## UML conventions



Interface: Classes implement interfaces, denoted by Generalization.

ClassName

property\_name: type

method(): type

A ----- ⊳ B

Inheritance: A inherits from B. A "is-a" B.

- B

Association: A and B call each other.

Generalization: A implements B.

Use Interface: A uses interface B.

Uni-directional Association: A can call B, but not vice versa.

Class: Every class can have properties and methods.

Abstract classes are identified by their Italic names.

Aggregation: A "has-an" instance of B. B can exist without A.

Composition: A "has-an" instance of B. B cannot exist without A.