MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHOPAL DEPARTMENT OF CSE

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Section: CSE 2

3rd SEM BTech

Subject: Principles of Programming Languages Lab - CSE 219

Lab Assignment 2

Question 1: WAP to create, initialize, assign and access a pointer variable.

```
main.cpp
   1 #include <iostream>
      using namespace std;
   5 int main() {
          int a = 10;
          int *ptr; //create or declaration
          ptr = &a; //initialisation
          //accessing address at pointer
         cout<<"The address stored at pointer: "<<ptr;</pre>
         //accessing address OF pointer
  11
          cout<<"\nThe address of the pointer variable: "<<&ptr;</pre>
  12
         //accessing value at the address
  13
          cout<<"\nThe value at the address stored in the pointer: "<<*ptr;</pre>
          return 0;
  16 }
The address stored at pointer: 0x7ffed5596b64
The address of the pointer variable: 0x7ffed5596b68
The value at the address stored in the pointer: 10
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Question 2: WAP to swap two numbers using pointers.

```
main.cpp
   1 #include <iostream>
   3 using namespace std;
   5 int main() {
   6 int a = 10;
         int b = 20;
        int *p = &a;
       int *q = &b;
cout<<"Before swap:\ta = "<<a<<", b = "<<b;</pre>
  10
       *p ^= *q ^= *p ^= *q;
  11
  12
        cout<<"\nAfter swap:\ta = "<<a<<", b = "<<b;</pre>
  13 }
Before swap: a = 10, b = 20
After swap: a = 20, b = 10
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Question 3: WAP to count all vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer.

```
main.cpp
   4 using namespace std;
   6 int main() {
        string s;
        cout<<"Enter the string to count vowels and consonants: ";</pre>
         getline(cin,s);
       char p;
       p = \&s[0];
        int v=0,c=0;
  13 while(*p!='\0'){
          if((*p>='a' && *p<='z') || (*p>='A' && *p<='Z'))
             int isLowerVowel = (*p=='a' || *p=='e' || *p=='i' || *p=='o' || *p=='u');
int isUpperVowel = (*p=='A' || *p=='E' || *p=='I' || *p=='O' || *p=='U');
             if (isLowerVowel || isUpperVowel)
              C++;
         p++;
         cout<<"The string contains:\n";</pre>
         cout<<v<<" vowels and "<<c<<" consonants.";</pre>
  27 }
 V 2 3
                                                                                              input
Enter the string to count vowels and consonants: binod binod binod binod
The string contains:
8 vowels and 12 consonants.
... Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Question 4: WAP to read array elements and print with addresses.

```
main.cpp
   2 using namespace std;
   4 int main()
   5 × {
       int size, *ptr;
      cout<<"Enter size of array: ";</pre>
       cin>>size;
       int arr[size];
      ptr = arr;
       cout << "Enter The Elements Of An array: ";</pre>
  11
  12
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
  13
         cin>>arr[i];
      cout<<"Printing elements and their addresses using pointers:\n";</pre>
  16 for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        cout<<"Address of element "<<*ptr<<" is "<<ptr++<<endl;</pre>
  18 }
< 2 3
Enter size of array: 5
Enter The Elements Of An array: 5 2 4 10 7
Printing elements and their addresses using pointers:
Address of element 5 is 0x7ffef1392810
Address of element 2 is 0x7ffef1392814
Address of element 4 is 0x7ffef1392818
Address of element 10 is 0x7ffef139281c
Address of element 7 is 0x7ffef1392820
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

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Lab Assignment 3

Question 1: WAP to sort an array using pointer.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int *ptr,n;
    cout<<"Enter size of array: ";</pre>
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"Enter elements of the array: ";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        cin>>*(ptr+i);
    for(int i=n-1;i>0;i--)
         for(int j=i-1;j>=0;j--)
             if((*(ptr+i))<(*(ptr+j))){</pre>
                 int temp=*(ptr+i);
                 *(ptr+i)=*(ptr+j);
                 *(ptr+j)=temp;
             }
    cout<<"After sorting in ascending order: ";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        cout<<*ptr++<<" ";
    return 0;
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 23.455 sec(s)

Enter size of array: 10
Enter elements of the array: 2 5 9 0 7 8 1 6 3 4
After sorting in ascending order: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

Question 2: WAP to print a string in reverse using a pointer.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void reverse(char *p){
   if(*p=='\0') return;
   reverse(p+1);
   cout<<*p;
}

int main() {
   string s;
   cout<<"Enter the string: ";
   getline(cin,s);

   cout<<"In reverse order: ";
   char *p = &s[0];
   reverse(p);
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 17.91 sec(s)

Enter the string: Binod BINOD b i n o d binooooddd DONIB
In reverse order: BINOD dddoooonib d o n i b DONIB doniB
```

Question 3: WAP to compute the sum of all elements in an array using pointers.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
   int *ptr,n;
   cout<<"Enter size of array: ";
   cin>>n;
   cout<<"Enter elements of the array: ";
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        cin>>*(ptr+i);

   for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
        *ptr+=*(ptr+i);

   cout<<"Sum of all elements: "<<*ptr;
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 8.955 sec(s)

Enter size of array: 5
Enter elements of the array: 1 2 3 4 5
Sum of all elements: 15
```

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHOPAL

DEPARTMENT OF CSE

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Section: CSE 2

3rd SEM BTech

Subject: Principles of Programming Languages Lab - CSE 219

Lab Assignment 2

Question 1: WAP to use static, local, global variable in different functions and call that functions twice, then analyze the results and print final value of each variable.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int global x=10; //global variable
static int static x=20;//static variable
void func1(){
  global_x++;
 cout<<"Value of global x in func1 is "<<global x<<endl;</pre>
void func2(){
  static x++;
  cout<<"Value of static_x in func2 is "<<static_x<<endl;</pre>
}
void func3(){
  int local x=30;
  cout<<"Value of local_x in func3 is "<<local_x<<endl;</pre>
}
int main(){
  int local_x=0;//local variable
  cout<<"Before Calling any functions values are :"<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Local: "<<local_x<<"\tGlobal: "<<global_x<<"\tStatic: "<<static_x<<endl;</pre>
```

```
cout<<"\nCalling the functions first time::"<<endl;
//calling functions once
func1();
func2();
func3();

cout<<"\nAfter Calling the functions Once: "<<endl;
cout<<"Local: "<<local_x<<"\tGlobal: "<<global_x<<"\tStatic: "<<static_x<<endl;
//calling functions again
func1();
func2();
func3();

cout<<"\nAfter Calling the functions again: "<<endl;
cout<<"\capacital NAfter Calling the functions again: "<<endl;
cout<<\capacital NAfter Calling the
```

```
Result
CPU Time: 0.00 sec(s), Memory: 3292 kilobyte(s)
                                                  compiled and executed in 1.402 sec(s)
   Before Calling any functions values are :
   Local: 0
               Global: 10 Static: 20
  Calling the functions first time::
   Value of global_x in func1 is 11
   Value of static_x in func2 is 21
   Value of local_x in func3 is 30
   After Calling the functions Once:
   Local: 0
               Global: 11 Static: 21
   Calling the functions second time::
   Value of global_x in func1 is 12
   Value of static_x in func2 is 22
   Value of local_x in func3 is 30
  After Calling the functions again:
   Local: 0
               Global: 12 Static: 22
```

Question 2: WAP to define global variable which is accessed by main () and two other functions and then print the values of global variable in each function call.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int global_x=10; //global variable
void func1(){
  global_x++;
  cout<<"Value of global_x in func1 is "<<global_x<<endl;</pre>
}
void func2(){
  global_x++;
  cout<<"Value of global_x in func2 is "<<global_x<<endl;</pre>
}
int main(){
  cout<<"Before Calling any functions value of global variable is: "<<global_x<<e>
ndl;
  cout<<"\nCalling the functions first time::"<<endl;</pre>
  //calling functions once
  func1();
  func2();
  cout<<"\nAfter Calling the functions Once: "<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Global: "<<global_x<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"\nCalling the functions second time::"<<endl;</pre>
  //calling functions again
  func1();
  func2();
 cout<<"\nAfter Calling the functions again: "<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<"Global: "<<global_x<<endl;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
CPU Time: 0.00 sec(s), Memory: 3396 kilobyte(s)

Before Calling any functions value of global variable is: 10

Calling the functions first time::
Value of global_x in func1 is 11
Value of global_x in func2 is 12

After Calling the functions Once:
Global: 12

Calling the functions second time::
Value of global_x in func1 is 13
Value of global_x in func2 is 14

After Calling the functions again:
Global: 14
```

Question 3: WAP to compute the sum of all elements in a Z-matrix using pointers.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter size of matrix: ";</pre>
    cin>>n;
    int a[n][n],sum=0;
    cout<<"Enter elements of the matrix in row major: \n";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
      for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
        cin>>a[i][j];
    //top row and bottom row sum
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        sum+=a[0][i]+a[n-1][i]+a[i][n-1-i];
    //subtracting the double counted elements at corners of the diagonal
    sum-=(a[0][n-1]+a[n-1][0]);
    cout<<"\nSum of Z matrix: "<<sum;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 23.526 sec(s)

Enter size of matrix: 4
Enter elements of the matrix in row major:
1 2 3 4
5 6 7 8
9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16

Sum of Z matrix: 85
```

Question 4: WAP to calculate the factorial of n using recursion.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

long long fact(long long n){
   if(n<=2) return n;
   return n*fact(n-1);
}

int main() {
   long long n;
   cout<<"Enter n for factorial: ";
   cin>>n;
   cout<<"\n"<<n<<" factorial is equal to "<<fact(n);
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 14.424 sec(s)

Enter n for factorial: 10

10 factorial is equal to 3628800
```

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Lab Assignment

Question 1: WAP to delete all vowels from the string using call by value.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

string replaceVowels(string s){
    regex reg("[aeiouAEIOU]");
    return regex_replace(s,reg,"");
}

int main() {
    string s1,s2;
    cout<<"Enter the String: ";

    getline(cin,s1);
    s2 = replaceVowels(s1);

    cout<<"\nOriginal String: "<<s1<<endl;

    cout<<"\nNew string with removed vowels: "<<s2;
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 19.444 sec(s)

Enter the String: BINOD binod b i n o d binooodddd

Original String: BINOD binod b i n o d binooodddd

New string with removed vowels: BND bnd b n d bndddd
```

Question 2: WAP to increment the alphabets of a string by one alphabet using call by reference.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void nextAlpha(char *ptr){
    while(*ptr!='\0'){
        if(isalpha(*ptr))
            if(*ptr == 'z')
                               *ptr = 'a';
            else if(*ptr =='Z') *ptr = 'A';
                                *ptr +=1;
            else
        ptr++;
    }
}
int main() {
    string s;
    cout<<"Enter the String: ";</pre>
    getline(cin,s);
    nextAlpha(&s[0]);
    cout<<"\nThe string with incremented alphabets: "<<s;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 25.891 sec(s)

Enter the String: abcsz @%1.; ABZDJA

The string with incremented alphabets: bcdta @%1.; BCAEKB
```

Question 3: WAP to check string 1 is a substring of string 2 or not.

Problem Code:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int isSubstr(string s, string sub)
    Inti,j,l1 = s.length();
    int 12 = sub.length();
    for (i = 0; i <= 11 - 12; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < 12; j++)
             if (s[i + j] != sub[j])
                 break;
        if (j == 12)
            return i;
    return -1;
}
int main()
{
    string s, sub;
    cout<<"Enter string: ";</pre>
    getline(cin,s);
    cout<<"Enter the string to search: ";</pre>
    getline(cin, sub);
    int index = isSubstr(s, sub);
    if (index == -1)     cout << "\nThere is no such substring in the string";</pre>
    else
                         cout << "\nThe substring is at index: " << index;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 40.046 sec(s)

Enter string: AABAABBCABCAABBCCBA
Enter the string to search: CABCA

The substring is at index: 7
```

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHOPAL DEPARTMENT OF CSE

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Lab Assignment

Question 1: WAP to calculate the volume of cube, sphere and cone using function overloading.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
#define _USE_MATH_DEFINES
float volume(float r){
    return 4*M PI*r*r*r/3;
float volume(float r, float h){
    return M_PI*r*r*h/3;
float volume(float a, float b, float c){
    return a*b*c;
}
int main() {
    cout.precision(10);
    float x,y,z;
    cout<<"Enter the radius for sphere: ";</pre>
    cin>>x;
    cout<<"The volume of sphere with radius "<<x<<" is "<<volume(x)<<endl;</pre>
```

```
cout<<"\nEnter the radius and height for cube: ";
    cin>>x>>y;
    cout<<"The volume of cube with radius "<<x<<" and height "<<y<" is "<<volume
(x,y)<<endl;

cout<<"\nEnter the length, breadth and height for cuboid: ";
    cin>>x>>y>>z;
    cout<<"The volume of cuboid with length "<<x<<", breadth "<<y<<" and height "
<<z<<" is "<<volume(x,y,z)<<endl;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter the radius for sphere: 4
The volume of sphere with radius 4 is 268.0825806

Enter the radius and height for cube: 3 5
The volume of cube with radius 3 and height 5 is 47.12388992

Enter the length, breadth and height for cuboid: 6 4 7
The volume of cuboid with length 6, breadth 4 and height 7 is 168
```

Question 2: WAP to compute the area of circle, use a default value of pi as 3.141 in case pi is omitted in the function call.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;

#define _USE_MATH_DEFINES

float area(float r, float pi=3.141){
    return 2*pi*r*r;
}

int main() {
    cout.precision(10);
    float r;
    cout<<"Enter the radius: ";
    cin>>r;
    cout<<"The area of circle with default value of pi as 3.141: "<<area(r)<<endl;
    cout<<"The area of circle with custom value of pi as "<<M_PI<<": "<<area(r,M_PI);
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 3.007 sec(s)

Enter the radius: 4
The area of circle with default value of pi as 3.141: 100.512001
The area of circle with custom value of pi as 3.141592654: 100.5309677
```

Question 3: WAP to sort the alphabets of given string using call by reference.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void sort(string &s){
    int i,j;
    char temp;
    for(i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){</pre>
        temp = s[i];
        j=i-1;
        while(j \ge 0 \& s[j] > temp){
             s[j+1] = s[j];
             j--;
        s[j+1] = temp;
    }
}
int main() {
    string str;
    cout<<"Enter the string: ";</pre>
    cin>>str;
    sort(str);
    cout<<"\nAfter sorting the alphabets: "<<str;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 11.485 sec(s)

Enter the string: dsfkjhgdfqiouwvxca

After sorting the alphabets: acddffghijkoqsuvwx
```

Question 4: WAP to calculate HCF(M,N) where M>N using "Euclid's division method" using recursion.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int hcf(int m, int n){
    if(m==0)         return n;
    return hcf(n%m,m);
}

int main() {
    cout<<"Enter the numbers: ";
    int m,n;
    cin>>m>n;
    cout<<"\nHCF("<<m<<", "<<n<<") is "<<hcf(m,n);
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 4.993 sec(s)

Enter the numbers: 24 18

HCF(24, 18) is 6
```

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHOPAL DEPARTMENT OF CSE

Name: Yashwant Patidar

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Section: CSE 2

3rd SEM BTech

Subject: Principles of Programming Languages Lab - CSE 219

Lab Assignment

Question 1: WAP to insert 10 elements in a linked list.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next = NULL;
};
struct Node* input(){
    struct Node *header = new Node;
    cout<<"ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: ";</pre>
    cin>>header->data;
    struct Node *ptr = header;
    for(int i=0;i<9;i++){</pre>
        ptr->next = new Node;
        ptr = ptr->next;
        cin>>ptr->data;
    return header;
}
void display(struct Node *ptr){
    if(ptr){
        cout<<ptr->data<<" --> ";
```

```
Result compiled and executed in 17.019 sec(s)

ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: 25 14 85 74 02 30 16 96 25 47
The linked list entered is as follows:
25 --> 14 --> 85 --> 74 --> 2 --> 30 --> 16 --> 96 --> 25 --> 47 --> NULL
```

Question 2: WAP to add a node to ((n/2)+2)th position in an existing linked list.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next = NULL;
};
struct Node* input(){
    struct Node *header = new Node;
    cout<<"ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: ";</pre>
    cin>>header->data;
    struct Node *ptr = header;
    for(int i=0;i<9;i++){</pre>
        ptr->next = new Node;
        ptr = ptr->next;
        cin>>ptr->data;
    return header;
}
void insert(struct Node *ptr, int data){
    struct Node *q, *New = new Node;
    int i=1, n=10;
    for(; i < (n / 2 + 2) - 1; i++)
        ptr = ptr->next;
    q = ptr->next;
    ptr->next = New;
    New->data = data;
    New->next = q;
}
void display(struct Node *ptr){
    if(ptr){
        cout<<ptr->data<<" --> ";
        display(ptr->next);
    } else
        cout<<"NULL";</pre>
}
int main() {
    int data;
```

```
struct Node *header;
header = input();
cout<<"\nEnter the data to insert at ((n/2)+2)th position: (for n = 10): ";
cin>>data;
insert(header, data);
cout<<"\nThe linked list is as follows:\n";
display(header);
}</pre>
```

```
Result compiled and executed in 18.503 sec(s)

ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

Enter the data to insert at ((n/2)+2)th position: (for n = 10): 4

The linked list is as follows:

10 --> 20 --> 30 --> 40 --> 50 --> 6 --> 4 --> 700 --> 80 --> 90 --> 100 --> NULL
```

Question 3: WAP to remove a node 3rd to the last from an existing linked list.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next = NULL;
};
struct Node* input(){
    struct Node *header = new Node;
    cout<<"ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: ";</pre>
    cin>>header->data;
    struct Node *ptr = header;
    for(int i=0;i<9;i++){</pre>
        ptr->next = new Node;
        ptr = ptr->next;
        cin>>ptr->data;
    return header;
}
int remove3rdLast(struct Node *ptr){
    struct Node *q = ptr;
    ptr = ptr->next->next->next;
    if(ptr == NULL){
        cout<<"No such element.";</pre>
        return -1;
    while(ptr){
        ptr = ptr->next;
        q = q-next;
    ptr = q->next;
    q->next = ptr->next;
    int data = ptr->data;
    free(ptr);
    return data;
}
void display(struct Node *ptr){
    if(ptr){
        cout<<ptr->data<<" --> ";
```

```
display(ptr->next);
    } else
         cout<<"NULL";</pre>
}
int main() {
    int data;
    struct Node *header;
    header = input();
    cout<<"\nThe linked list is as follows:\n";</pre>
    display(header);
    cout<<"\nRemoving the 3rd to last node: ";</pre>
    data = remove3rdLast(header);
    cout<<data<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"\nThe linked list is now as follows:\n";</pre>
    display(header);
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 10.566 sec(s)

ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

The linked list is as follows:
10 --> 20 --> 30 --> 40 --> 50 --> 60 --> 70 --> 80 --> 90 --> 100 --> NULL
Removing the 3rd to last node: 80

The linked list is now as follows:
10 --> 20 --> 30 --> 40 --> 50 --> 60 --> 70 --> 90 --> NULL
```

Question 4: WAP to detect duplicate node(s) if exists in a linked list.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next = NULL;
};
struct Node* input(){
    struct Node *header = new Node;
    cout<<"ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: ";</pre>
    cin>>header->data;
    struct Node *ptr = header;
    for(int i=0;i<9;i++){</pre>
        ptr->next = new Node;
        ptr = ptr->next;
        cin>>ptr->data;
    return header;
}
void detectDuplicates(struct Node *ptr){
    int i =1,j, flag=0;
    struct Node *q;
    for(; ptr; i++ ){
        for(j=i+1, q=ptr->next; q; j++ ){
            if(ptr->data == q->data){
                 cout<<"The node at position "<<j<<" is a duplicate with respect t</pre>
o node at position "<<i<<endl;</pre>
                 flag = 1;
            }
            q = q->next;
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
    if(!flag)
        cout<<"No duplicates found."<<endl;</pre>
}
```

```
void display(struct Node *ptr){
    if(ptr){
        cout<<ptr->data<<" --> ";
        display(ptr->next);
    } else
        cout<<"NULL";</pre>
}
int main() {
    int data;
    struct Node *header;
    header = input();
    cout<<"\nThe linked list is as follows:\n";</pre>
    display(header);
    cout<<"\n\nDetecting duplicates in the list..."<<endl;</pre>
    detectDuplicates(header);
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 10.648 sec(s)

ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: 10 20 20 30 40 50 60 70 10 90

The linked list is as follows:
10 --> 20 --> 30 --> 40 --> 50 --> 60 --> 70 --> 10 --> 90 --> NULL

Detecting duplicates in the list...
The node at position 9 is a duplicate with respect to node at position 1
The node at position 3 is a duplicate with respect to node at position 2
```

Question 5: WAP to sort the linked list after implementation of question 2.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next = NULL;
};
struct Node* input(){
    struct Node *header = new Node;
    cout<<"ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: ";</pre>
    cin>>header->data;
    struct Node *ptr = header;
    for(int i=0;i<9;i++){</pre>
        ptr->next = new Node;
        ptr = ptr->next;
        cin>>ptr->data;
    return header;
}
void insert(struct Node *ptr, int data){
    struct Node *q, *New = new Node;
    int i=1, n=10;
    for(; i < (n / 2 + 2) - 1; i++)
        ptr = ptr->next;
    q = ptr->next;
    ptr->next = New;
    New->data = data;
    New->next = q;
}
void sort(struct Node *ptr){
    struct Node *q;
    while(ptr){
        q = ptr->next;
        while(q){
            if(ptr->data > q->data){
                int temp = q->data;
                q->data = ptr->data;
                ptr->data = temp;
            }
```

```
q = q->next;
        }
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
void display(struct Node *ptr){
    if(ptr){
        cout<<ptr->data<<" --> ";
        display(ptr->next);
    } else
        cout<<"NULL";</pre>
}
int main() {
    int data;
    struct Node *header;
    header = input();
    cout<<"\nEnter the data to insert at ((n/2)+2)th position: (for n = 10): ";
    cin>>data;
    insert(header, data);
    cout<<"\nThe linked list is as follows:\n";</pre>
    display(header);
    cout<<"\n\nSorting the linked list...."<<endl;</pre>
    sort(header);
    cout<<"\nThe linked list is now as follows: "<<endl;</pre>
    display(header);
}
```

```
Result compiled and executed in 22.449 sec(s)

ENter 10 elements to insert in the linked list: 25 14 10 64 97 25 10 64 97 24

Enter the data to insert at ((n/2)+2)th position: (for n = 10): 44

The linked list is as follows: 25 --> 14 --> 10 --> 64 --> 97 --> 25 --> 44 --> 10 --> 64 --> 97 --> 24 --> NULL

Sorting the linked list...

The linked list is now as follows: 10 --> 10 --> 14 --> 24 --> 25 --> 25 --> 44 --> 64 --> 64 --> 97 --> 97 --> NULL
```

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHOPAL

DEPARTMENT OF CSE

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Section: CSE 2

3rd SEM BTech

Subject: Principles of Programming Languages Lab - CSE 219

Lab Assignment

Question 1: WAP to print the total surface area and volume of a cylinder by creating a class named "cylinder" with a function to print the area and volume.

Program code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
#define _USE_MATH_DEFINES
class Cylinder{
    float r;
    float h;
    public:
    Cylinder(float radius, float height){
        r = radius;
        h = height;
    float surfaceArea(){
        return 2*M_PI*r*(r+h);
    float volume(){
        return M_PI*r*r*h;
    }
};
int main() {
    float r,h;
```

```
cout<<"Enter radius and height of cylinder (in mm): ";
cin>>r>>h;
Cylinder c(r,h);
cout<<"Total Surface Area: "<<c.surfaceArea()<<" sq. mm"<<endl;
cout<<"Volume :"<<c.volume()<<" sq. mm";
}</pre>
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 10.1 sec(s)

Enter radius and height of cylinder (in mm): 0.5 2
Total Surface Area: 7.85398 sq. mm

Volume :1.5708 sq. mm
```

Question 2: WAP to print the volume of cones and cuboids by creating a class named "volume". Height, radius and sides are passed as parameter to its constructor.

Program Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
#define _USE_MATH_DEFINES
class Volume{
    float r,h;
    float a,b,c;
    public:
    Volume(float radius, float height){
        r = radius;
        h = height;
    Volume(float x,float y, float z){
        a=x;
        b=y;
        c=z;
    }
    float cone(){
        return M_PI*r*r*h/3;
    }
    float cuboid(){
        return a*b*c;
    }
};
int main() {
    float a,b,c,r,h;
    cout<<"Enter radius and height of cone: ";</pre>
    cin>>r>>h;
    cout<<"Enter sides of cuboid: ";</pre>
    cin>>a>>b>>c;
    Volume Cone(r,h);
    Volume Cuboid(a,b,c);
    cout<<"\nVolume of Cone is "<<Cone.cone()<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"Volume of Cuboid is "<<Cuboid.cuboid();</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 15.537 sec(s)

Enter radius and height of cone: 0.5 2
Enter sides of cuboid: 3 5 .2

Volume of Cone is 0.523599
Volume of Cuboid is 3
```

Question 3: WAP by creating an 'Employee' class having the following functions and print final salary: 1-'AddInfo()' which takes the salary, number of hours of work per day of employees as parameters. 2 – 'AddSal()' which adds \$10 to the salary of the employee if it is less than \$500. 3 – 'AddWork()' which adds \$5 to the salary of the employee if the number of hours of work per day is more than 6 hours.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Employee{
    public:
    float sal;
    int hours;
    void AddInfo(float salary, int h){
        sal = salary;
        hours = h;
    void AddSal(){
        if(sal < 500) sal+=10;</pre>
    void AddWork(){
        if(hours > 6) sal+=5;
    }
};
int main() {
    float sal;
    int h;
    cout<<"Enter Salary of employee: ";</pre>
    cin>>sal;
    cout<<"Enter no. of hours of work per day: ";</pre>
    cin>>h;
    Employee E;
    E.AddInfo(sal,h);
    E.AddSal();
    E.AddWork();
    cout<<"\nFinal Salary of Employee: "<<E.sal;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 5.977 sec(s)

Enter Salary of employee: 450
Enter no. of hours of work per day: 7

Final Salary of Employee: 465
```

Question 4: WAP to print the roll number and average marks of 5 students in three subjects (each out of 100). The marks are entered by the user and the roll numbers are automatically assigned.

Problem Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Student{
public:
    int roll;
    int s1,s2,s3;
    float average;
    Student() {} //dummy constructor
    //parameterized constructor
    Student(int r,int sub1, int sub2, int sub3){
        roll=r;
        s1=sub1;
        s2=sub2;
        s3=sub3;
        average = (float)(s1+s2+s3)/3;
};
int main() {
    int s1,s2,s3;
    Student* S = new Student[5];
    cout<<"Enter marks of students: "<<endl;</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<=5;i++){</pre>
        cout<<"\nRoll Number. "<<i<<"\nEnter marks of student: "<<endl;</pre>
        cin>>s1>>s2>>s3;
        S[i-1] = Student(i,s1,s2,s3);
    }
    cout<<"\n\nAverage marks:"<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"Roll No.\tAverage"<<endl;</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++){</pre>
        cout<<"\t"<<S[i].roll<<"\t\t"<<S[i].average<<endl;</pre>
    }
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 23.136 sec(s)
   Enter marks of students:
   Roll Number. 1
   Enter marks of student: 99 88 99
   Roll Number. 2
   Enter marks of student: 99 88 77
   Roll Number. 3
Enter marks of student:
50 50 55
   Roll Number. 4
   Enter marks of student:
   5 5 6
   Roll Number. 5
   Enter marks of student:
   3 4 5
   Average marks:
   Roll No.
                 Average
                 95.3333
        1
        2
                 88
                51.6667
        3
        4
                 5.33333
        5
                 4
```

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Lab Assignment

Question 1: WAP to create two classes named A and B, create another class named C which inherits both class A and B. Now, create a function in each of these classes which prints "A-class", "B-class" and "both-class A and B" respectively. Now create an object for each class. Call the function of each of its parent by the object of class C.

Program code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A{
public:
    void print(){ cout<<"A-class"<<endl;}</pre>
};
class B{
public:
    void print(){ cout<<"B-class"<<endl;}</pre>
};
class C: public A, public B{
public:
    void print(){ cout<<"both-class:A and B"<<endl;}</pre>
};
int main(){
    A a;
    B b;
    C c;
```

```
a.print();
b.print();
c.print();

c.A::print();
c.B::print();
c.print();
}
```

```
Result
CPU Time: 0.00 sec(s), Memory: 3400 kilobyte(s)

A-class
B-class
both-class: A and B
A-class
B-class
both-class: A and B
```

Question 2: WAP to read and display information about employees and managers. Emp is a class that contains emp_no, name, address and department. Manager class contains all information of the Emp class and a list of employees working under a manager.

Program Code:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class Emp{
protected:
    int emp_no;
    string name, address, dept;
public:
    void getInfo(){
        cout<<"Enter employee number: ";</pre>
        cin>>emp_no;
        cout<<"Enter employee name: ";</pre>
         getline(cin.ignore(), name);
         cout<<"Enter employee address: ";</pre>
         getline(cin, address);
         cout<<"Enter employee department: ";</pre>
        getline(cin, dept);
    void display(){
        cout<<"Employee Number:"<<emp no<<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"Name:\t\t"<<name<<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"Address:\t"<<address<<endl;</pre>
        cout<<"Department:\t"<<dept<<endl;</pre>
    }
};
class Manager:public Emp{
    int size;
    Emp* Employees;
public:
    void getInfo(){
        cout<<"Enter name of manager: ";</pre>
        getline(cin, name);
         cout<<"Enter Manager Address: ";</pre>
         getline(cin, address);
         cout<<"Enter Manager Department: ";</pre>
         getline(cin, dept);
```

```
cout<<"Enter number of employees under him: ";</pre>
         cin>>size;
         Employees = new Emp[size];
         for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
             cout<<"\nEnter details of employee "<<i+1<<endl;</pre>
             Employees[i].getInfo();
         }
    }
    void display(){
         cout<<"\nManager: "<<name<<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"Manager's address: "<<address<<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"Managers's department: "<<dept<<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"The list of "<<size<<" employees under the manager:"<<endl;</pre>
         for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
             Employees[i].display();
             cout<<endl;</pre>
         }
    }
};
int main(){
    Manager M;
    M.getInfo();
    M.display();
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 69.032 sec(s)
   Enter name of manager: Man
   Enter Manager Address: Roorkee
   Enter Manager Department: CSE
   Enter number of employees under him: 2
   Enter details of employee 1
   Enter employee number: 34
   Enter employee name: Binod
   Enter employee address: Civil Lines
   Enter employee department: CS
   Enter details of employee 2
   Enter employee number: 45
   Enter employee name: Binod Binod
   Enter employee address: South Civil Lines
   Enter employee department: IT
   Manager: Man
   Manager's address: Roorkee
   Managers's department: CSE
   The list of 2 employees under the manager:
   Employee Number: 34
   Name:
               Binod
               Civil Lines
   Address:
   Department: CS
   Employee Number:45
             Binod Binod
   Name:
               South Civil Lines
   Address:
   Department: IT
```

Question 3: WAP to print the factorial of a number given by user by creating a class Factorial. If no number is passed by the user while creating an object of factorial class, then the number should be 0, using constructor overloading.

Problem Code:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class Factorial{
    int num;
    int fact(int n){
        return n <= 1 ? 1 : fact(n-1)*n;</pre>
public:
    Factorial(int n){num=n;}
    Factorial(){num=0;}
    int calc(){return fact(num);}
};
int main(){
    Factorial F1, F2(6);
    cout<<"Factorial by not passing any argument: "<<F1.calc()<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"Factorial by passing 6: "<<F2.calc()<<endl;</pre>
}
```

```
Result
compiled and executed in 1.446 sec(s)

Factorial by not passing any argument: 1
Factorial by passing 6: 720
```