# 《人工智能基础》实验报告三

## 2025 年 4 月 1 日

## 0.1 Package import

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split,GridSearchCV
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score,u

of1_score, confusion_matrix, roc_curve,u
oauc,precision_recall_curve,average_precision_score
import numpy as np
```

### 0.2 Dataset preprocessing and splitting

#### 0.3 Grid Search for hyperparameter tuning

```
[]: param grid = {
         'C': np.linspace(0.5, 1.5, 10), # 正则化
         'penalty': ['11', '12'],
         'solver': ["liblinear", "saga"],
         'max_iter': np.arange(50, 150, 10), # 迭代次数
         'class_weight': [None, 'balanced'],
         'fit_intercept': [True, False],
         'intercept_scaling': [1, 2],
         'multi_class': ['auto', 'ovr'],
    }
    grid_search = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(), param_grid, cv=10,_
     ⇔scoring='accuracy')
    grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print("最佳参数:", grid_search.best_params_)
    print("最佳得分:", grid_search.best_score_)
    print("最佳模型:", grid_search.best_estimator_)
```

#### 0.4 Train and test the model

/home/yee/conda/envs/zju-yee/lib/python3.10/sitepackages/sklearn/linear\_model/\_logistic.py:1247: FutureWarning: 'multi\_class'

```
was deprecated in version 1.5 and will be removed in 1.7. From then on, it will
always use 'multinomial'. Leave it to its default value to avoid this warning.
  warnings.warn(
/home/yee/conda/envs/zju-yee/lib/python3.10/site-
packages/sklearn/linear_model/_sag.py:348: ConvergenceWarning: The max_iter was
reached which means the coef_ did not converge
  warnings.warn(
```

#### 0.5 Model evaluation

```
[28]: accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
      precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
      recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
      f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred)
      print(f'准确率 (Accuracy): {accuracy:.2f}')
      print(f'精确率 (Precision): {precision:.2f}')
      print(f'召回率 (Recall): {recall:.2f}')
      print(f'F1 分数 (F1 Score): {f1:.2f}')
      conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
      plt.imshow(conf_matrix, interpolation='nearest', cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
      plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
      plt.ylabel('True Label')
      plt.show()
      fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
      roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)
      plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
```

```
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'ROC curve (area = {roc_auc:.2f})')
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
precision, recall, _ = precision_recall_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
average_precision = average_precision_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.plot(recall, precision, label=f'PR curve (area = {average_precision:.2f})')
plt.xlabel('Recall')
plt.ylabel('Precision')
plt.title('Precision-Recall Curve')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

准确率 (Accuracy): 0.97 精确率 (Precision): 0.96 召回率 (Recall): 0.99 F1 分数 (F1 Score): 0.97





