Decentralized Online Optimization

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Abstract

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1 Notations and assumptions

For any $i \in [n]$ and $t \in [T]$, the random variable $\xi_{i,t}$ is subject to a distribution $D_{i,t}$, that is,

$$\xi_{i,t} \sim D_{i,t}$$
.

Besides, a set of random variables $\Xi_{n,T}$ and the corresponding set of distributions are defined by

$$\Xi_{n,T} = \{\xi_{i,t}\}_{1 \le i \le n, 1 \le t \le T}$$
, and $\mathcal{D}_{n,T} = \{D_{i,t}\}_{1 \le i \le n, 1 \le t \le T}$,

respectively. For math brevity, we use the notation $\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}$ to represent that $\xi_{i,t} \sim D_{i,t}$ holds for any $i \in [n]$ and $t \in [T]$.

For any online algorithm $A \in \mathcal{A}$, define its dynamic regret as

$$\mathcal{R}_T^A = \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{t=1}^T f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_t^*; \xi_{i,t}) \right),$$

where, for any \mathbf{x} ,

$$f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}; \xi_{i,t}) := \beta g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}) + (1-\beta)h_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}; \xi_{i,t})$$

with $0 < \beta < 1$, and $\xi_{i,t}$ is a random variable drawn from an unknown distribution $D_{i,t}$. $g_{i,t}$ is an adversary loss function. $h_{i,t}(\cdot,\xi_{i,t})$ is a given loss function depending on the random variable $\xi_{i,t}$. Besides, we denote

$$H_{i,t}(\cdot) = \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{n,t \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} h_{i,t}(\cdot; \xi_{i,t}).$$

The budget of the dynamics is defined as

$$\sum_{t=1}^{T} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^* - \mathbf{x}_t^* \right\| \le M.$$

Assumption 1. We make the following assumptions.

• For any $i \in [n]$ and $t \in [T]$, there exists a constant G such that

$$\max \left\{ \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla h_t(\mathbf{x}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^2, \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^2 \right\} \leq G,$$

and

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla h_t(\mathbf{x}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_t(\mathbf{x})\|^2 \le \sigma_{i,t}^2.$$

- For any \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} , we assume $\|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}\|^2 \leq R$.
- For any $i \in [n]$ and $t \in [T]$, we assume the function $f_{i,t}$ is convex and differentiable, and the function H_t has L-Lipschitz gradients.

2 Algorithm

Algorithm 1 DOG: Decentralized Online Gradient.

Require: The learning rate η , number of iterations T, and the confusion matrix \mathbf{W} .

1: **for** t = 1, 2, ..., T **do**

For the *i*-th node with $i \in [n]$:

2: Predict $\mathbf{x}_{i,t}$.

3: Observe the loss function $f_{i,t}$,

and suffer loss $f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})$.

Update:

4: Query the gradient $\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})$.

5: $\mathbf{x}_{i,t+1} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathbf{W}_{i,j} \mathbf{x}_{j,t} - \eta \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}).$

Theorem 1. For any $0 \le \beta \le 1$ and $\eta > 0$, we denote

$$C_{1} = 11\beta + \frac{6\eta}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\beta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{\eta} \right) + 3L\eta \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4 \right),$$

$$C_{2} = \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\beta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{\eta} \right) \frac{4\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n\beta}.$$

Use Assumption 1, and choose $\eta > 0$ in Algorithm 1. We have

$$\mathcal{R}_{T}^{DOG} \leq \eta n TGC_{1} + \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4\right) n \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) + C_{2} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{n}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R\right).$$

Corollary 1. Using Assumption 1, and choosing

$$\eta = \sqrt{\frac{nM}{T(1+n\beta)}}$$

in Algorithm 1, we have

$$\mathcal{R}_T^{DOG} \lesssim \mathcal{O}\left(\sqrt{(1+n\beta)nMT}\right).$$

Appendix

Proof to Theorem 1:

Proof.

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - f_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*}; \xi_{i,t})$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta \left(g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) - g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*}) \right) + (1 - \beta) \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \left(h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*}; \xi_{i,t}) \right)$$

$$\leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta \left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\rangle + (1-\beta) \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\rangle$$

$$= \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta \left(\left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (1-\beta) \left(\left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (1-\beta) \left(\left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$= \underbrace{\mathbb{E}} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta \left(\left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle \right)}_{I_{1}(t)}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\mathbb{E}} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (1-\beta) \left(\left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle \right)}_{I_{2}(t)}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\mathbb{E}} \underset{I_{3}(t)}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(1 - \beta \right) \left(\left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle \right)}_{I_{3}(t)}$$

Now, we begin to bound $I_1(t)$.

$$I_{1}(t) \leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \frac{\beta}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{\eta}{2} \|\nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq \beta G \eta + \frac{\beta}{2n\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{\beta}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2}.$$

Now, we begin to bound $I_2(t)$.

$$I_2(t) = (1 - \beta) \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left\langle \nabla h_t(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t \right\rangle}_{J_1(t)} + \underbrace{\left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla h_t(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle}_{J_2(t)} \right).$$

For $J_1(t)$ and $\nu > 0$, we have

$$\begin{split} &J_{1}(t) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\langle \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\mathbb{C}}{\leq \frac{L}{n}} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \rangle$$

$$\leq \frac{L}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{1}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{\eta}{2\nu} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} + \frac{\nu}{2\eta} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{L}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{\eta}{2\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} + \frac{\nu}{2\eta n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}. \quad (1)$$

① holds due to H_t has L-Lipischitz gradients. According to Lemma 2, we have

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_t) \right\|^2$$

$$\leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_t) - H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right) + 2G\eta\beta^2 + \frac{\eta L^2(1-\beta)^2}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \mathbf{x}_{i,t} \right\|^2 + 3GL\eta^2 + \frac{2L\eta^2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_{i,t}^2.$$
(2)

Substituting (2) into (1), we obtain

$$\begin{split} & J_{1}(t) \\ & \leq \frac{L}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ & + \frac{2G\eta\beta^{2}}{\nu} + \frac{\eta L^{2}(1-\beta)^{2}}{n\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \mathbf{x}_{i,t} \right\|^{2} \\ & + \frac{3GL\eta^{2}}{\nu} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n\nu} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \\ & = \left(\frac{L}{n} + \frac{\eta L^{2}(1-\beta)^{2}}{n\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} \right) \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{1}{\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ & + \frac{G\eta(2\beta^{2} + 3L\eta)}{\nu} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{1}{\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ & + \frac{G\eta(2\beta^{2} + 3L\eta)}{\nu} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{2n\eta} \underset{\Sigma_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{1}{\nu} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ & + \frac{G\eta(2\beta^{2} + 3L\eta)}{\nu} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{2n\eta} \underset{\Sigma_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{i=1}{\mathbb{E}} \eta \sigma_{i,t}^{2}. \end{split}$$

For $J_2(t)$, we have

$$J_{2}(t)$$

$$= \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle$$

$$\leq \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2}$$

$$\leq \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) + \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2}$$

$$\leq \eta \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + \eta \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\
+ \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\
\leq \frac{\eta}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \eta \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\
\leq \frac{\eta}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + 2\eta \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\
\leq \frac{\eta}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{2\eta L^{2}}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\
\leq \frac{\eta}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{2\eta L^{2}}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\
+ 2\eta \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2}. \tag{3}$$

The last inequality holds due to H_t has L Lipschitz gradients. Substituting (2) into (3), and we have

$$\begin{split} & J_{2}(t) \\ & \leq \frac{\eta}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{2\eta L^{2}}{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + 4 \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) + 8G\eta\beta^{2} \\ & + \frac{4\eta L^{2}(1-\beta)^{2}}{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + 12GL\eta^{2} + \frac{8L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \\ & \leq \frac{\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \left(2\eta L^{2} + 4\eta L^{2}(1-\beta)^{2}\right) \frac{1}{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Sigma_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + 4 \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) \\ & + 8G\eta\beta^{2} + 12GL\eta^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Sigma_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + 4 \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) \\ & + 8G\eta\beta^{2} + 12GL\eta^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Sigma_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + 4 \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) \\ & + 8G\eta\beta^{2} + 12GL\eta^{2} + \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Sigma_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2}. \end{split}$$

Therefore, we obtain

$$\begin{split} &I_{2}(t) \\ &= (1-\beta)(J_{1}(t)+J_{2}(t)) \\ &= (1-\beta)\left(\frac{L}{n}+\frac{\eta L^{2}}{n\nu}+\frac{\nu}{2n\eta}+\frac{6\eta L^{2}}{n}\right) \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1}\sim\mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n}\|\mathbf{x}_{i,t}-\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}+(1-\beta)\left(\frac{1}{\nu}+4\right) \underset{\Xi_{n,t}\sim\mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})-H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ &+(1-\beta)\left(2G\eta\beta^{2}\left(\frac{1}{\nu}+4\right)+\frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t}\sim\mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}}\|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}-\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2}\right) \\ &+\frac{(1-\beta)3LG\eta^{2}}{\nu}\left(\frac{1}{\nu}+4\right)+(1-\beta)\frac{\nu(\eta+8nL\eta^{2})+2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \sum_{i=1}^{n}\sigma_{i,t}^{2} \end{split}$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{L}{n} + \frac{\eta L^2}{n\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} + \frac{6\eta L^2}{n}\right) \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\right\|^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) \\ + 2G\eta\beta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{1-\beta}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\right\|^{2} + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}.$$

Combine those bounds of $I_1(t)$ and $I_2(t)$. We thus have

$$I_1(t) + I_2(t)$$

$$\begin{split} & \leq \beta G \eta + \frac{\beta}{2n\eta} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \frac{\beta}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \\ & + \left(\frac{L}{n} + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{n\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} + \frac{6\eta L^{2}}{n}\right) \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) \\ & + 2G\eta\beta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{1-\beta}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \\ & \leq \left(1 + 2\beta \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right)\right) \beta G\eta + \left(\frac{L}{n} + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{n\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} + \frac{6\eta L^{2}}{n} + \frac{\beta}{2n\eta}\right) \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathbf{x}_{t}} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \\ & + \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} (H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) + \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \\ & + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \\ & + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \\ & + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + 3LG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{2}{\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\mathbf{z}_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right) \\ & + \frac{$$

Therefore, we have

$$\sum_{t=1}^{T} (I_{1}(t) + I_{2}(t))$$

$$\leq \left(1 + 2\beta \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right)\right) T\beta G\eta + \left(\frac{L}{n} + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{n\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2n\eta} + \frac{6\eta L^{2}}{n} + \frac{\beta}{2n\eta}\right) \underset{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}$$

$$+ \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) (H_{1}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{T+1}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{T+1})) + \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}\|^{2}$$

$$+ 3TLG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4\right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n^{2}\nu} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}.$$

Now, we begin to bound $I_3(t)$. Recall that the update rule is

$$\mathbf{x}_{i,t+1} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathbf{W}_{ij} \mathbf{x}_{j,t} - \eta \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}).$$

By taking average over $i \in [n]$ on both sides, we have

$$\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} = \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \eta \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right). \tag{4}$$

Denote a new auxiliary function $h(\mathbf{z})$ as

$$\phi(\mathbf{z}) = \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{z} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{2\eta} \|\mathbf{z} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}.$$

Note that (4) is equivalent to

$$\begin{split} \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} &= \operatorname*{argmin}_{\mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{R}^d} \phi(\mathbf{z}) \\ &= \operatorname*{argmin}_{\mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{R}^d} \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \mathbf{z} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{2\eta} \|\mathbf{z} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t\|^2 \,. \end{split}$$

Furthermore, denote a new auxiliary variable $\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\tau}$ as

$$\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\tau} = \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} + \tau \left(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right),$$

where $0 \le \tau \le 1$. According to the optimality of $\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}$, we have

$$0 \leq \phi(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\tau}) - \phi(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\tau} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{2\eta} \left(\|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\tau} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} - \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right)$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \tau(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right\rangle + \frac{1}{2\eta} \left(\|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} + \tau(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} - \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \right)$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \tau(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right\rangle + \frac{1}{2\eta} \left(\|\tau(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\|^{2} + 2 \left\langle \tau(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle \right).$$

Dividing τ on both sides, and letting τ be close to 0, we have

$$I_{3}(t) = \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\rangle$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\lim_{\tau \to 0} \tau \left\| (\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right\|^{2} + 2 \left\langle \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}, \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}, \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\|^{2} - \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} - \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \right). \tag{5}$$

Besides, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} - \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \\ &= \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\|^{2} - \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\|^{2} - 2 \left\langle \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}, -\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} + \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\rangle \\ &= \left(\left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\| - \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| \right) \left(\left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\| + \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| \right) - 2 \left\langle \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}, -\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} + \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\rangle \\ &\leq \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| \left(\left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} \right\| + \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| \right) - 2 \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\| \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| \\ &\leq 4\sqrt{R} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\|. \quad (\text{due to } \left\| \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \right\|^{2} \leq R, \forall \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{X}) \end{aligned}$$

Thus, telescoping $I_3(t)$ over $t \in [T]$, we have

$$\begin{split} & \sum_{t=1}^{T} I_{3}(t) \\ \leq & \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{n,T} \left(4\sqrt{R} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left\| \mathbf{x}_{t+1}^{*} - \mathbf{x}_{t}^{*} \right\| + \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1} \right\|^{2} - \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{T}^{*} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{T+1} \right\|^{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2\eta} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{n,T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{n,T} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2} \end{split}$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R \right) - \frac{1}{2\eta} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} \right\|^{2}.$$

Combining those bounds of $I_1(t)$, $I_2(t)$ and $I_3(t)$ together, we finally obtain

$$\begin{split} & \underset{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - f_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*}; \xi_{i,t}) \\ & \leq n \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(I_{1}(t) + I_{2}(t) + I_{3}(t) \right) \\ & \leq \left(1 + 2\beta \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) \right) n T \beta G \eta + \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2\eta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{2\eta} \right) \underset{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \\ & + \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) n \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right) \\ & + 3n T L G \eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8n L \eta^{2}) + 2n L \eta^{2}}{n \nu} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{n}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R \right) \\ & \stackrel{\text{\tiny C}}{\leq} \left(1 + 2\beta \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) \right) n T \beta G \eta + \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\nu} + \frac{\nu}{2\eta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{2\eta} \right) \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1 - \rho)^{2}} \left(6n T G + 4 \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \right) \\ & + \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) n \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right) \\ & + 3n T L G \eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu} + 4 \right) + \frac{\nu(\eta + 8n L \eta^{2}) + 2n L \eta^{2}}{n \nu} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{n}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R \right). \end{split}$$

① holds due to Lemma 3, that is,

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \le \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(6nTG + 4\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}\right).$$

When $\nu = \beta$, we finally have

$$\mathcal{R}_{T}^{DOG}$$

$$\begin{split} &= \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - f_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{t}^{*}; \xi_{i,t}) \\ &\leq 11nT\beta G \eta + \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\beta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{\eta}\right) \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(6nTG + 4\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}\right) \\ &+ \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4\right) n \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) + 3nTLG\eta^{2} \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4\right) \\ &+ \frac{\beta(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n\beta} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{n}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R\right) \\ &= \eta nTG \left(11\beta + \frac{6\eta}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\beta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{\eta}\right) + 3L\eta \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4\right)\right) + \left(\frac{1}{\beta} + 4\right) n \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{1}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})\right) \\ &+ \left(\left(L + \frac{\eta L^{2}}{\beta} + 6\eta L^{2} + \frac{\beta}{\eta}\right) \frac{4\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} + \frac{\beta(\eta + 8nL\eta^{2}) + 2nL\eta^{2}}{n\beta}\right) \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + \frac{n}{2\eta} \left(4\sqrt{R}M + R\right). \end{split}$$

It completes the proof.

Lemma 1. For any β with $0 \le \beta \le 1$, we have

$$\mathbb{E}_{n,t} \left\| \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^2 \le 6G + 4\sigma_{i,t}^2.$$

Proof.

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}
= \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\beta \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) + (1-\beta)\nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}
\leq 2\beta^{2} \|\nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2} + 2(1-\beta)^{2} \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}
\leq 2G\beta^{2} + 2(1-\beta)^{2} \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) + \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2}
\leq 2G\beta^{2} + 4(1-\beta)^{2} \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla h_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) - \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2} + 4(1-\beta)^{2} \|\nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})\|^{2}
\leq 2G\beta^{2} + 4(1-\beta)^{2} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} + 4(1-\beta)^{2} G
\leq 6G + 4\sigma_{i,t}^{2}.$$

Lemma 2.

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\nabla H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_t)\|^2$$

$$\leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} (H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_t) - H_t(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1})) + 2G\eta\beta^2 + \frac{\eta L^2(1-\beta)^2}{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \sum_{i=1}^n \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \mathbf{x}_{i,t}\|^2 + 3GL\eta^2 + \frac{2L\eta^2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_{i,t}^2.$$
(6)

Proof.

$$\begin{split} & \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \\ & \leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\rangle + \frac{L}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} \right\|^{2} \\ & = \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), -\frac{\eta}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\rangle + \frac{L}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{\eta}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & \leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\langle \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}), -\frac{\eta}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\rangle + \frac{L\eta^{2}}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & = \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} - \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & + \frac{L\eta^{2}}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & \stackrel{\mathbb{E}}{\leq} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\beta \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) + (1-\beta)\nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t})) \right\|^{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} & - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \\ & \leq \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \\ & + \frac{\eta}{2} \left(2\beta^{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla g_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 2(1-\beta)^{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla H_{t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \right) \\ & \leq \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + \frac{\eta}{2} \left(4\beta^{2}G + 2(1-\beta)^{2}L^{2} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \mathbf{x}_{i,t} \right\|^{2} \right) - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & - \frac{\eta}{2} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \\ & \leq \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) + 2\eta\beta^{2}G + \eta(1-\beta)^{2}L^{2} \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \mathbf{x}_{i,t} \right\|^{2} \right) \\ & - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \right) \\ & - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2} \right) \\ & - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} \mathop{\mathbb{E}}_{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\ & + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) \right\|^{2} + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}$$

① holds due to Lemma 1. Finally, we obtain

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} \\
\leq \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\nabla H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t})\|^{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \left\| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}) \right\|^{2} \\
\leq \underset{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}}{\mathbb{E}} \left(H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}) - H_{t}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1}) \right) + 2G\eta\beta^{2} + \frac{\eta L^{2}(1-\beta)^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \underset{\Xi_{n,t-1} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t-1}}{\mathbb{E}} \|\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t} - \mathbf{x}_{i,t}\|^{2} + 3GL\eta^{2} + \frac{2L\eta^{2}}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}.$$

It completes the proof.

Lemma 3.

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2} \leq \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(6nTG + 4\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i,t}^{2}\right).$$

Proof. Recall that

$$\mathbf{x}_{i,t+1} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathbf{W}_{ij} \mathbf{x}_{j,t} - \eta \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}),$$

and

$$\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} = \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \eta \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right).$$

Denote

$$\mathbf{X}_t = [\mathbf{x}_{1,t}, \mathbf{x}_{2,t}, ..., \mathbf{x}_{n,t}] \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n},$$

$$\mathbf{G}_t = [\nabla f_{1,t}(\mathbf{x}_{1,t}; \xi_{1,t}), \nabla f_{2,t}(\mathbf{x}_{2,t}; \xi_{2,t}), ..., \nabla f_{n,t}(\mathbf{x}_{n,t}; \xi_{n,t})] \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}.$$

By letting $\mathbf{x}_{i,1} = \mathbf{0}$ for any $i \in [n]$, the update rule is re-formulated as

$$\mathbf{X}_{t+1} = \mathbf{X}_t \mathbf{W} - \eta \mathbf{G}_t = -\sum_{s=1}^t \eta \mathbf{G}_s \mathbf{W}^{t-s}.$$

Similarly, denote $\bar{\mathbf{G}}_t = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})$, and we have

$$\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t+1} = \bar{\mathbf{x}}_t - \eta \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t}) \right) = -\sum_{s=1}^t \eta \bar{\mathbf{G}}_s.$$
 (7)

Therefore,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{(1)}}{=} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\| \sum_{s=1}^{t-1} \eta \bar{\mathbf{G}}_{s} - \eta \mathbf{G}_{s} \mathbf{W}^{t-s-1} \mathbf{e}_{i} \right\|^{2}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{(2)}}{=} \left\| \sum_{s=1}^{t-1} \eta \mathbf{G}_{s} \mathbf{v}_{1} \mathbf{v}_{1}^{\mathrm{T}} - \eta \mathbf{G}_{s} \mathbf{W}^{t-s-1} \right\|_{F}^{2}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{(3)}}{\leq} \left(\eta \rho^{t-s-1} \left\| \sum_{s=1}^{t-1} \mathbf{G}_{s} \right\|_{F} \right)^{2}$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{s=1}^{t-1} \eta \rho^{t-s-1} \|\mathbf{G}_{s}\|_{F} \right)^{2}.$$

① holds due to \mathbf{e}_i is a unit basis vector, whose *i*-th element is 1 and other elements are 0s. ② holds due to $\mathbf{v}_1 = \frac{\mathbf{1}_n}{\sqrt{n}}$. ③ holds due to Lemma 4.

Thus, we have

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \|\mathbf{x}_{i,t} - \bar{\mathbf{x}}_{t}\|^{2}$$

$$\leq \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \left(\sum_{s=1}^{t-1} \eta \rho^{t-s-1} \|\mathbf{G}_{s}\|_{F} \right)^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \left(\sum_{t=1}^{T} \|\mathbf{G}_{t}\|_{F}^{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\eta^{2}}{(1-\rho)^{2}} \left(\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,t} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,t}} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2} \right)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{T} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{\Xi_{n,T} \sim \mathcal{D}_{n,T}} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{i=1}^{T} \|\nabla f_{i,t}(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}; \xi_{i,t})\|^{2}$$

(1) holds due to Lemma 5. (2) holds due to Lemma 1. It completes the proof.

Lemma 4 (Appeared in Lemma 5 in [Tang et al., 2018]). For any matrix $\mathbf{X}_t \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$, decompose the confusion matrix \mathbf{W} as $\mathbf{W} = \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i \mathbf{v}_i \mathbf{v}_i^{\mathrm{T}} = \mathbf{P} \boldsymbol{\Lambda} \mathbf{P}^{\mathrm{T}}$, where $\mathbf{P} = [\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, ..., \mathbf{v}_n] \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, \mathbf{v}_i is the normalized eigenvector of λ_i . $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ is a diagonal matrix, and λ_i be its i-th element. We have

$$\left\|\mathbf{X}_{t}\mathbf{W}^{t} - \mathbf{X}_{t}\mathbf{v}_{1}\mathbf{v}_{1}^{\mathrm{T}}\right\|_{F}^{2} \leq \left\|\rho^{t}\mathbf{X}_{t}\right\|_{F}^{2},$$

where $\rho = \max\{|\lambda_2(\mathbf{W})|, |\lambda_n(\mathbf{W})|\}.$

Lemma 5 (Appeared in Lemma 6 in [Tang et al., 2018]). Given two non-negative sequences $\{a_t\}_{t=1}^{\infty}$ and $\{b_t\}_{t=1}^{\infty}$ that satisfying

$$a_t = \sum_{s=1}^t \rho^{t-s} b_s,$$

with $\rho \in [0,1)$, we have

$$\sum_{t=1}^{k} a_t^2 \le \frac{1}{(1-\rho)^2} \sum_{s=1}^{k} b_s^2.$$

References

H. Tang, S. Gan, C. Zhang, T. Zhang, and J. Liu. Communication Compression for Decentralized Training. arXiv.org, Mar. 2018.