

## Theorem 7.8

Luqing Ye  
杭州吃饭大学理学院,学号:1002011005  
Email:h5411167@gmail.com  
2013. 11. 24

**Theorem.** Let  $\{y_m(x)\}$  be a sequence converging uniformly to  $y(x)$  in  $[\alpha, \beta]$ , and let  $f(x, y)$  be a continuous function in the domain  $D$  such that for all  $m$  and  $x$  in  $[\alpha, \beta]$  the points  $(x, y_m(x))$  are in  $D$ . Then

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t, y_m(t)) dt = \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} f(t, y_m(t)) dt = \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t, y(t)) dt. \quad (1)$$

*Proof.* Note that for all  $m$ ,  $f(t, y_m(t))$  is a function from  $\mathbf{R}$  to  $\mathbf{R}$ , and  $f(t, y(t))$  is also a function from  $\mathbf{R}$  to  $\mathbf{R}$ .

Because  $f(x, y)$  is continuous in the domain  $D$ , and  $(y_m(t))_{m=1}^{\infty}$  converges uniformly to  $y(t)$ , so we have  $(f(x, y_m(x)))_{m=1}^{\infty}$  converges uniformly to  $f(t, y(t))$ .

So according to Theorem 14.6.1 in Terence Tao's *Analysis*, (1) holds.  $\square$