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NCERT-2

EE22BTECH11016 - Ch. Yashwanth

Question 12.13.6.11 In a game, a man wins a rupee for a six and loses a rupee for any other number when a fair die is thrown. The man decided to throw a die thrice but to quit as and when he gets a six. Find the expected value of the amount he wins / loses.

Solution: In this game, a man wins 1 rupee if he gets a six when throwing a fair six-sided die, and loses 1 rupee for any other number. The man has decided to throw the die thrice but to quit as soon as he gets a six. We want to find the expected value of the amount he wins or loses.

Let's analyze the possibilities:

- 1) He gets a six on the first throw: In this case, he wins 1 rupee.
- 2) He doesn't get a six on the first throw but gets a six on the second throw: He neither wins nor loses any money. So overall amount is zero
- 3) He doesn't get a six on the first two throws but gets a six on the third throw: He loses 2 rupees from the first two throws but wins 1 rupee on the third throw, resulting in a net loss of 1 rupee.
- 4) He doesn't get a six in three throws: He loses 3 rupees.

Now, let's calculate the probabilities of these outcomes:

Probability of getting a six on the first throw = $\frac{1}{6}$

Probability of not getting a six on the first throw and getting a six on the second

throw =
$$\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{5}{36}$$

Probability of not getting a six on the first two throws and getting a six on the third

throw =
$$\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) \times \left(\frac{5}{6}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{25}{216}$$

Probability of not getting a six in three

throws =
$$\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^3 = \frac{125}{216}$$

Now, let's calculate the expected value:

Expected value =
$$\left(1 \times \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(0 \times \frac{5}{36}\right) + \left(-1 \times \frac{25}{216}\right)$$

 $+ \left(-3 \times \frac{125}{216}\right)$
 $= \frac{1}{6} - 0 + \left(-\frac{25}{216}\right) - \frac{375}{216}$
 $= \frac{36}{216} - 0 + \left(-\frac{25}{216}\right) - \frac{375}{216}$
 $= \frac{36 - 0 - 25 - 375}{216}$
 $= -\frac{364}{216}$
 ≈ -1.685

So, the corrected expected value of the amount the man wins or loses is approximately -1.685 rupees. This means that on average, he can expect to lose about 1.685 rupees per game in the long run.