLASSES	3488			
	MENS WEAR	3087			
	UNISEX	2890			
	MENS FOOTWEAR	17647			
	LADIES FOOTWEAR	2347			
	WOMEN	4819			
	WOMENS ACCESSORIES	1513			
	WOMENS WEAR	6931			
	MENS ACCESSORIES	2287			
	MEN	3422			
	LIVING	524			
	OUTDOOR & HIKING	527			
	MENS APPARELS	121			
	WOMENS JEWELLERY	602			
	HOME FURNISHING	641			

```
94 • select Quantity, count(Item_Price)
95   from paytm
96   group by Quantity;
97
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Quantity	count(Item_Price)			
▶	1	50823			
	2	12			
	3	11			

18. Use the AVERAGEIFS function to find the average "Item_Price" for products that have a "Sale_Flag" of 'Yes.'

```
98  -- 18. Use the AVERAGEIFS function to find the average "Item_Price" for products that have a "Sale_Flag" of 'Yes.'  
99 • SELECT AVG(CASE WHEN Sale_Flag = 'On Sale' THEN Item_Price ELSE NULL END) AS AverageItemPrice  
100 FROM paytm;  
101
```

Result Grid	
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	
Export: 	
Wrap Cell Contents: 	
AverageItemPrice	
▶ 5803.2296	

19. Identify products with a "Paid_pr" higher than the average in their respective "Family" and "Brand" groups.

```
102  -- 19. Identify products with a "Paid_pr"  
103 •  select Family,Brand,avg(Paid_pr)  
104      from paytm  
105      group by Family,Brand;  
106
```

	Family	Brand	avg(Paid_pr)
▶	UNISEX	RAY BAN	5029.0800
	SPORT & ADVENTURE	SKINS	4699.3865
	NULL	VIP	4625.4638
	SPORTS	NIKE	4732.6948
	SPORTS	REEBOK	5245.1065
	CASUAL	CLARKS	4454.1825
	CASUAL	WOODLAND	5148.7234
	SPORTS	ADIDAS	4843.8141

20. the total sales for each "Color" within the "Clothing" category and use conditional formatting to highlight the highest sales.

```
108 •  select Color, count(Item_Price)  
109      from paytm  
110      group by Color;  
111
```

	Color	count(Item_Price)
▶	GREY	5433
	BLACK	18014
	BROWN	2840
	WHITE	4836
	TAN	828
	PINK	632
	YELLOW	792
	SILVER	2842
	NAVY BLUE	3257
	COFFEE	733
	GREEN	2179
	RED	1179
	BLUE	3294
	BEIGE	121
	GOLDEN	602
	MULTI	1673
	GOLD	1591