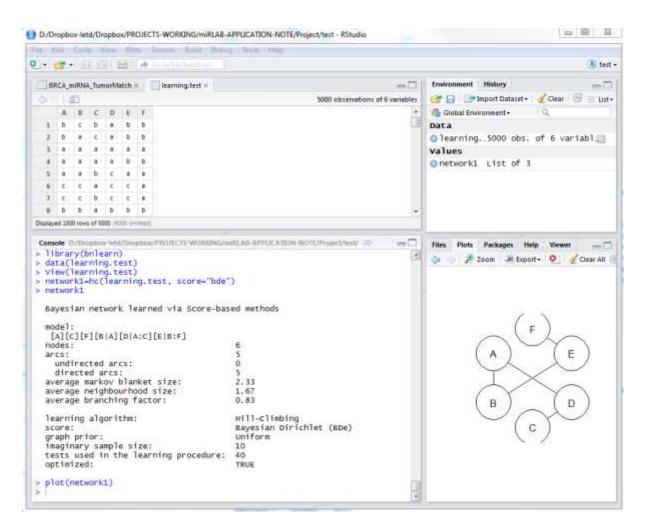
Practical 3: Bayesian Networks

I. <u>Learning Bayesian network structure from data – Search and</u> Score approaches

- 1. Start R or Rstudio (Recommended).
- 2. Install bnlearn and pcalg packages.
 - Select Tools→ install packages→specify the name of the package you want to install.
 - Tick the "Install dependencies" box to install all the dependent packages.
 - Click "Install".
- 3. Run the following codes to learn the Bayesian network structure for the dataset learning test using the Hill-Climbing algorithm.

```
> library(bnlearn)
> data(learning.test) #call an example built-in dataset
> View(learning.test)
> network1=hc(learning.test, score="bde")
> network1
```



- 4. Use the Tabu algorithm (replace hc with tabu) to learn the Bayesian network.
- 5. Compare the networks in Hill-climbing and Tabu.

II. <u>Learning Bayesian network structure from data – Constraint based approaches</u>

In this section, we use the PC algorithm from the *pcalg* package to learn the Bayesian network structure from data. Please refer to the user manual of pcalg for more details https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/pcalg/pcalg.pdf

1. Using numeric data

}

```
library(pcalg)
   ## Load predefined data
   data(gmG)
   gmG8$x[1:5,]
   n \leftarrow nrow (gmG8 x)
   V <- colnames(gmG8$ x) # labels aka node names</pre>
   ## estimate CPDAG
   pc.fit <- pc(suffStat = list(C = cor(gmG8$x), n = n),</pre>
   indepTest = gaussCItest, alpha=0.01, labels = V)
   if (require(Rgraphviz)) {
          ## show estimated graph
          par(mfrow=c(1,2))
          plot(pc.fit, main = "Estimated graph")
          plot(gmG8$g, main = "True DAG")
   }
2. Using discrete data
   ## Load data
   data(gmD)
   gmD$x[1:5,]
   V <- colnames(gmD$x)</pre>
   ## define sufficient statistics
   suffStat <- list(dm = gmD$x, nlev = c(3,2,3,4,2), adaptDF =
   FALSE)
   ## estimate the structure
   pc.D <- pc(suffStat, indepTest = disCItest, alpha = 0.01,</pre>
   labels = V, verbose = TRUE)
   #compare the graphs
   if (require(Rgraphviz)) {
## show estimated CPDAG
          par(mfrow = c(1,2))
plot(pc.D, main = "Estimated graph")
plot(gmD$g, main = "True DAG")
```

3. Using binary data