

## 《常微分方程教程》例 2.3.1

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例 (2.3.1).

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x}y = x^3 (x \neq 0)$$

解. 化为

$$dy + \left(\frac{1}{x}y - x^3\right)dx = 0.$$

如上不是恰当微分方程, 设

$$u(x)dy + u(x)\left(\frac{1}{x}y - x^3\right)dx = 0$$

是恰当的, 解得

$$\frac{du(x)}{dx} = u(x)\frac{1}{x}.$$

于是

$$u(x) = ae^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}, \text{不妨设 } a = 1, u(x) = x.$$

于是我们得到恰当微分方程

$$e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}dy + e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}\left(\frac{1}{x}y - x^3\right)dx = 0.$$

注意上面的微分方程的两个  $\int \frac{1}{x}dx$  是同一个函数. 设  $\phi(x, y)$  满足:

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} = e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx} \Rightarrow \phi = e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}y + f(x). \quad (1)$$

于是,

$$\frac{1}{x}ye^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx} + f'(x) = e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}\frac{1}{x}y - x^3e^{\int \frac{1}{x}dx}. \quad (2)$$

于是

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) = -x^3 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} &\Rightarrow f(x) = C - \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} + \frac{1}{16} x^4 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} - \frac{1}{64} x^4 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} + \dots \\&= \frac{-1}{5} x^4 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} + C.\end{aligned}$$

因此

$$\phi \equiv y e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} - \frac{1}{5} x^4 e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} + C = 0.$$

也即,

$$\phi \equiv xy - \frac{1}{5} x^5 + C = 0.$$

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