# **Chapter-02: Igniting our App**

▼ Added a custom attribute hello: "world" - Akshay said Its props. So Props are html attributes?
I don't see it for course-materials-container though. No props as html attributes

```
const container = React.createElement(
  "div",
  {
    id: "container",
    hello: "world",
    },
    [heading, heading2]
);
console.log(heading);
```

```
<pr
```

## **▼** Bundler

- React is a library, it does not enforce you to use any library like other frameworks. we can
  use our choice.
- create-react-app uses webpack as bundler
- We can use any: Webpack, Parcel, Vite
- Why Parcel in this training:

- o easy to teach, easy setup, all all features of webpack, vite
- Install Parcel using npm
  - Initialise npm
    - npm init -y
  - o npm install -D parcel
    - What is Devdependency D : needed only in dev environment
  - package.lock.json →
    - To know what exact version of library we use in production this file help. In package.json, it may not be exact version. eg: "parcel": "^2.8.3" version - ^ → shoot version auto upgrade
    - Locks the version
    - Never have to keep in git ignore. Then you will face issue- it is working in my local and not in prod
    - Maintains hash, maintains integrity to ensure exact version is running in prod. How?

```
,
node_modules/@parcel/bundler-default": {
  "version": "2.8.2",
  "resolved": "https://registry.npmjs.org/@parcel/bundler-default/-/bundler-default-2.8.2.tgz",
  "integrity": "sha512-/7ao0vc/v8WGHZaS1SyS5R8wzqmmXEr9mhIIB2cbLQ4LA2WUtKsYcvZ2gjJuiAAN1CHC6GxqwYjIJScQCk/QXg="
  "dev": true,
```

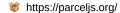
- Should we add nodemodules to add .gitignore
  - nopes. They are heavy
  - package.lock.json has sufficient information to recreate node\_modules exactly the same as in dev machine
  - Anything we can generate on server, will put in .gitignore
    - · node modules
    - dist
    - .parcel-cache

## **▼** Parcel is beast

Provides things what vite or webpack provides, easy to setup, teach

#### Parcel – The zero configuration build tool for the web.

Parcel combines a great out-of-the-box development experience with a scalable architecture that can take your project from just getting started to massive production application.





## Ignite your app

- npx parcel index.html
- here npx means execute using npm. index.html is entry point for parcel.
- This command will start a localhost server: http://localhost:1234

### ▼ What does Parcel do?

```
/***
* Created A Server
* HMR - Hot Module Replacement Server
* File Watcher algorithm - C++
* BUNDLING
* MINIFY
* Cleaning our Code
* Dev abd Production Build
* Super Fast build algorithm
* Image Optimization
* Caching while development
* Compression
* Compatble with older version of browser
* HTTPS on dev
* port Number
* Consistent Hashing Algorithm
* Zero Config
```

- Parcel provides Hot module Replacement (HMR) keeps track of file we are updating, and reloads it in server. There is File Watcher algorithm, written in C++.
- Bundling, minify, cleaning our code (Remove console.logs):

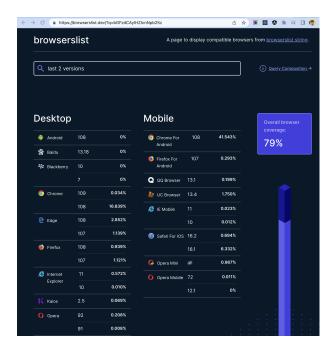
- npx parcel index.html This will just create development build. npx parcel build index.html This will create production build
  - Will bundle, minify & clean the code and push it to dist folder
  - We will just get three files though there are large no of files in code (ignore map files, which are just helper files)

- Image Optimisation
  - What takes more time to load in website?
  - media, images
  - Parcel does image optimisation also. Will minify image. <u>How</u>? (only when image is in project - not backend)
    - https://parceljs.org/recipes/image/
- · Caching while development:
  - Later builds in development just takes few ms. (cache saved in .parcel-cache directory)
- Compresses (eg: rename variables)
- Https:
  - Something only work on https? Parcel gives us that functionality
  - npx parcel index.html -https
     but will not work in local, as browser doesn't trust localhost
- Port number
  - Parcel will handle assigning port numbers if there are multiple projects
- Consitent Hashing Algorithm. What is this?
- · Zero Config
  - Unlike webpack, no need of any connfiguration. Just give entry-point
- Makes app Compatible with older version of browser. How?

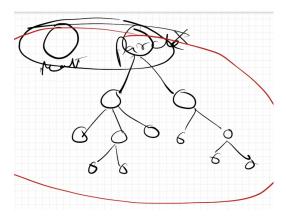
 Parcel has browserlist dependency. We can add supported browsers in package.json. Use <a href="https://browserslist.dev/">https://browserslist.dev/</a> to get array value

https://github.com/browserslist/browserslist

```
"dependencies": {
    "react": "^18.2.0",
    "react-dom": "^18.2.0"
},
"browserslist": [
    "last 2 Chrome versions"
]
```



- ▼ What are Transitive dependencies:
  - dependency of dependency



# **▼** Home work:

## Different type of scripts

## <script>: The Script element - HTML: HyperText Markup Language | MDN

The <script> HTML element is used to embed executable code or data; this is typically used to embed or refer to JavaScript code. The <script> element can also be used with other languages, such as WebGL's GLSL shader programming

M https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/Element/script



## Parcel documentation

## Development

Parcel includes a development server out of the box supporting hot reloading, HTTPS, an API proxy, and more.

https://parceljs.org/features/development/

