$$V_o(\pi) = 1_{[o,+\infty)}(x)$$

$$V(t,x) = \frac{H(t,x)}{B(t,x)}$$

$$H(+,\infty) = \int_{0}^{+\infty} \exp(-\frac{1}{\sigma^{2}} \left[\frac{(x-y)^{2}}{2+} + y \right]) dy$$

$$=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{6}\left[\frac{\left(x-y\right)^{2}}{2+}\right]\right) dy + H(+,x)$$

$$\ell(t,x,y) = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\left[\frac{(x-y)^2}{2t} + y\right]\right) = : integrand$$

$$d\ell(t,x,y) = -\frac{(x-y)}{\sigma^2 t} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\left[\frac{(x-y)^2}{2t} + y\right]\right] = \frac{\partial\ell(t,x,y)}{\partial x}$$

$$dH(t,x) = \frac{\partial H(t,x)}{\partial x} = \int_0^{+\infty} d\ell(t,x,y) dy$$

$$g(t,x,y) = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\left(\frac{(x-y)^2}{2t}\right)\right)$$

$$dg(t,x,y) = \frac{\partial g(t,x,y)}{\partial x} = -\exp\left(-\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\frac{(x-y)^2}{2t}\right) \cdot \frac{x-y}{\sigma^2 + 2t}$$

$$dB(t,x) = \frac{\partial B(t,x)}{\partial x} = \int_{-\infty}^{0} dg(t,x,y) dy + dH(t,x)$$

$$\mathcal{U}(t,x) := \frac{\partial V(t,x)}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\left(B(t,x)\right)^2} \left(B(t,x)\cdot dH(t,x) - H(t,x)dB(t,x)\right)$$