

----- session one and two -----

(برای مفرد - در واقع این کلمه برای گذشته است) = بود | بودم | بودش = was

(برای جمع - در واقع این کلمه برای گذشته است) = بودی | بودند | بودیم = were

(برای مفرد - در واقع این کلمه برای گذشته است) = نبود | نبودم | نبودش = was not | wasn't

(برای جمع - در واقع این کلمه برای گذشته است) = نبودی | نبودند | نبودیم = were not | weren't

wonderful = فوق العاده

awful = وحشتناک (آوفول)

noisy = پر سر و صدا

quiet = ساکت

snowman = آدم برفی

nephew = برادر زاده یا خواهر زاده (پسر | تلفظ : نیفیو)

niece = برادر زاده یا خواهر زاده (دختر | تلفظ : نیس)

gift = هدیه

guys = بچه ها

hometown = زادگاه | اصالت

promise = قول

fantastic = خارق العاده

amazing = شگفت انگیز

legend = افسانه ای

real = واقعی

soon = زودی

many = بسیار

collect = مجموعه | جمع آوری

normally = معمولی

wedding = عروسی

Exactly = دقیقاً

hang over = هنگ (به کسی میگویند که سیاه مست کرده)

past = گذشته

boring = for things

bored = for person

exciting = for things

excited = person

kitten = baby cat

puppy = baby dog

میاید at سپس look معمولا بعد از

for examle : look at

: نکات گرامری

now (الان) :

I = (am)

he, she, it = (is)

you, we, they = (are)

past (گذشته) :

I, he, she, it = (was)

در واقع برای مفرد ها واس میاید

you, we, they = (were)

درواقع برای جمع ها وِ میاید

تبدیل حال به قدیم :

was = as, is

were = are

make singular normaly past : I, He, She, It + Was + sub + ...

make plural normaly past : You, We, They + Were + sub + ...

make negative past : (I, He, She, It) OR (You, We, They) + (Was not | Wasn't) OR (Were not | Weren't) + sub + ...

make question past : (Was) OR (Were) + (I, He, She, It) OR (You, We, They) + sub + ...

make WH question past : WH word + (Was) OR (Were) + (I, He, She, It) OR (You, We, They) + sub + ...

make with ing past : (I, He, She, It) OR (You, We, They) + (Was) OR (Were) + none(ing) + ...

نکته : با واس یا وِ میتواند آی ان جی بیاید

for example :

he was going = اون داشت میرفت

they were coming back = آنها داشتند برمیگشتند

They were playing football = اونها داشتند فوتبال بازی میکردن

I was training = من داشتم تمرین میکردم

----- session three and four -----

countable = قابل شمارش

uncountable = غیر قابل شمارش

topic = موضوع

few = چند

few days | few week | few month = چند ماه | چند هفته | چند روز

pizza = پیتزا : تلفظ

purple = بنفش

grey = طوسی

brown = قهوه ای

light color = کم رنگ

dark color = پر رنگ

pink panther = پلنگ صورتی

ugly = زشت (تلفظ : آگلی)

yuck = اوه

our = ما (تلفظ : آور)

poor = فقیر

last month | last year | last day = ماه پیش | سال پیش | روز پیش

hurry = عجله کن

rude = بی ادب

impolite = بی ادب

polite = مودب

I can = (تلفظ : آی کِن)

actor = بازیگر (برای استفاده آقا و خانم)

actress = بازیگر (برای استفاده خانم)

prison = زندان (تلفظ : پِرِزِن)

where were you = کجا بودی ؟

do you understand = آیا متوجه شدی ؟

reading 1990 and 1909 and same example :

2024 = 2 by 2 read

2009 = completed read

it = زمانی که جنسیت شخصی که راجبش حرف میزنیم را نمیدانستیم از ایت استفاده میکنیم

----- session five and six -----

stuffed animals = عروسکهای پارچه ای

behind (n) = پشت

bravo = آفرین

photographer (n) = عکاس

keep (n, v) = نگه داشتن

comic book = کتاب داستان انیمیشنی

action (n) = جنگی | اکشن

handsome (better for man) = زیبا

beautiful (better for woman) = زیبا

war = جنگ

messy (adj) = شلخته

strange = عجیب (تلفظ: استرینج)

Snake (n) = مار

autograph(n, v) = امضا

awake (adj) = بیدار

asleep (adj) = خوابیده

weak (adj) = ضعیف

strong (adj) = قوی

soft (adj) = نرم

low = کم

high = زیاد

alive = زنده

dead = مرده

paternal (adj) = پدری

maternal (adj) = مادری

child hood (0 to 12) = دوران بچگی

teenage hood (13 to 18) = دوران نوجوانی

adult hood (19 to dead) = دوران بزرگسالی

asleep != awake : خوابیده | بیدار

wide != narrow : عریض | باریک

weak != strong : ضعیف | قوی

heavy != light : سنگین | سبک

soft != hard : نرم | سخت

low != high : کم | زیاد

rich != poor : پولدار | فقیر

dead != alive : مرده | زنده

parernal != maternal : پدری | مادری

in my point of view = از نگاه من

in my book = به اندیشه من

rest in peace = روحش شاد (نوعی تسلیت)

maternal aunt = خاله

Do, Does = فقط زمانی که ورب یا فعل داریم از این دو استفاده میکنیم

for example :

Do you study ? (verb study)

Are you teacher (not verb)

----- session seven and eghit -----

comfortable (adj) = راحت (کامفِٹیل)

uncomfortable (adj) = ناراحت (آن کامفِٹیل)

appearance (n) = ظاهر (آپیرنس)

beard (n) = ریش (بیرد)

beer (n) = آبجو

stuff (n) = چیز | ماده (استاف)

wink (n) = چشمک

hit on = کشف کردن | مخ زدن (هیت آن)

compare = مقایسه (کامپیر)

is it ok = اوکیه ؟

had = داشتم

have همان است

اما برای زمان گذشته به کار میرود

----- session nine and ten -----

Foodstuffs(n) = مواد غذایی (فودستاف)

fruit(n) = میوه

apple(n) = سیب

banana(n) = موز

coconut(n) = نارگیل

orange(n) = پرتقال

Pineapple(n) = آناناس (پاین آپل)

peach(n) = هلو

pear(n) = گلابی

tomato(n) = گوجه

green tomato(n) = گوجه سبز

lemon(n) = لیمو

strawberry(n) = توت فرنگی

Mulberry(n) = توت

BlackBerry(n) = شاه توت

blueberry(n) = بلوبری

grape(n) = انگور

tangerine(n) = نارنگی (تینجَرین)

avocado(n) = آووکادو

Kiwi(n) = کیوی

mango(n) = انبه

cucumber(n) = خیار

vegetable(n) = سبزی (وِجِٹِبِلز)

potato(n) = سیب زمینی

French fries(n) = سیب زمینی سرخ کرده

mushroom(n) = قارچ

garlic(n) = سیر

onion(n) = پیاز

lettuce(n) = کاهو (لَاتِز)

cabbage(n) = کلم (کبیج)

carrot(n) = هویج

pepper(n) = فلفل (پپر)

Salt (n) = نمک

green pepper(n) = فلفل سبز

frozen(n) = منجمد | یخ

cook(v) = پختن

fresh(adj) = تازه

animals(n) = حیوانات

cow(n) = گاو (گاو ماده | تلفظ : کوو)

sheep(n) = گوسفند

lamb(n) = بره

chicken(n) = مرغ

duck(n) = اردک

pig(n) = خوک

fish(n) = ماهی

meat(n) = گوشت (use general)

beef(n) = گوشت (گوشت گاو یا گوساله)

lamb(n) = گوشت (گوشت گوسفند یا بره)

chicken(n) = مرغ (میتواند برای استفاده از گوشت مرغ باشد)

duck(n) = اردک (میتواند برای استفاده از گوشت اردک باشد)

pork(n) = گوشت (گوشت خوک)

bacon(n) = بیکن

sausages(n) = سوسیس (ساسیج)

nuts(n) = آجیل (ناتز)

bread(n) = نان

butter(n) = کره

Cheese(n) = پنیر

sandwich(n) = ساندویچ

soup(n) = سوپ

taste(n) = طعم

sweet(n) = شیرین (اِسویت)

salad(n) = سالاد

seafood(n) = غذای دریایی

try(n) = تلاش

political(n) = سیاسی

continue(n) = ادامه

regular (n) = با قاعده (رِگولار)

irregular (n) = بی قاعده (ایرِگولار)

later (adv) = بعد

Be (v) = باش (for example : Be quite = ساکت باش | be human = آدم باش)

SIMPLE PAST :

make sentences with simple past : subject + simple past verb

make negative sentences with simple past : subject + did not | didn't + simple verb (normaly verb)

make question sentences with simple past : did + subject + simple verb (normaly verb)

Few important word with simple past 'irregular' :

do / does = did

be = was / were

have = had

can = could (کود)

say = said (سِد)

speak = spoke

go = went

get = got (گات)

give = gave (گیو)

come = came (کیم)

see = saw (ساو)

make = made

know = knew (نُو)

take = took

find = found

think = thought (فات)

tell = told

leave = left

feel = felt

keep = kept

meet = met

buy = bought (بات)

choose = chose (چُس)

draw = drew

drink = drank

drive = drove

eat = ate (إيت)

fly = flew

forget = forgot (فورگات)

mean = met

run = ran

sell = sold

send = sent

sing = sang

sit = sat

sleep = slept

swim = swam

teach = taught (تات)

understand = understood

wake = woke

wear = wore

win = won

write = wrote (رُت)

Few important word with simple past '-ed' :

play = played

work = worked (وُركد)

love = loved (لاود)

live = lived (ليود)

need = needed (نيِدِد)

want = wanted (وانتِد)

ask = asked

stay = stayed

walk = walked

talk = talked

show = showed

travel = traveled

Few important word with simple past '-d' :

like = liked (لایکد)

decide = decided

arrive = arrived

simple past

Few important word with simple past '-ied' :

study = studied (اِسْتَدِید | stʌdɪd)

carry = carried

marry = married (مَرِید)

reply = replied

enjoy = enjoyed

try = tried

apply = applied (اَپَلِید)

copy = copied

Few important word with simple past 'double consonant + ed' :

stop = stopped

plan = planned (پَلَنَد)

chat = chatted

Few important word with simple past 'Unchanged' :

cost = cost

cut = cut

put = put

read = read

نکته : دیگر هیچکدام از کلمات سیمپل ورب نخواهند گرفت

for example :

he is played soccer (FALSE)

he played soccer (TRUE)

نکته : تمامی ورب ها برای گذشته مشابه هستند و تفاوتی ندارند

for example :

For Simple present 'I, you, we, they' = do

For Simple present 'he, she, it' = does

For Simple past 'I, you, we, they, he, she, it' = did

for example :

For Simple present 'I, you, we, they' = say

For Simple present 'he, she, it' = says

For Simple past 'I, you, we, they, he, she, it' = said

for example :

For Simple present 'I, you, we, they' = have

For Simple present 'he, she, it' = has

For Simple past 'I, you, we, they, he, she, it' = had

نکته مهم :

اگر جمله سیمپل پست بود و دو کلمه ورب داشت ما فقط باید کلمه اول را به سیمپل ورب تبدیل کنیم

for example :

I didn't tried it (FALSE)

I didn't try it (TRUE)

for example :

She didn't understood (FALSE)

She didn't understand (TRUE)

نکته راجب (going to) :

زمانی از آن استفاده میکنیم که صد در صد از کاری که میخواهیم انجام دهیم مطمئن هستیم

(To Be) نکته راجب :

اگر ورب بیاید نیازی به استفاده از تویی نمیدونستی

مثال :

I love you

اما اگر اجکتیو بیاید باید از تویی استفاده کنیم

مثال :

I'm legend

----- session eleven and twelve -----

rice(n) = برنج

black beans(n) = لوبیا سیاه

green beans(n) = لوبیا سبز

steak(n) = استیک

soda(n) = نوشابه

fizzy(adj) = گازدار (منظور : نوشیدنی گازدار)

dessert(n) = دسر (دیزرت)

vegetarian(n, adj) = گیاه خوار

prawn(n) = شاه میگو

shrimp(n) = میگو

SIMPLE PAST :

make sentences with simple past : subject + simple past verb

make negative sentences with simple past : subject + did not | didn't + simple verb (normaly verb)

make question sentences with simple past : did + subject + simple verb (normaly verb)

----- session thirteen and fourteen -----

would(modal verb) = تمایل | خواسته (تلفظ : وود)

wouldn't (modal verb | contraction : would not) = تمایل نداشتن | نخواستن

I'd (contraction : I would) = من تمایل دارم | من میخوام

so = خیلی

hospitable(adj) = مهمان نواز (تلفظ : هاسپیتبل)

contraction(n) = مخفف (تلفظ : کانترکشن)

thirsty(adj) = تشنه (تلفظ : تِرسِتی)

sauce(n) = سس (تلفظ : ساوس)

traditional(adj) = سنتی (تَرَدیشینال)

delicious(adj) = خوشمزه (دِلِیشیوس)

branch = شعبه

rest in peace (contraction : R.I.P) = روحش شاد | روحش در آرامش

take away = بیرون بر (برای غذا استفاده میشود)

here you are = بفرمایید

استفاده میکنیم ؟ so چه زمانی از

زمانی که میخواهیم احساسات خود را بیان کنیم

for example :

I'm so sorry | That museum was so beautiful

کاربرد های would :

کاربرد اول: درخواست مودبانه

.

کاربرد دوم would :

سوال از کسی در مورد انجام کاری

.

نکته : کاربرد های بیشتری دارد اما ما هنوز یاد نگرفتیم

make sentences with would : subject + would + ...

make negative sentences with wouldn't or would not : subject + wouldn't or would not + ...

make question sentences with would : wh question + would + subject + ...

for example :

I would like a garlic and steak pizza.

I'd like the chicken.

example for question :

what would you like to drink ?

Would you please close the door?

----- session fifteen and exam -----