

Answer 3.7

Yaw Assensoh Opoku

1a.

```
SELECT country, COUNT(customer_id) AS num_of_customer
FROM customer

INNER JOIN address AS add ON customer.address_id = add.address_id

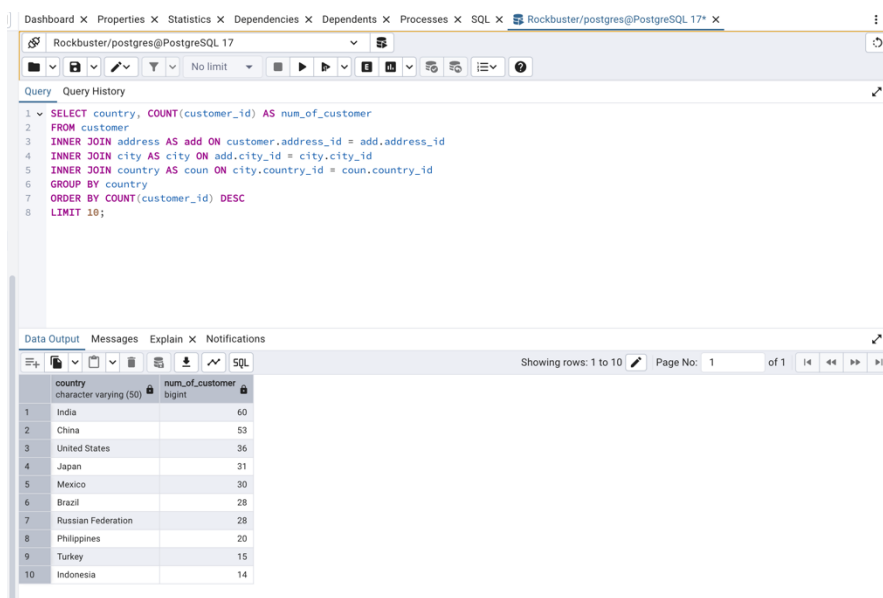
INNER JOIN city AS city ON add.city_id = city.city_id

INNER JOIN country AS coun ON city.country_id = coun.country_id

GROUP BY country

ORDER BY COUNT(customer_id) DESC

LIMIT 10;
```



The screenshot shows a PostgreSQL query editor interface. The query is as follows:

```
1 SELECT country, COUNT(customer_id) AS num_of_customer
2 FROM customer
3 INNER JOIN address AS add ON customer.address_id = add.address_id
4 INNER JOIN city AS city ON add.city_id = city.city_id
5 INNER JOIN country AS coun ON city.country_id = coun.country_id
6 GROUP BY country
7 ORDER BY COUNT(customer_id) DESC
8 LIMIT 10;
```

The results are displayed in a table with the following data:

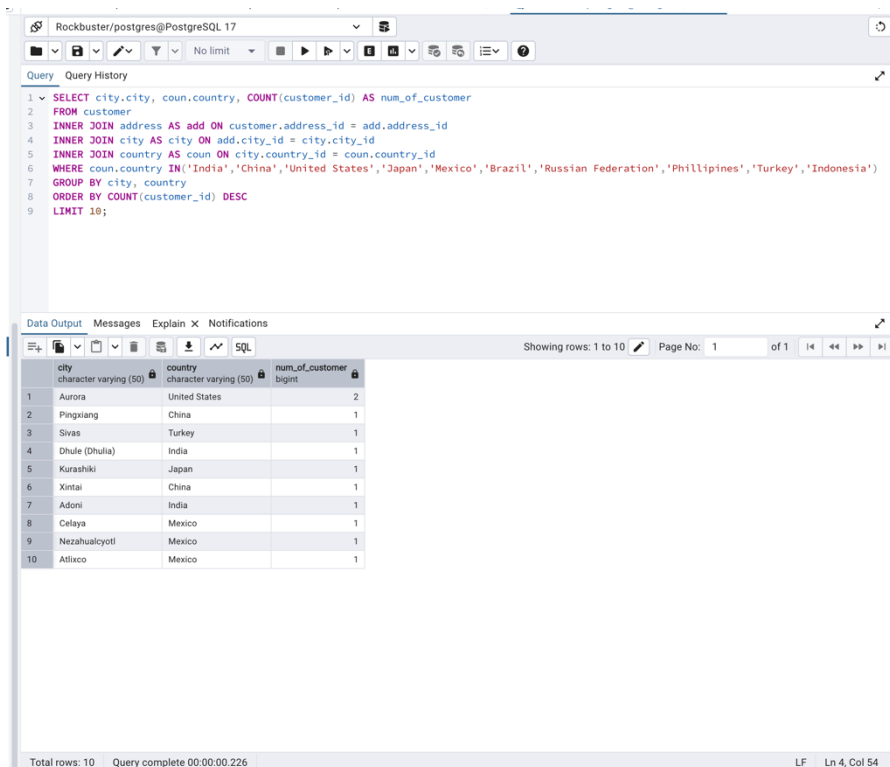
	country	num_of_customer
1	India	60
2	China	53
3	United States	36
4	Japan	31
5	Mexico	30
6	Brazil	28
7	Russian Federation	28
8	Philippines	20
9	Turkey	15
10	Indonesia	14

1b.

I joined the customer table with the address table then the city table and then with country table. I chose INNER JOIN cause as I learnt earlier in this exercise, INNER JOIN looks for matching values in columns namely primary key and foreign key to connect tables plus it gets the job done without costs and we are looking for limited information so it works perfectly fine. Grouped and ordered them to simplify.

2.a

```
SELECT city.city, coun.country, COUNT(customer_id) AS num_of_customer
FROM customer
INNER JOIN address AS add ON customer.address_id = add.address_id
INNER JOIN city AS city ON add.city_id = city.city_id
INNER JOIN country AS coun ON city.country_id = coun.country_id
WHERE coun.country IN('India','China','United States','Japan','Mexico','Brazil','Russian
Federation','Phillipines','Turkey','Indonesia')
GROUP BY city, country
ORDER BY COUNT(customer_id) DESC
LIMIT 10;
```



The screenshot shows a PostgreSQL query editor with the following SQL query:

```
1 SELECT city.city, coun.country, COUNT(customer_id) AS num_of_customer
2 FROM customer
3 INNER JOIN address AS add ON customer.address_id = add.address_id
4 INNER JOIN city AS city ON add.city_id = city.city_id
5 INNER JOIN country AS coun ON city.country_id = coun.country_id
6 WHERE coun.country IN('India','China','United States','Japan','Mexico','Brazil','Russian Federation','Phillipines','Turkey','Indonesia')
7 GROUP BY city, country
8 ORDER BY COUNT(customer_id) DESC
9 LIMIT 10;
```

The results are displayed in a table with the following columns: city, country, and num_of_customer. The table shows the top 10 cities by the number of customers, ordered in descending order.

city	country	num_of_customer
Aurora	United States	2
Pingxiang	China	1
Sivas	Turkey	1
Dhule (Dhulia)	India	1
Kurashiki	Japan	1
Xintai	China	1
Adoni	India	1
Celaya	Mexico	1
Nezahualcoyotl	Mexico	1
Atlixco	Mexico	1

I used the same command as I used earlier on the find the top 10 countries and since I already had the top countries, all I had to do was use the WHERE/IN command to get exactly what I was looking for and once again, INNER JOIN does the job perfectly well and saves time.

3.

SELECT customer.customer_id, customer.first_name, customer.last_name, city.city,
coun.country, **SUM**(payment.amount) AS total_payment

FROM payment

INNER JOIN customer **AS** customer **ON** payment.customer_id = customer.customer_id

INNER JOIN address **AS** add **ON** customer.address_id = add.address_id

INNER JOIN city **AS** city **ON** add.city_id = city.city_id

INNER JOIN country **AS** coun **ON** city.country_id = coun.country_id

WHERE coun.country IN('India','China','United States','Japan','Mexico','Brazil','Russian
Federation','Phillipines','Turkey','Indonesia')

AND city.city IN
(('Aurora','Pingxiang','Sivas','Dhule(Dhulia)','Kurashiki','Xintai','Adoni','Celaya','Nezahualcyotl','Atl
ixco'))

GROUP BY customer.customer_id, customer.first_name, customer.last_name, city, country

ORDER BY total_payment **DESC**

LIMIT 5;

Dashboard × Properties × Statistics × Dependencies × Dependents × Processes × SQL × Rockbuster/postgres@PostgreSQL 17* ×

Rockbuster/postgres@PostgreSQL 17

Query Query History

```
1 SELECT customer.customer_id, customer.first_name, customer.last_name, city.city, coun.country, SUM(payment.amount) AS total_payment
2 FROM payment
3 INNER JOIN customer AS customer ON payment.customer_id = customer.customer_id
4 INNER JOIN address AS add ON customer.address_id = add.address_id
5 INNER JOIN city AS city ON add.city_id = city.city_id
6 INNER JOIN country AS coun ON city.country_id = coun.country_id
7 WHERE coun.country IN ('India', 'China', 'United States', 'Japan', 'Mexico', 'Brazil', 'Russian Federation', 'Phillipines', 'Turkey', 'Indonesia')
8 AND city.city IN ('Aurora', 'Pingxiang', 'Sivas', 'Dhule(Dhulia)', 'Kurashiki', 'Xintai', 'Adoni', 'Celaya', 'Nezahualcyotl', 'Atlixco')
9 GROUP BY customer.customer_id, customer.first_name, customer.last_name, city, country
10 ORDER BY total_payment DESC
11 LIMIT 5;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

Showing rows: 1 to 5 Page No: 1 of 1

	customer_id integer	first_name character varying (45)	last_name character varying (45)	city character varying (50)	country character varying (50)	total_payment numeric
1	84	Sara	Perry	Atlixco	Mexico	128.70
2	518	Gabriel	Harder	Sivas	Turkey	108.75
3	587	Sergio	Stanfield	Celaya	Mexico	102.76
4	537	Clinton	Buford	Aurora	United States	98.76
5	367	Adam	Gooch	Adoni	India	97.80

Total rows: 5 Query complete 00:00:00.101 LF Ln 9, Col 19