## Exercise3.12

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**Exercise.** Let  $\omega$  and  $\nu$  be 1-forms on  $T_p\mathbf{R}^2$ . Show that  $\omega \wedge \nu(V_1,V_2)$  is the area of the parallelogram spanned by  $V_1$  and  $V_2$ , times the area of the parallelogram spanned by  $\langle \omega \rangle$  and  $\langle \nu \rangle$ .

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathit{Proof.} \ \, \mathrm{Let} \ \, V_1 = \langle p_1, p_2 \rangle, V_2 = \langle q_1, q_2 \rangle. \\ \mathrm{Let} \ \, \omega \langle dx, dy \rangle = \alpha dx + b dy = \langle \omega \rangle \cdot \\ \langle dx, dy \rangle, \nu \langle dx, dy \rangle = c dx + d dy = \langle \nu \rangle \cdot \langle dx, dy \rangle. \end{array}$ 

$$\begin{split} \omega \wedge \nu(V_1,V_2) &= \begin{vmatrix} \omega(V_1) & \nu(V_1) \\ \omega(V_2) & \nu(V_2) \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} \alpha p_1 + b p_2 & c p_1 + d p_2 \\ \alpha q_1 + b q_2 & c q_1 + d q_2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} p_1 & q_1 \\ p_2 & q_2 \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

Done.

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