

## GrainPalette - A Deep Learning Odyssey in Rice Type Classification Through Transfer Learning

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import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.applications import MobileNetV2
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, GlobalAveragePooling2D, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
import os
import numpy as np

# Parameters
IMG_SIZE = 224
BATCH_SIZE = 32
EPOCHS = 10
DATASET_DIR = "rice_dataset"

# 1. Data Preparation
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    validation_split=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    rotation_range=10
)

train_data = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    DATASET_DIR,
    target_size=(IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE),
    batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='training'
)

val_data = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    DATASET_DIR,
    target_size=(IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE),
    batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='validation'
)

# 2. Load Pretrained Base Model
base_model = MobileNetV2(include_top=False, input_shape=(IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 3), weights='imagenet')
base_model.trainable = False # Freeze the base model

# 3. Add Custom Layers
x = base_model.output
x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
x = Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
predictions = Dense(train_data.num_classes, activation='softmax')(x)

model = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)

# 4. Compile Model
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.0001), loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
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# 5. Train Model
history = model.fit(
    train_data,
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    validation_data=val_data
)

# 6. Evaluate
loss, acc = model.evaluate(val_data)
print(f"Validation Accuracy: {acc*100:.2f}%")

# 7. Classification Report
val_data.reset()
Y_pred = model.predict(val_data)
y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)

print("Classification Report:\n")
print(classification_report(val_data.classes, y_pred, target_names=list(val_data.class_indices.keys())))

# 8. Plotting Accuracy and Loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))

# Accuracy
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation')
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()

# Loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation')
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```