

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Stealth Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sS target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a TCP SYN scan, also known as a stealth scan. It's useful when you want to scan a target without making a full TCP connection.

Argument Description: `-sS` specifies the type of scan to be a TCP SYN scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has firewall rules that block SYN packets.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Version Detection

Command: `nmap -sV target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to determine the version of the services running on the target's open ports.

Argument Description: `-sV` enables version detection.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the service versions are configured to not respond to such probes.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Aggressive Scan

Command: `nmap -A target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command performs an aggressive scan which includes OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute.

Argument Description: `-A` enables aggressive scan options.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has strong firewall rules or intrusion detection/prevention systems.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Timing Template

Command: `nmap -T4 -sV target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to set the timing template to "aggressive". It speeds up the scan.

Argument Description: `-T4` sets the timing template to "aggressive".

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the network latency is high or the target system is heavily loaded.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, OS Detection

Command: `sudo nmap -O -sV target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to enable OS detection.

Argument Description: `-O` enables OS detection.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system is configured to not respond to such probes.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Ping Scan

Command: `nmap -Pn -sV target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to skip the host discovery phase and directly scan the target.

Argument Description: -Pn skips host discovery.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system is offline or blocking all incoming packets.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Decoy Scan

Command: `nmap -D RND:10 target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a decoy scan, making it appear that the scan is coming from random IP addresses.

Argument Description: -D RND:10 generates 10 random decoy IP addresses.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the network's egress filtering is strict.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Script Scan

Command: `nmap --script=default target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a script scan using the default set of scripts.

Argument Description: --script=default specifies to use the default set of scripts.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has strong firewall rules or intrusion detection/prevention systems.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Specific Ports

Command: `nmap -p 80,443 -sV target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to scan specific ports (in this case, ports 80 and 443).

Argument Description: -p 80,443 specifies the ports to be scanned.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the specified ports are closed or filtered.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, UDP Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sU target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a UDP scan.

Argument Description: -sU specifies the type of scan to be a UDP scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has firewall rules that block UDP packets.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, TCP Connect Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sT target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a TCP connect scan. It's useful when you can't send raw packets.

Argument Description: -sT specifies the type of scan to be a TCP connect scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has firewall rules that block incoming TCP connections.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, IP Protocol Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sO target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to determine which IP protocols (TCP, ICMP, IGMP, etc.) are supported by the target.

Argument Description: -sO specifies the type of scan to be an IP protocol scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system has firewall rules that block the IP protocols being probed.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Idle Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sI zombie_IP target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform an idle scan. It's useful when you want to scan a target while disguising the source of the scan.

Argument Description: -sI zombie_IP specifies the IP address of a "zombie" host to be used in the scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the "zombie" host is not truly idle or if it doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Fast Scan

Command: `nmap -F target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a fast scan, which scans fewer ports than a regular scan.

Argument Description: -F enables fast scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the most commonly open ports are not included in the fast scan.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Fragment Packets

Command: `nmap -f target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to fragment the packets, making it harder for packet filters, intrusion detection systems, and other defenses to detect the scan.

Argument Description: -f enables packet fragmentation.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the network's egress filtering is strict.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Xmas Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sX target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform an Xmas scan, which sets the FIN, PSH, and URG flags, lighting up the packet like a Christmas tree.

Argument Description: -sX specifies the type of scan to be an Xmas scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's TCP stack doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Null Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sN target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a null scan, which sends packets with no flags set.

Argument Description: -sN specifies the type of scan to be a null scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's TCP stack doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, FIN Scan

Command: `sudo nmap -sF target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a FIN scan, which sends packets with only the FIN flag set.

Argument Description: `-sF` specifies the type of scan to be a FIN scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's TCP stack doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, ACK Scan

Command: `nmap -sA target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform an ACK scan, which can be used to map out firewall rulesets.

Argument Description: `-sA` specifies the type of scan to be an ACK scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's firewall doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Window Scan

Command: `nmap -sW target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a window scan, which can be used to infer the open state of a port without receiving any response.

Argument Description: `-sW` specifies the type of scan to be a window scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's TCP stack doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Maimon Scan

Command: `nmap -sM target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a Maimon scan, which sends packets with the FIN and ACK flags set.

Argument Description: `-sM` specifies the type of scan to be a Maimon scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system's TCP stack doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Zombie Host

Command: `nmap -sI zombie_IP:port target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform an idle scan using a specific zombie host and port.

Argument Description: `-sI zombie_IP:port` specifies the IP address and port of a "zombie" host to be used in the scan.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the "zombie" host is not truly idle or if it doesn't respond in the expected manner.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Timestamp Ping

Command: `nmap -PP target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a timestamp ping, which can be used to determine the uptime of the target.

Argument Description: `-PP` specifies the type of ping to be a timestamp ping.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system doesn't respond to timestamp requests.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, Netmask Request Ping

Command: `nmap -PM target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to perform a netmask request ping, which can be used to determine the subnet mask of the target.

Argument Description: `-PM` specifies the type of ping to be a netmask request ping.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the target system doesn't respond to netmask requests.

Keywords: Nmap, Port Scan, IP ID Sequence Generation

Command: `nmap --randomize-hosts target_IP`

Functionality and Use Cases: This command is used to randomize the order in which target hosts are scanned.

Argument Description: `--randomize-hosts` enables host randomization.

Situations of Fail: This command may fail if the number of target hosts is too large to be handled by Nmap.

Command: `nmap -sS [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a SYN scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports without completing the TCP handshake, making it less likely to be detected by firewalls and IDS.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore SYN packets.

Command: `nmap -sT [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a TCP connect scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports by completing the TCP handshake.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block new TCP connections.

Command: `nmap -sU [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a UDP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open UDP ports.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore UDP packets.

Command: `nmap -sA [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an ACK scan.

Usage: It is used to detect firewalls and their rules.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore ACK packets.

Command: `nmap -sN [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a Null scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports without sending any data.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore Null packets.

Command: `nmap -sF [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a FIN scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports by sending a TCP packet with the FIN flag set.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore FIN packets.

Command: `nmap -sX [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an Xmas scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports by sending a TCP packet with multiple flags set.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore Xmas packets.

Command: `nmap -sI [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an Idle scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports without revealing the scanner's IP address.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to ignore Idle packets.

Command: `nmap -sV [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a version detection scan.

Usage: It is used to detect the version of services running on open ports.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block version detection scans.

Command: `nmap -sC [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a script scan.

Usage: It is used to run scripts against open ports to gather more information.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block script scans.

Command: `nmap -sR [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an RPC scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open RPC (Remote Procedure Call) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block RPC scans.

Command: `nmap -sL [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a list scan.

Usage: It is used to list targets without scanning them.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block list scans.

Command: `nmap -sP [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a ping scan.

Usage: It is used to detect if the target is up without scanning ports.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block ICMP requests.

Command: `nmap -sZ [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a SCTP INIT scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open SCTP (Stream Control Transmission Protocol) ports.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block SCTP scans.

Command: `nmap -sO [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an IP protocol scan.

Usage: It is used to detect supported IP protocols.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block IP protocol scans.

Command: `nmap -sY [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a SCTP COOKIE ECHO scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open SCTP ports using COOKIE ECHO chunks.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block SCTP COOKIE ECHO scans.

Command: `nmap -sM [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a SCTP address scan.

Usage: It is used to detect SCTP supported addresses.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block SCTP address scans.

Command: `nmap -sW [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a Window scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ports by examining the TCP window size.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block Window scans.

Command: `nmap -sG [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a GGP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open GGP (Gateway-to-Gateway Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block GGP scans.

Command: `nmap -sH [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a HMP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open HMP (Host Monitoring Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block HMP scans.

Command: `nmap -sB [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a BGP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open BGP (Border Gateway Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block BGP scans.

Command: `nmap -sD [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a DCCP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open DCCP (Datagram Congestion Control Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block DCCP scans.

Command: `nmap -sE [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a EGP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open EGP (Exterior Gateway Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block EGP scans.

Command: `nmap -sI [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs an IGMP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block IGMP scans.

Command: `nmap -sJ [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a OSPFIGP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open OSPFIGP (Open Shortest Path First Interior Gateway Protocol) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block OSPFIGP scans.

Command: `nmap -sK [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a BBN-RCC-MON scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open BBN-RCC-MON services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block BBN-RCC-MON scans.

Command: `nmap -sL [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a CBT scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open CBT (Core Based Trees) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block CBT scans.

Command: `nmap -sM [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a PIM scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open PIM (Protocol Independent Multicast) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block PIM scans.

Command: `nmap -sN [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a PUP scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open PUP (PARC Universal Packet) services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block PUP scans.

Command: `nmap -sO [target IP]`

Argument Description: This command performs a ARGUS scan.

Usage: It is used to detect open ARGUS services.

Situations of Fail: It may fail if the target system is configured to block ARGUS scans.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Port Scanning

Command: `nmap -p 1-65535 -T4 -A -v [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command scans all ports to identify open ones, which could be vulnerable to attacks.

Usage: To identify all open ports on the target machine.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks port scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Version Detection

Command: `nmap -sV [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command identifies the version of the services running on the target machine.

Usage: To identify potentially outdated and vulnerable software versions.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks version detection, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, OS Detection

Command: `nmap -O [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command identifies the operating system of the target machine.

Usage: To identify potentially outdated and vulnerable operating systems.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks OS detection, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script vuln [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify known vulnerabilities on the target machine.

Usage: To identify known vulnerabilities that can be exploited.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Aggressive Scan

Command: `nmap -A [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command performs an aggressive scan, which includes OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute.

Usage: To perform a comprehensive vulnerability scan.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks aggressive scans, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Stealth Scan

Command: `nmap -sS [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command performs a stealth scan, which is less likely to be detected by the target machine.

Usage: To perform a stealthy vulnerability scan.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks stealth scans, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, UDP Scan

Command: `nmap -sU [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command performs a UDP scan, which can identify open UDP ports that could be vulnerable to attacks.

Usage: To identify open UDP ports on the target machine.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks UDP scans, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Ping Scan

Command: `nmap -sn [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command performs a ping scan, which can identify if the target machine is up and running.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is up and running.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks ping scans, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Timing Template

Command: `nmap -T4 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command sets the timing template to "aggressive", which speeds up the scan.

Usage: To speed up the vulnerability scan.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks aggressive timing templates, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2014-3704 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2014-3704 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2014-3704 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script smb-vuln-ms17-010 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the MS17-010 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the MS17-010 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2017-5638 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2017-5638 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2017-5638 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2017-1001000 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2017-1001000 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2017-1001000 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2018-11776 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2018-11776 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2018-11776 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2019-6340 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2019-6340 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2019-6340 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2020-0796 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-0796 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-0796 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2020-1938 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-1938 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-1938 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2020-3452 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-3452 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2020-3452 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2021-3156 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2021-3156 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2021-3156 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.

Keywords: Nmap, Vulnerability Scanning, Functionality, Script Scanning

Command: `nmap --script http-vuln-cve2021-21985 [target IP]`

Vulnerable Service Description: This command runs a script to identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2021-21985 vulnerability.

Usage: To identify if the target machine is vulnerable to the CVE-2021-21985 vulnerability.

Situations of Fail: If the target machine has a firewall that blocks script scanning, this command will fail.