## Parkinsons Disease dataset Classification

### **Outline**

- Introduction
- EDA
- Feature Engineering
- Cassification
- Conclusion

## Introduction

In this report we will analyse the parkinsons dataset, we will try to fit multiple classification algorithms, tune their hyperparameters, and finally, compare them to figure out which one perform better in the status feature prediction.

Data Set Characteristics: Multivariate Number of Instances: 197 Area: Life Attribute Characteristics: Real Number of Attributes: 23 Date Donated: 2008-06-26 Associated Tasks: Classification Missing Values? N/A

#### Source:

The dataset was created by Max Little of the University of Oxford, in collaboration with the National Centre for Voice and Speech, Denver, Colorado, who recorded the speech signals. The original study published the feature extraction methods for general voice disorders.

#### Data Set Information:

This dataset is composed of a range of biomedical voice measurements from 31 people, 23 with Parkinson's disease (PD). Each column in the table is a particular voice measure, and each row corresponds one of 195 voice recording from these individuals ("name" column). The main aim of the data is to discriminate healthy people from those with PD, according to "status" column which is set to 0 for healthy and 1 for PD.

The data is in ASCII CSV format. The rows of the CSV file contain an instance corresponding to one voice recording. There are around six recordings per patient, the name of the patient is identified in the first column.

#### Attribute Information:

- Matrix column entries (attributes):
- name ASCII subject name and recording number

- MDVP:Fo(Hz) Average vocal fundamental frequency
- MDVP:Fhi(Hz) Maximum vocal fundamental frequency
- MDVP:Flo(Hz) Minimum vocal fundamental frequency
- MDVP:Jitter(%),MDVP:Jitter(Abs),MDVP:RAP,MDVP:PPQ,Jitter:DDP Several measures of variation in fundamental frequency
- MDVP:Shimmer,MDVP:Shimmer(dB),Shimmer:APQ3,Shimmer:APQ5,MDVP:APQ,Shimmer:DDA
   Several measures of variation in amplitude
- NHR,HNR Two measures of ratio of noise to tonal components in the voice
- status Health status of the subject (one) Parkinson's, (zero) healthy
- RPDE,D2 Two nonlinear dynamical complexity measures
- DFA Signal fractal scaling exponent
- spread1,spread2,PPE Three nonlinear measures of fundamental frequency variation

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

```
In [1]:
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import seaborn as sns
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]:
          data = pd.read_csv("parkinsons.data", delimiter=',')
In [3]:
          data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194
         Data columns (total 24 columns):
          #
             Column
                         Non-Null Count Dtype
                                    -----
                                  195 non-null
          0
               name
                                                     object
          1
                                  195 non-null
              MDVP:Fo(Hz)
                                                     float64
              MDVP:Fo(Hz)

MDVP:Fhi(Hz)

MDVP:Flo(Hz)

MDVP:Jitter(%)

MDVP:Jitter(Abs)

MDVP:RAP

MDVP:PPQ

Jitter:DDP

MDVP:Shimmer

MDVP:Shimmer(dB)

MDVP:Shimmer(dB)

195 non-null

195 non-null

195 non-null

195 non-null

195 non-null
             MDVP:Fhi(Hz)
          2
                                                     float64
          3
                                                     float64
                                                     float64
          5
                                                     float64
          6
                                                     float64
          7
                                                     float64
          8
                                                     float64
          9
                                                     float64
          10 MDVP:Shimmer(dB) 195 non-null
                                                     float64
          11 Shimmer:APQ3
12 Shimmer:APQ5
                                   195 non-null
                                                     float64
                                   195 non-null
                                                     float64
                                   195 non-null
          13 MDVP:APQ
                                                     float64
          13 MDVP:APQ
14 Shimmer:DDA
                                   195 non-null
                                                     float64
                                   195 non-null
          15
               NHR
                                                     float64
          16 HNR
                                   195 non-null float64
               status
          17
                                   195 non-null int64
          18 RPDE
                                   195 non-null float64
                                   195 non-null float64
195 non-null float64
          19 DFA
          20 spread1
                                   195 non-null
          21 spread2
                                                     float64
                                                   float64
          22 D2
                                   195 non-null
          23 PPE
                                   195 non-null
                                                      float64
         dtypes: float64(22), int64(1), object(1)
         memory usage: 36.7+ KB
```

```
Out[4]:
                             MDVP:Fo(Hz)
                                           MDVP:Fhi(Hz) MDVP:Flo(Hz) MDVP:Jitter(%) MDVP:Jitter(Abs)
                       name
          0 phon_R01_S01_1
                                   119.992
                                                  157.302
                                                                 74.997
                                                                                0.00784
                                                                                                  0.00007
             phon_R01_S01_2
                                   122.400
                                                  148.650
                                                                 113.819
                                                                                0.00968
                                                                                                  0.00008
             phon_R01_S01_3
                                   116.682
                                                  131.111
                                                                111.555
                                                                                0.01050
                                                                                                  0.00009
             phon_R01_S01_4
                                   116.676
                                                  137.871
                                                                 111.366
                                                                                0.00997
                                                                                                  0.00009
             phon_R01_S01_5
                                   116.014
                                                  141.781
                                                                 110.655
                                                                                0.01284
                                                                                                  0.00011
          5 rows × 24 columns
 In [5]:
           data['status'].value_counts(normalize=True)
          1
                0.753846
 Out[5]:
                0.246154
          Name: status, dtype: float64
 In [6]:
           data.insert(len(data.columns)-1, 'status', data.pop('status'))
 In [7]:
           data.drop(columns='name', inplace=True)
 In [8]:
           #sns.pairplot(data, hue='status', corner=True)
 In [9]:
           pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 21)
           data.describe()
 Out[9]:
                  MDVP:Fo(Hz) MDVP:Fhi(Hz) MDVP:Flo(Hz) MDVP:Jitter(%) MDVP:Jitter(Abs)
                                                                                              MDVP:RAP
                    195.000000
          count
                                   195.000000
                                                 195.000000
                                                                  195.000000
                                                                                   195.000000
                                                                                               195.000000
                    154.228641
                                   197.104918
                                                 116.324631
                                                                   0.006220
                                                                                     0.000044
                                                                                                 0.003306
           mean
                     41.390065
                                    91.491548
                                                  43.521413
                                                                   0.004848
                                                                                     0.000035
                                                                                                 0.002968
             std
            min
                     88.333000
                                   102.145000
                                                  65.476000
                                                                   0.001680
                                                                                     0.000007
                                                                                                 0.000680
            25%
                                                                                     0.000020
                    117.572000
                                   134.862500
                                                  84.291000
                                                                   0.003460
                                                                                                 0.001660
            50%
                    148.790000
                                   175.829000
                                                 104.315000
                                                                   0.004940
                                                                                     0.000030
                                                                                                 0.002500
            75%
                    182.769000
                                                                   0.007365
                                                                                     0.000060
                                   224.205500
                                                 140.018500
                                                                                                 0.003835
                    260.105000
                                   592.030000
                                                 239.170000
                                                                   0.033160
                                                                                     0.000260
                                                                                                 0.021440
            max
          8 rows × 23 columns
In [10]:
           from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [11]:
           num_cols = [x for x in data.columns if x!='status']
```

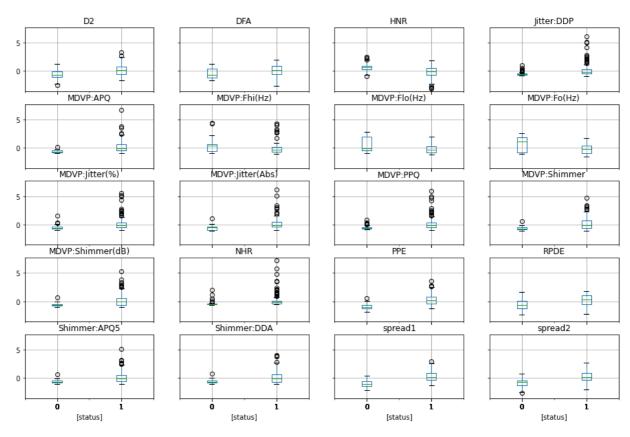
```
scaler = StandardScaler()
In [12]:
                 data[num_cols] = scaler.fit_transform(data[num_cols])
In [13]:
                 data.head()
                    MDVP:Fo(Hz)
                                        MDVP:Fhi(Hz)
                                                             MDVP:Flo(Hz)
                                                                                  MDVP:Jitter(%)
                                                                                                          MDVP:Jitter(Abs)
                                                                                                                                   MDVP:RAP
                                                                                                                                                    MDV
Out[13]:
               0
                          -0.829300
                                              -0.436165
                                                                    -0.952037
                                                                                            0.334914
                                                                                                                      0.749759
                                                                                                                                       0.132963
                                                                                                                                                        0.7
               1
                          -0.770972
                                              -0.530974
                                                                    -0.057721
                                                                                            0.715418
                                                                                                                      1.037674
                                                                                                                                       0.453892
                                                                                                                                                        1.2
               2
                          -0.909476
                                              -0.723168
                                                                    -0.109875
                                                                                            0.884991
                                                                                                                      1.325589
                                                                                                                                       0.720770
                                                                                                                                                        1.5
                          -0.909622
               3
                                              -0.649092
                                                                    -0.114229
                                                                                            0.775389
                                                                                                                      1.325589
                                                                                                                                       0.578885
                                                                                                                                                        1.2
                                                                                                                      1.901418
                          -0.925657
                                              -0.606245
                                                                    -0.130608
                                                                                            1.368893
                                                                                                                                       1.095750
               4
                                                                                                                                                        2.0
              5 rows × 23 columns
In [14]:
                 Corr = data.corr()
In [15]:
                 # plotting correlation heatmap
                 plt.figure(figsize = (15,10))
                 sns.heatmap(Corr, cmap="YlGnBu", annot=True)
                 # displaying heatmap
                 plt.show()
                                                                                                                                                     1.00
                                     0.4 0.6 0.12 0.38 0.076 0.11 0.0760.0980.0740.0950.0710.0780.0950.0220.059 0.38 0.45 0.41 0.25 0.18 0.37 0.38
                                     1 0.085 0.1 -0.0290.0970.0910.0970.00230.0430.00370.010.00440.00370.16 -0.025-0.11 -0.34-0.077-0.003 0.18 -0.07 -0.17
                    MDVP:Fhi(Hz)
                                          1 0.14 0.28 0.1 0.096 0.1 0.14 0.12 0.15 0.1 0.11 0.15 0.11 0.21 0.4 0.05 0.39 0.24 0.1 0.34 0.38
                    MDVP:Flo(Hz)
                                                                                                                                                     0.75
                   MDVP:Jitter(%) -0.12 0.1 -0.14 1 0.94 0.99 0.97 0.99 0.77 0.8 0.75 0.73 0.76 0.75 0.91 -0.73 0.36 0.099 0.69 0.39 0.43 0.72 0.28
                  MDVP: litter(Abs) --0.38-0.029-0.28 0.94 1 0.92 0.9 0.92 0.7 0.72 0.7 0.65 0.65 0.7 0.83 -0.66 0.44 0.18 0.74 0.39 0.31 0.75 0.34
                      MDVP:RAP -0.0760.097 -0.1 0.99 0.92 1 0.96 1 0.76 0.79 0.74 0.71 0.74 0.74 0.92 -0.72 0.34 0.064 0.65 0.32 0.43 0.67 0.27
                                                                                                                                                     0.50
                      MDVP:PPQ -0.110.091-0.096 0.97 0.9 0.96 1 0.96 0.8 0.84 0.76 0.79 0.8 0.76 0.84 <mark>-0.73</mark> 0.33 0.2 0.72 0.41 0.41 0.77 0.29
                       Jitter:DDP -0.0760.097 -0.1 0.99 0.92 1 0.96 1 0.76 0.79 0.74 0.71 0.74 0.74 0.74 0.92 -0.72 0.34 0.064 0.65 0.32 0.43 0.67
                  MDVP:Shimmer -0.0980.0023-0.14 0.77 0.7 0.76 0.8 0.76 1 0.99 0.99 0.98 0.95 0.99 0.72 -0.84 0.45 0.16 0.65 0.45 0.51 0.69 0.37
               MDVP:Shimmer(dB) -0.0740.043 -0.12 0.8 0.72 0.79 0.84 0.79 0.99 1 0.96 0.97 0.96 0.96 0.74 -0.83 0.41 0.17 0.65 0.45 0.51 0.7 0.35
                                                                                                                                                     - 0.25
                   Shimmer:APQ3 -0.0950.00370.15 0.75 0.7 0.74 0.76 0.74 0.99 0.96 1 0.96 0.9 1 0.72 -0.83 0.44 0.15 0.61 0.4 0.47 0.65 0.35
                   Shimmer:APQ5 -0.071 -0.01 -0.1 0.73 0.65 0.71 0.79 0.71 0.98 0.97 0.96 1 0.95 0.96 0.66 -0.81 0.4 0.21 0.65 0.46 0.5 0.7 0.35
                      MDVP:APQ -0.0780.0049-0.11 0.76 0.65 0.74 0.8 0.74 0.95 0.96 0.9 0.95 1 0.9 0.69 -0.8 0.45 0.16 0.67 0.5 0.54 0.72 0.36
                                                                                                                                                    - 0.00
                    Shimmer:DDA -0.0950.00370.15 0.75 0.7 0.74 0.76 0.74 0.99 0.96 1 0.96 0.9 1 0.72 0.83 0.44 0.15 0.61 0.4 0.47 0.65 0.35
                           NHR -0.022 0.16 -0.11 0.91 0.83 0.92 0.84 0.92 0.72 0.74 0.72 0.66 0.69 0.72 1 -0.71 0.37 -0.13 0.54 0.32 0.47 0.55 0.19
                           HNR -0.059-0.025 0.21 -0.73 -0.66 -0.72 -0.73 -0.67 -0.84 -0.83 -0.83 -0.81 -0.8 -0.83 -0.71 1 -0.6-0.0087-0.67 -0.43 -0.6 -0.69 -0.36
                                                                                                                                                    - -0.25
                          RPDE --0.38 -0.11 -0.4 0.36 0.44 0.34 0.33 0.34 0.45 0.41 0.44 0.4 0.45 0.44 0.37 -0.6 1 -0.11 0.59 0.48 0.24 0.55 0.31
                           DFA -0.45 -0.34 -0.05 0.099 0.18 0.064 0.2 0.064 0.16 0.17 0.15 0.21 0.16 0.15 -0.130.00870.11 1 0.2 0.17 -0.17 0.27 0.23
                        spread1 --0.41-0.077-0.39 0.69 0.74 0.65 0.72 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.67 0.61 0.54 -0.67 0.59 0.2 1 0.65 0.5 0.96 0.56
                                                                                                                                                    - -0.50
                         spread2 --0.25-0.003-0.24 0.39 0.39 0.32 0.41 0.32 0.45 0.45 0.4 0.46 0.5 0.4 0.32 <mark>0.43</mark> 0.48 0.17 0.65 1 0.52 0.64 0.45
                                 0.18 0.18 -0.1 0.43 0.31 0.43 0.41 0.43 0.51 0.51 0.47 0.5 0.54 0.47 0.47 -0.6
                                                                                                          0.24 -0.17 0.5 0.52
                            PPE --0.37 -0.07 -0.34 0.72 0.75 0.67 0.77 0.67 0.69 0.7 0.65 0.7 0.72 0.65 0.55 <mark>-0.69</mark> 0.55 0.27 0.96 0.64 0.48
                                                                                                                                                    -0.75
                          status -- 0.38 -0.17 -0.38
                                              MDVP:Fo(Hz)
                                                                          MDVP:Shimmer(dB)
                                                                               Shimmer:APQ3
                                                                                        MDVP:APQ
                                                                                            Shimmer:DDA
                                                                                                     HR
                                      MDVP:Fhi(Hz)
                                                                     MDVP:Shimmer
                                                                 Jitter
```

# **Feature Engineering**

In this section, we will drop perfectly correlated columns, and reduce the number of highly correlated ones using Principal Component Analysis (PCA).

```
In [16]: data.drop(columns = ['Shimmer:APQ3', 'MDVP:RAP'],axis=1, inplace=True)
In [17]: data.boxplot(by='status', figsize=(15,10))
    plt.show()
```

Boxplot grouped by status



Out[19]:		MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)
	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	0.000000	0.400985	0.596546	-0.118003	-0.382027
	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	0.400985	0.000000	0.084951	0.102086	-0.029198
	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	0.596546	0.084951	0.000000	-0.139919	-0.277815
	MDVP:Jitter(%)	-0.118003	0.102086	-0.139919	0.000000	0.935714
	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	-0.382027	-0.029198	-0.277815	0.935714	0.000000

		MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)			
	MDVP:PPC	-0.112165	0.091126	-0.095828	0.974256	0.897778			
	Jitter:DDF	-0.076213	0.097150	-0.100488	0.990276	0.922913			
	MDVP:Shimme	r -0.098374	0.002281	-0.144543	0.769063	0.703322			
	MDVP:Shimmer(dB)	-0.073742	0.043465	-0.119089	0.804289	0.716601			
	Shimmer:APQ5	-0.070682	-0.009997	-0.101095	0.725561	0.648961			
	MDVP:APC	-0.077774	0.004937	-0.107293	0.758255	0.648793			
	Shimmer:DDA	-0.094732	-0.003733	-0.150737	0.746635	0.697170			
	NHF	-0.021981	0.163766	-0.108670	0.906959	0.834972			
	HNF	0.059144	-0.024893	0.210851	-0.728165	-0.656810			
	RPDE	-0.383894	-0.112404	-0.400143	0.360673	0.441839			
	DFA	-0.446013	-0.343097	-0.050406	0.098572	0.175036			
	spread1	-0.413738	-0.076658	-0.394857	0.693577	0.735779			
	spread2	-0.249450	-0.002954	-0.243829	0.385123	0.388543			
	D2	0.177980	0.176323	-0.100629	0.433434	0.310694			
	PPE	-0.372356	-0.069543	-0.340071	0.721543	0.748162			
	status	-0.383535	-0.166136	-0.380200	0.278220	0.338653			
]:	<pre>Index(['MDVP:Fo(Hz)', 'MDVP:Fhi(Hz)', 'MDVP:Flo(Hz)', 'MDVP:Jitter(%)',</pre>								
:	<pre>Corr.unstack().sort_values(ascending=False).drop_duplicates()</pre>								
	Jitter:DDP MDVP:Jitter(%) 0.990276 Shimmer:DDA MDVP:Shimmer 0.987626 MDVP:Shimmer MDVP:Shimmer(dB) 0.987258 Shimmer:APQ5 MDVP:Shimmer 0.982835 MDVP:Jitter(%) MDVP:PPQ 0.974256								
		MDVP:APQ Shimmer:APQ5 Shimmer:DDA MDVP:Shimmer( MDVP:Shimmer	-0.8004 -0.8137 -0.8271 dB) -0.8278 -0.8352	53 30 05					
	Length: 211, dty	pe: float64							
:]:		.columns:		.9)][col][Cor	r[(Corr > 0.9)	][col]>0.9].ind			
3]:	unique=[]								

```
for x in filtered_list:
    if x not in unique and x!=[]:
        unique.append(x)

In [24]: unique

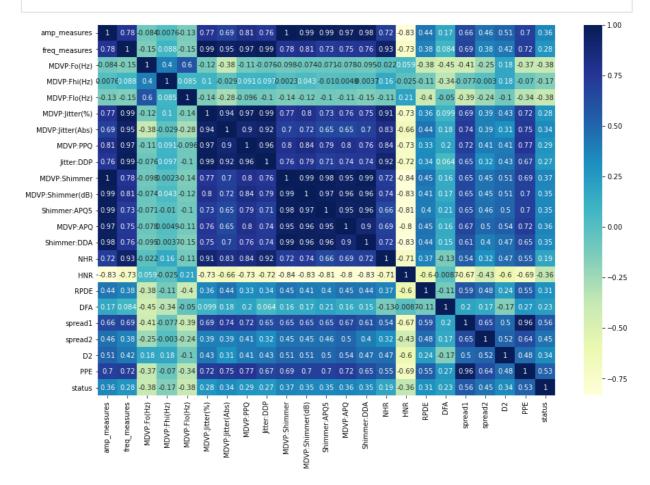
Out[24]: [['Jitter:DDP', 'MDVP:Jitter(Abs)', 'MDVP:PPQ', 'NHR'],
        ['Jitter:DDP', 'MDVP:Jitter(%)'],
        ['MDVP:Jitter(%)', 'MDVP:Jitter(Abs)', 'MDVP:PPQ', 'NHR'],
        ['MDVP:APQ', 'MDVP:Shimmer(dB)', 'Shimmer:APQ5', 'Shimmer:DDA'],
        ['MDVP:APQ', 'MDVP:Shimmer', 'Shimmer:APQ5', 'Shimmer:DDA'],
        ['MDVP:Shimmer', 'MDVP:Shimmer(dB)', 'Shimmer:DDA'],
        ['MDVP:Shimmer', 'MDVP:Shimmer(dB)', 'Shimmer:APQ5'],
        ['PPE'],
        ['spread1']]
```

Interestingly, when we look at these features description, we find that the main correlations are between the features that measure the frequency and amplitude.

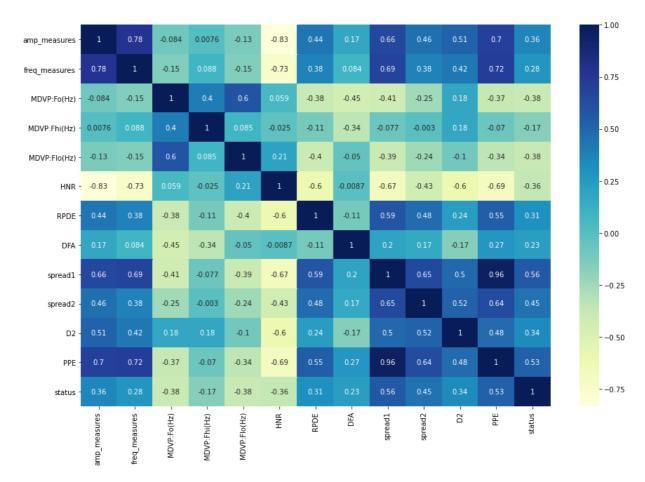
- MDVP:Jitter(%),MDVP:Jitter(Abs),MDVP:RAP,MDVP:PPQ,Jitter:DDP Several measures of variation in fundamental frequency
- MDVP:Shimmer,MDVP:Shimmer(dB),Shimmer:APQ3,Shimmer:APQ5,MDVP:APQ,Shimmer:DDA
   Several measures of variation in amplitude

From this point, we will create two lists from these features, and perform dimentionality reduction to create a total of two new features that are representative of their variations.

```
In [25]:
          features_l1=['Jitter:DDP', 'MDVP:Jitter(Abs)', 'MDVP:PPQ', 'NHR','MDVP:Jitter(%)']
          features_12=['MDVP:APQ', 'MDVP:Shimmer', 'Shimmer:APQ5', 'Shimmer:DDA', 'MDVP:Shimmer'
In [26]:
          feat_list = {'freq_measures':features_11, 'amp_measures':features_12}
In [27]:
          data1 = data.copy()
In [28]:
          data = data1.copy()
In [29]:
          from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
          PCAmod = PCA(n components=1)
In [30]:
          for f_list in feat_list:
              PCAmod.fit(data[feat list[f list]])
              tr data = PCAmod.transform(data[feat list[f list]])
              tr_list = pd.DataFrame(tr_data, columns=['{}'.format(f_list)])
              data = pd.concat([tr_list, data], axis=1)
In [31]:
          # plotting correlation heatmap
          plt.figure(figsize = (15,10))
          sns.heatmap(data.corr(), cmap="YlGnBu", annot=True)
```



We see that the features that we gathered in list1 and list2 are highly correlated with the newly created features, which means that the PCA was successful, and thus we will drop those lists since reducing dimensions is our primary goal.

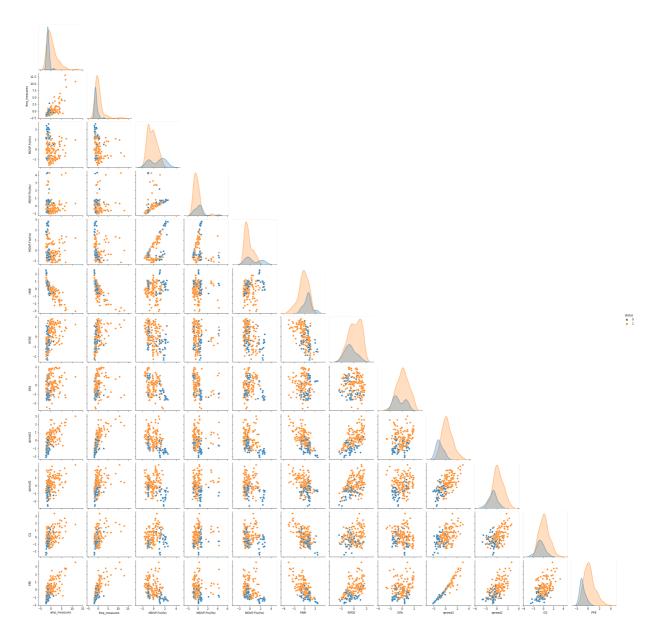


```
In [34]: data.shape
```

Out[34]: (195, 13)

```
In [35]: sns.pairplot(data, hue='status', corner=True)
```

Out[35]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1c26857c4c0>



# Machine Learning ('status' Classification)

Here we will fit several algorithms to our data, mainly Logistic Regression, K Neighbors Classifier, SVC and XGBClassifier. And we will compare their performances based of the F1\_score, since the status feature is constructed with inbalanced classes as we saw in EDA section:

0.753846: Parkinsons Disease (1)

0.246154 : Healthy(0)

```
In [36]:
```

```
#import classifier algorithm here
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold, cross_val_predict
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, classification_report,
```

```
In [37]: | X = data[[x for x in data.columns if x!='status']]
          y = data['status']
          model_comparison = list()
In [38]:
          kf = StratifiedKFold(shuffle=True, random_state=22, n_splits=4)
In [39]:
          error_rates = list() # 1-accuracy
          ks = range(1,20)
          scores=[]
          for k in ks:
              predictions = cross_val_predict(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k, weights='dis
              error = 1-round(f1_score(y, predictions), 4)
              scores.append(error)
          plt.plot(ks, scores)
Out[39]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1c268efa730>]
          0.09
          0.08
          0.07
          0.06
          0.05
                   2.5
                         5.0
                               7.5
                                     10.0
                                           12.5
                                                 15.0
                                                       17.5
In [40]:
          knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=4, weights='distance')
          knn = knn.fit(X, y)
          y_pred = knn.predict(X)
          score = f1_score(predictions, y)
          model_comparison.append(('KNN', score))
          score
         0.9113924050632911
Out[40]:
In [41]:
          confusion_matrix(y, predictions)
Out[41]: array([[ 23, 25],
                 [ 3, 144]], dtype=int64)
In [42]:
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
          print(classification_report(y, predictions))
                                     recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                         support
```

```
0.48
                    0
                           0.88
                                               0.62
                                                           48
                           0.85
                                     0.98
                                               0.91
                                                          147
                    1
             accuracy
                                               0.86
                                                          195
                           0.87
                                     0.73
                                               0.77
                                                          195
            macro avg
                           0.86
                                               0.84
                                                          195
         weighted avg
                                     0.86
In [43]:
          params = { 'penalty' : ['none','l1','l2','elasticnet'],
                     'solver' : ['newton-cg', 'lbfgs', 'liblinear', 'sag', 'saga'],
                     'C' : [0.02, 0.015, 0.01, 0.005] }
          grid = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(), params, cv=kf, scoring='f1')
In [44]:
          grid.fit(X, y)
Out[44]: GridSearchCV(cv=StratifiedKFold(n_splits=4, random_state=22, shuffle=True),
                      estimator=LogisticRegression(),
                      'saga']},
                      scoring='f1')
In [45]:
          grid.best_score_, grid.best_params_
         (0.9097944991404907, {'C': 0.01, 'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'newton-cg'})
Out[45]:
In [46]:
          model_comparison.append(('Logistic_Regression', grid.best_score_))
In [47]:
          params = {'kernel' : ['poly', 'rbf', 'sigmoid'],
                    'C' : [3,3.5,4,4.5,5] }
          grid = GridSearchCV(SVC(), params, cv=kf, scoring='f1')
In [48]:
          grid.fit(X, y)
Out[48]: GridSearchCV(cv=StratifiedKFold(n_splits=4, random_state=22, shuffle=True),
                      estimator=SVC(),
                      param_grid={'C': [3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5],
                                  'kernel': ['poly', 'rbf', 'sigmoid']},
                      scoring='f1')
In [49]:
          grid.best_score_, grid.best_params_
         (0.9379457273794383, {'C': 4, 'kernel': 'rbf'})
Out[49]:
In [50]:
          model_comparison.append(('SVC', grid.best_score_))
In [51]:
          params = {'learning_rate':[0.18,0.17,0.16],
                    'max_depth':[1,2,3] }
          grid = GridSearchCV(XGBClassifier( n_estimators=140, seed=27, verbosity=0),
                             params, cv=kf, scoring='f1')
```

```
In [52]:
          grid.fit(X, y)
Out[52]: GridSearchCV(cv=StratifiedKFold(n_splits=4, random_state=22, shuffle=True),
                       estimator=XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None,
                                                colsample_bylevel=None,
                                                colsample_bynode=None,
                                                colsample_bytree=None,
                                                enable_categorical=False, gamma=None,
                                                gpu_id=None, importance_type=None,
                                                interaction_constraints=None,
                                                learning_rate=None, max_delta_step=None,
                                               max_depth=None, min_child_weight=None,
                                               missing=nan, monotone_constraints=None,
                                                n_estimators=140, n_jobs=None,
                                                num_parallel_tree=None, predictor=None,
                                                random_state=None, reg_alpha=None,
                                                reg_lambda=None, scale_pos_weight=None,
                                                seed=27, subsample=None, tree_method=None,
                                                validate_parameters=None, verbosity=0),
                       param_grid={'learning_rate': [0.18, 0.17, 0.16],
                                    max_depth': [1, 2, 3]},
                       scoring='f1')
In [53]:
          grid.best_score_, grid.best_params_
         (0.9463612717037375, {'learning_rate': 0.17, 'max_depth': 2})
In [54]:
          model_comparison.append(('XGBoost_Classifier', grid.best_score_))
In [55]:
          Comparison = pd.DataFrame(model_comparison, columns=('Model','F1_Score'))
          Comparison.sort_values(by='F1_Score', ascending=False).reset_index(drop=True)
                      Model F1 Score
Out[55]:
             XGBoost Classifier 0.946361
         1
                        SVC 0.937946
         2
                        KNN
                             0.911392
         3 Logistic_Regression 0.909794
```

### Conclusion

We can see that these models perform great in predicting the target feature, achieving F1\_score greater than 90% with the XGBoost algorithm in the first position.

We can go further in improving the model performance by tuning other hyperparameters, or even building a Voting Classifier.

Other improvements would involve creating combinations between variables.

### Acknowledgments:

This dataset was downloaded from the UCI Machine Learning Repository website

'Exploiting Nonlinear Recurrence and Fractal Scaling Properties for Voice Disorder Detection', Little MA, McSharry PE, Roberts SJ, Costello DAE, Moroz IM. BioMedical Engineering OnLine 2007, 6:23 (26 June 2007)