

# School Management System

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## 1. Scenario:

A school contains many students with a unique ID, name, location, grade, and birth date. each student has a parent that has an ID, name, and phone number.

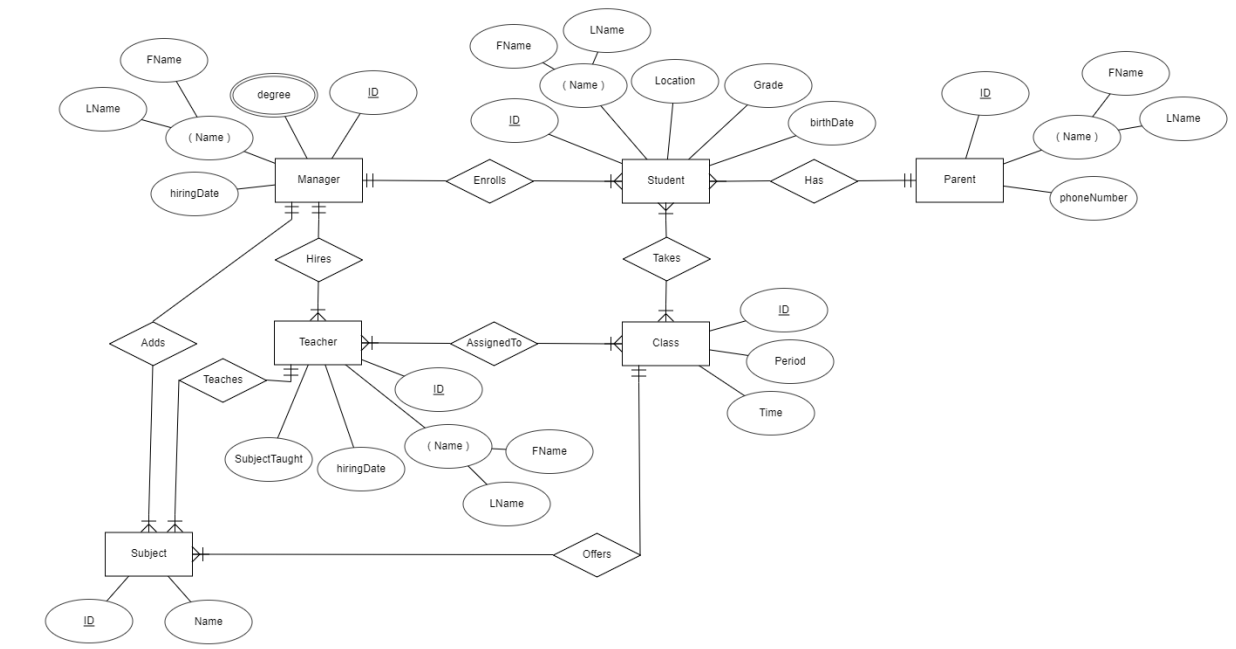
The school also contains a manager that has an ID, name, multiple degrees, and hiring date. the manager has the authority to hire teachers, enroll the students, and add subjects.

The manager hires teachers, each teacher has an ID, name, hiring date, and the subjects that he taught and teachers teach students subjects; each subject has an ID and name.

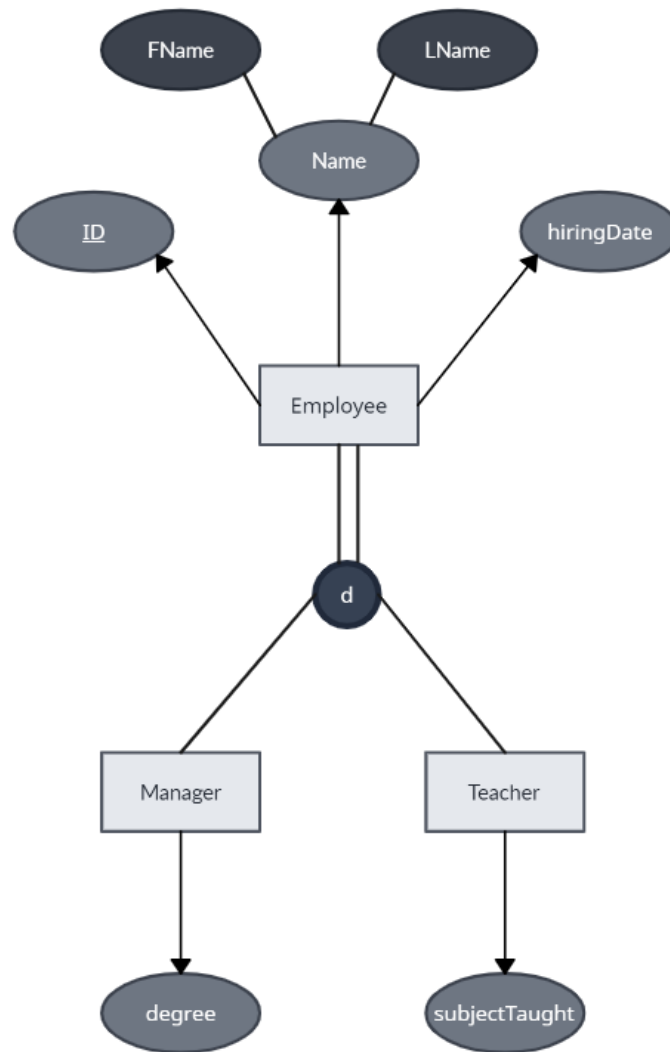
Each student takes classes and many students take each class, each class has an ID, Period, and time, and teachers are assigned to many classes.

The class can offer many subjects but the subject can be offered by one class.

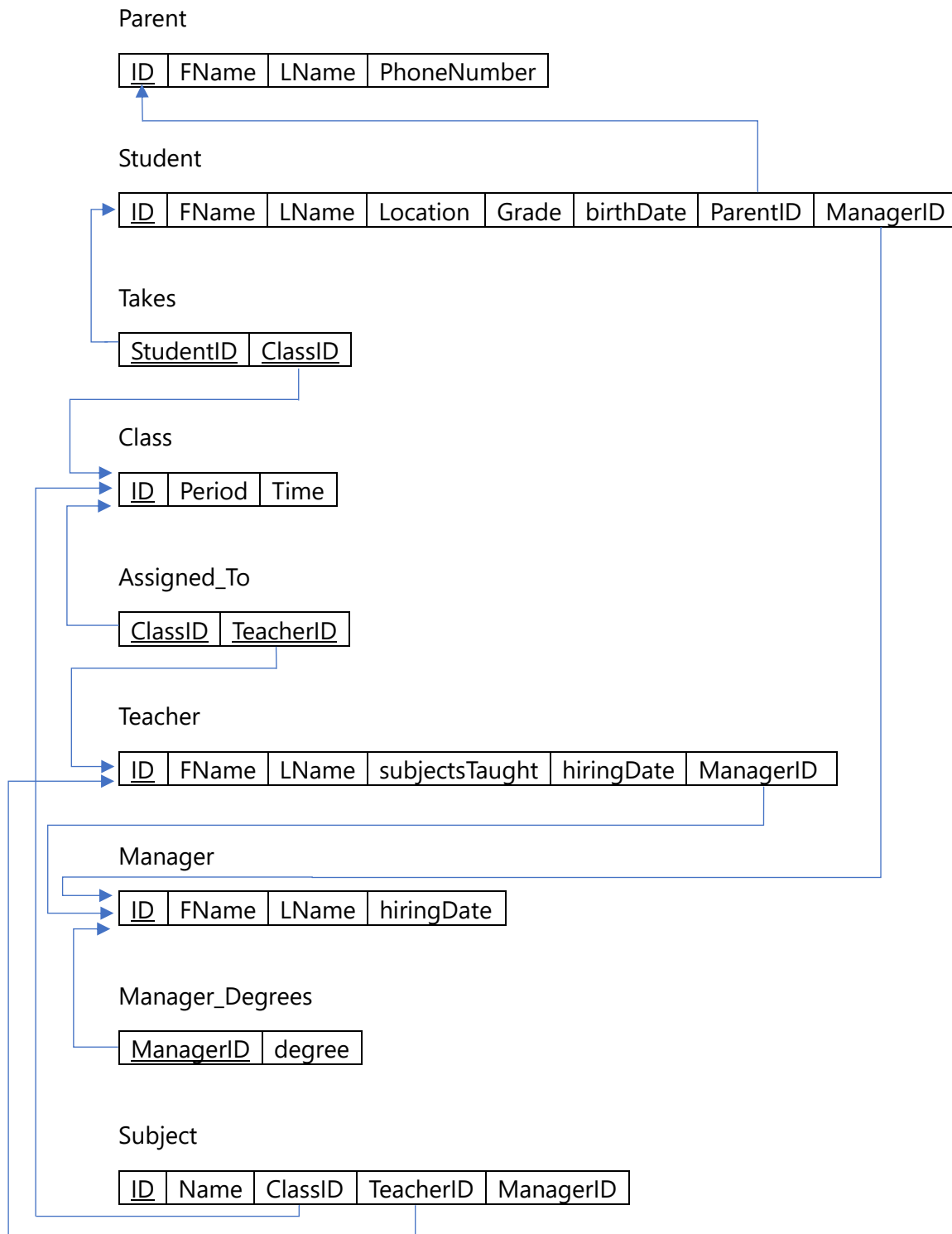
## 2. ER Diagram:



### 3. EER Modeling:



#### 4. Mapping:



## Phase 2

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### **1. Relational Database Constraints:**

- Primary Key Constraints:

Parent: Primary key constraint on the ID.

Student: Primary key constraint on the ID.

Class: Primary key constraint on the ID.

Teacher: Primary key constraint on the ID.

Manager: Primary key constraint on the ID.

Subject: Primary key constraint on the ID.

- Unique Constraints:

Parent: Unique constraint on the phoneNumber.

Class: Unique constraint on the combination of Period and time.

- Foreign Key Constraints:

Student: Foreign key constraints on ParentID and ManagerID referencing Parent(ID) and Manager(ID).

Takes: Foreign key constraints on StudentID and ClassID referencing Student(ID) and Class(ID).

Assigned\_To: Foreign key constraints on ClassID and TeacherID referencing Class(ID) and Teacher(ID).

Teacher: Foreign key constraint on ManagerID referencing Manager(ID).

Manager\_Degrees: Foreign key constraint on ManagerID referencing Manager(ID).

Subject: Foreign key constraints on ClassID, TeacherID, and ManagerID referencing Class(ID),

Teacher(ID), and Manager(ID).

## 2. Relational Algebra:

//Retrieve all students with a grade of '5<sup>th</sup> grade'.

$\sigma$  Students

grade = '5<sup>th</sup> grade'

//Retrieve the first name and last name of all teachers.

$\Pi$  Teacher

FName, LName

//Rename student attributes

$\rho$  Student

(stid, stname, staddress, grade)

//Student ID, FName who takes class 201.

$\pi$  (Student  $\bowtie$  Takes)

{ID, FName} {ID=StudentID and ClassID='201'}

//Retrieve subjects and the teachers who teach them

Subject  $\bowtie$  Teacher

{TeacherID=ID}

// Retrieve the names of students and their grades who are enrolled in class 'Math101' taught by 'Professor Smith'

$\pi$  ((Student  $\bowtie$  Takes)  $\bowtie$  Class)

{Student.FName, {ID=StudentID} {ClassID=Class.ID and instructor='Professor Smith'}

Student.LName,

Student.grade}

//Retrieve the parents of students who have a grade of '9th grade'.

```
 $\pi$  ((Student  $\bowtie$  Takes)  $\bowtie$  Parent)
{Parent.FName, {ID=StudentID and grade='9th Grade'} {ParentID=ID}
Parent.LName,
Parent.phoneNumber}
```

//Find the total number of students in each location.

```
location  $\mathcal{F}$  Student
count(id)
```

//Count the number of classes taught by each teacher.

```
teacher.FName, teacher.LName  $\mathcal{F}$  ((Teacher  $\bowtie$  Assigned_To)  $\bowtie$  Class)
count(class.id) {ID=TeacherID} {ClassID=Class.ID}
```

### 3. Functional Dependencies:

Student Table:

$ID \rightarrow FName, LName, grade, birthDate, ParentID, ManagerID$

$ParentID \rightarrow phoneNumber$

$ManagerID \rightarrow FName, LName, hiringDate$

Class Table:

$ID \rightarrow Period, time$

Teacher Table:

$ID \rightarrow FName, LName, subjectsTaught, hiringDate, ManagerID$

Manager Table:

$ID \rightarrow FName, LName, hiringDate$

Subject Table:

$ID \rightarrow name$

$ClassID \rightarrow name$

$TeacherID \rightarrow name$

$ManagerID \rightarrow name$

Takes Table:

$StudentID, ClassID \rightarrow (\text{other attributes})$

Assigned\_To Table:

$ClassID, TeacherID \rightarrow (\text{other attributes})$

Manager\_Degrees Table:

$ManagerID \rightarrow degree$

#### 4. Normalization:

Original Tables:

Parent Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
FName  
LName  
phoneNumber (Unique)

Student Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
FName  
LName  
location  
grade  
birthDate  
ParentID (FK)  
ManagerID (FK)

Class Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
Period  
time

Teacher Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
FName  
LName  
subjectsTaught  
hiringDate  
ManagerID (FK)

Manager Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
FName  
LName  
hiringDate

Subject Table (1NF already):

ID (PK)  
name  
ClassID (FK)  
TeacherID (FK)  
ManagerID (FK)



Takes Table (1NF already):

StudentID (FK)  
ClassID (FK)

Assigned\_To Table (1NF already):

ClassID (FK)  
TeacherID (FK)

Manager\_Degrees Table (1NF already):

ManagerID (FK)  
degree

Applying 2NF:

Student Table (2NF):

Create a new table for Student information:

Student\_Info Table:

ID (PK)  
FName  
LName  
location  
birthDate  
ParentID (FK)  
ManagerID (FK)

Takes Table (2NF):

StudentID (FK)  
ClassID (FK)  
(other attributes)