

Linear algebra, Exercise 2

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Exercise. ^a Let $T : V \rightarrow W$ be a linear transformation from one vector space V to another vector space W . Let v_1, \dots, v_n be vectors in V . Assume the span of v_1, \dots, v_n contains the null space $N(T)$ of T , and assume that the vectors $T(v_1), \dots, T(v_n)$ span W . Prove that the vectors v_1, \dots, v_n span V .

^aThis exercise is from www.math.ucla.edu/~tao/resource/general/115a.3.02f/practice.pdf

Proof. Prove by contradiction. Otherwise, there exists $v_{n+1} \in V$, such that $v_{n+1} \notin \text{Span}(v_1, \dots, v_n)$. From $\text{Span}(T(v_1), \dots, T(v_n)) = W$, we have

$$T(v_{n+1}) = a_1 T(v_1) + \dots + a_n T(v_n),$$

so

$$T(v_{n+1} - a_1 v_1 - \dots - a_n v_n) = 0_w,$$

which means that $v_{n+1} - a_1 v_1 - \dots - a_n v_n \in N(T)$. From $N(T) \subset \text{Span}(v_1, \dots, v_n)$, we have

$$v_{n+1} - a_1 v_1 - \dots - a_n v_n = b_1 v_1 + \dots + b_n v_n,$$

so

$$v_{n+1} = (a_1 + b_1)v_1 + \dots + (a_n + b_n)v_n.$$

This contradicts $v_{n+1} \notin \text{Span}(v_1, \dots, v_n)$. □

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