Lab8 Papaja

Diana Kim[1]

[1] Princeton University

Abstract

ABSTRACT HERE

Keywords: keywords
Word count: X

1 Methods

We report how we determined our sample size, all data exclusions (if any), all manipulations, and all measures in the study.

1.1 Participants

1.2 Material

1.3 Procedure

1.4 Data analysis

We used R (Version 4.3.3; R Core Team, 2024) and the R-packages *papaja* (Version 0.1.4; Aust & Barth, 2025) and *tinylabels* (Version 0.2.5; Barth, 2025) for all our analyses.

Add complete departmental affiliations for each author here. Each new line herein must be indented, like this line.

Department of Psychology

The authors made the following contributions. Diana Kim: Conceptualization, Writing - Original Draft Preparation, Writing - Review & Editing.

Correspondence concerning this article should be addressed to Diana Kim, 308 Peretsman Scully Hall. E-mail: yk9446@princeton.edu

Table 1
A full regression table.

Predictor	*b*	95% CI	*t*	*df*	*p*
Intercept	25.85	[20.57, 31.13]	9.61	926	$< .001$
Parent ht	0.61	[0.53, 0.69]	15.71	926	$< .001$

2 Results

The model showed $b = 25.85$, 95% CI $[20.57, 31.13]$, $t(926) = 9.61$, $p < .001$, $b = 0.61$, 95% CI $[0.53, 0.69]$, $t(926) = 15.71$, $p < .001$, list(r2 = "$R^2 = .21$, 90\% CI $[0.17, 0.25]$, $F(1, 926) = 246.80$, $p < .001$"). Here's the plot below.

3 Discussion

4 References

Aust, F., & Barth, M. (2025). *papaja: Prepare reproducible APA journal articles with R Markdown*. https://doi.org/10.32614/CRAN.package.papaja

Barth, M. (2025). *tinylabels: Lightweight variable labels*. https://doi.org/10.32614/CRAN.package.tinylabels

R Core Team. (2024). *R: A language and environment for statistical computing*. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. Retrieved from https://www.R-project.org/