# Python4All

By Ram

Course Duration: appx 15 days

Course Timings: Daily from 7:30 AM IST - 8:30 AM IST, Except Sunday

Target Audience: Everyone with computer knowledge

## Course Overview

## **Course Content**

## Understanding the IT and important keywords

- Software
- Program
- Application
- Instructions
- Framework
- Library
- Package
- API
- Algorithm
- Programming language
- translators
- Compilers
- Interpreters
- assemblers
- IDE

#### Installations

- Python installation
- IDE installation

#### Introduction

- Python introduction and history
- Programming Paradigm -
- Procedural vs Functional vs Object oriented programming
- Python2 vs python3
- Compiler vs Interpreter
- Scripting vs Programming
- Interactive mode vs scripting mode
- Python program structure
- Working with Visual studio
- Create new project
- Install python extension
- Install code runner extension
- Preference settings

## Course Content Contd...

## Getting started with python

- First program
- Print function
- Input function
- Strings
- Escape characters
- Comments

#### Variables

- Variable naming convention
- Single variable assignment
- Multiple variable assignment
- Local and global variables
- Global keyword
- conversion functions

#### Data Types

- Built-in Data Types
- Type()
- casting
- Data type example programs

## Course Content Contd...

#### Operators

- Arithmetic Operators
- Assignment Operators
- Comparison Operators
- Logical Operators
- Identity Operators
- Membership Operators
- ternary operators
- Bitwise Operators

#### Program Flow control

- If
- If-else
- If-elif-else
- Nested-if
- Loop control statements
- for
- while
- Nested loops
- Branching statements
- Continue
- Break
- Pass
- Examples

## Course Content Contd...

#### Python Strings

- Slicing
- Manipulation
- •Upper function
- Lowerfunction
- •Replace function
- •Remove function
- Split function
- Concatenate
- String format
- String functions
- Strip
- Swapcase
- Find
- •Isupper
- •Islower
- Isdigit
- Capitalize
- •String programs
- •Immutability vs mutability

# Understanding IT and Important Keywords -

#### Where do you fall under?

- Project Management Team
- Development Team
- Quality Assurance Team
- IT Operations/DevOps/SRE Teams
- Support Team
- Security Team

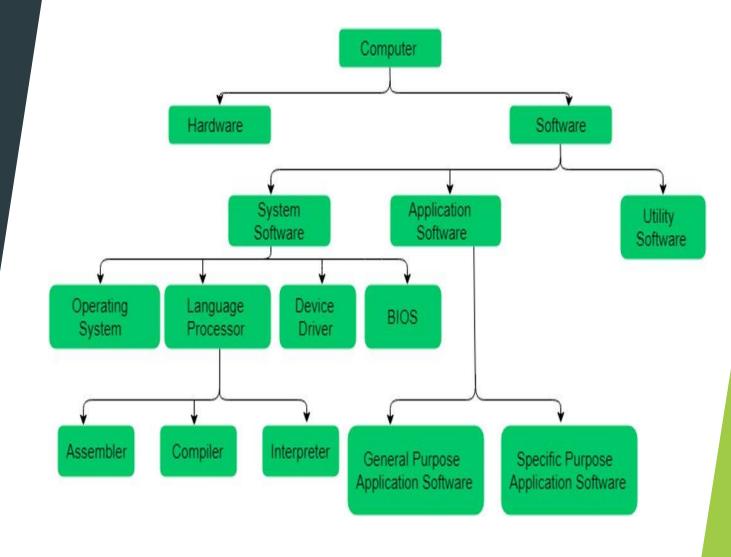


# Important Keywords - software

- Examples of Software -
  - System software
    - Operating System, Compiler, Loader, Linker and Assembler
  - Application software
    - Database Oracle, Mysql, Browser, Zoom, teams, Web browser,

Word, power-point

- Utility software
  - Antivirus
  - Disk formatter
  - ▶ File manager



## Important Keywords Contd.. - Program, compiler, Instructions

- Instruction addition, subtraction, copy, move, delete, send req over http.
- Program set of instructions executed by computer to perform some task
- Compiler/interpreter which converts human readable code to Machine understable code
- Assembler which converts assembly code to machine understand code

```
func greet() = {
    Console.println("Hello, World!")
          Compiler
                         Magic happens here!
         10100111100
         11110011001
         10010010010
         10110111001
         11101111011
```

## Important Keywords Contd.. - Programming languages

- Programming languages-
  - Procedural programming languages -

C, C++, JAVA, Python, FORTRAN, PASCAL and etc

► Functional programming language -

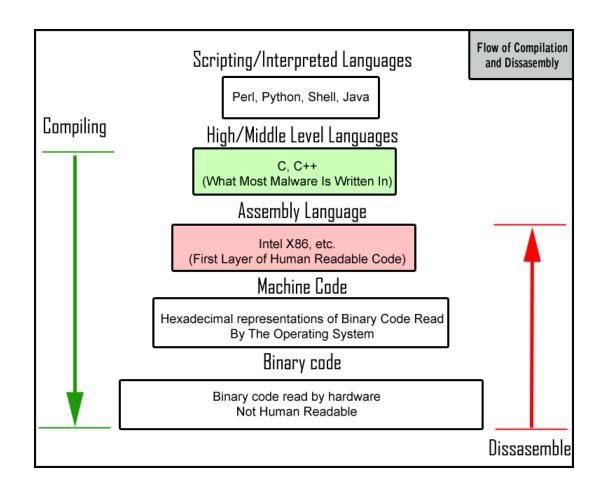
HASKEL, SCALA and etc.,

▶ Object-Oriented Programming language -

Java, C++, Python and etc.,

Scripting programming language -

java script, pearl, ruby, python, jquery, bash, batch, powershell, Ajax and etc..,



# Important Keywords Contd.. - SDK, FRAMEWORK, Package, API, Library, Algorithm

- SDK- Python, Java , etc.,,
- FRAMEWORK- webpy, web2py, Django, Flask, etc.,
- Libraries- Pandas, Scikit-Learn, matplot, etc.,
- ▶ Package It is simply a directory/folder that contains several program files
- ► API- RestFul Services
- Algorithm- simple functions to add two numbers, function to remove files.
- ▶ IDE Eclipse, jDeveloper, Visual Studio code, intelliJ and etc.,

Applications we can develop using python software

- Desktop GUI TKinter, Kivy and so on
- Enterprise application business applications (ERPNext, ERP5, Tryton)
- Data science and data visualisation numpy, pandas & data extraction matplot, scikit learn graph plotting
- Machine learning and Artificial Intelligence
- Gaming development pyjama,pySoy
- Web development Django, flask, webpy, web2py
- **\_\_** Embedded applications
- Process automations

## Popular Software written using Python

Youtube

Dropbox

Instagram

Google

Quora

Netflix



## **Translators**

## **Translators**

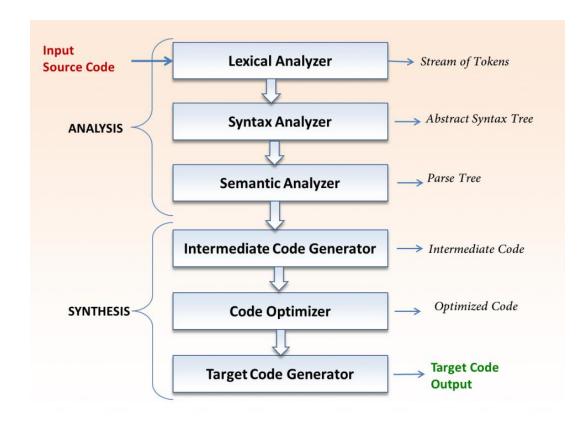
 A translator is a program that converts source code into object code.
 Generally, there are three types of translator

**COMPILER** - converts whole program into machine language at a same time

**INTERPRETER** - converts program into machine language one line at a time.

**ASSEMBLER** - converts assembly language code to machine language

## Compiler



## **Lexical Analysis**



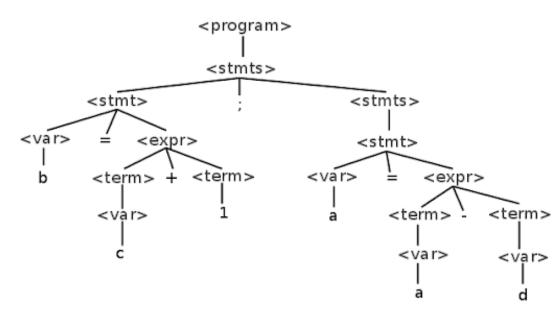
 A Lexical Analyzer (Lexer, or Scanner) groups input characters into tokens

input	token	value
x = x * (acc+123)	identifier	X
	equal	=
	identifier	X
	star	*
	left-paren	(
	identifier	acc
	plus	+
	integer	123
	right-paren	)

• Tokens are typically represented by numbers

## Syntax analyser - Checks for syntax

b=c+1 a=a+d



## Semantic analyser - Checks for meaning

Semantically wrong as c,a are not initialized

## Compiler phases contd...

Intermediate code generator phase

Code optimiser- tries to optimise intermediate code

Target code generator - generate byte code

C,C++,JAVA, FORTRAN, COBOL etc are compiled languages

```
int a[10], b[10], dot_prod, i; int* a1; int* b1;
dot_prod = 0; a1 = a; b1 = b;
for (i=0; i<10; i++) dot_prod += *a1++ * *b1++;
Intermediate code
    dot_prod = 0;
                             b1 = T6
    a1 = &a
                          T7 = T3*T5
    b1 = &b
                             T8 = dot_prod+T7
                             dot_prod = T8
    i = 0
L1: if(i>=10)goto L2
                             T9 = i+1
    T3 = *a1
                             i = T9
    T4 = a1+1
                             goto L1
                         |L2:
    a1 = T4
    T5 = *b1
    T6 = b1+1
```

## Interpreter

- Unlike compiler, interpreter converts one line at a time tto machine code. Similar to real life interpreter who translates one sentence at a time.
- Interpreter internally contains some of the phases of compiler for syntax and semantic verification
  Click to add text
- If a program contains multiple errors python program displays one error at a time.
- Python, java script, java, ruby .. are the some of the examples of interpreter programming languages