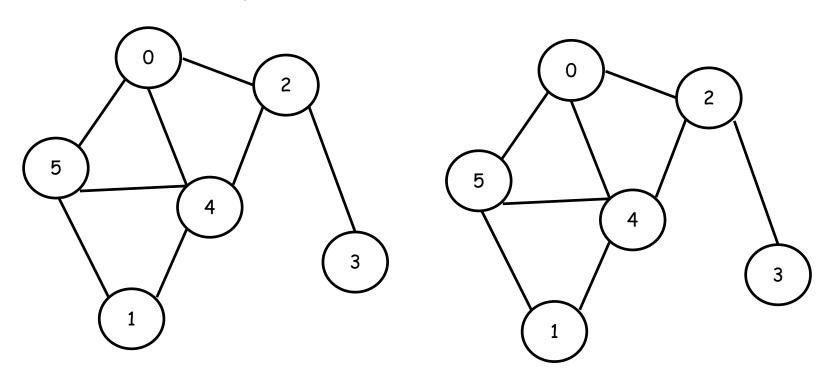
Tree

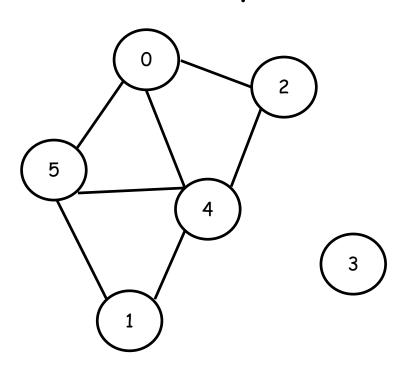
Introduction to Trees

a connected undirected graph with no simple circuits

Connected Graph



Connected Graph

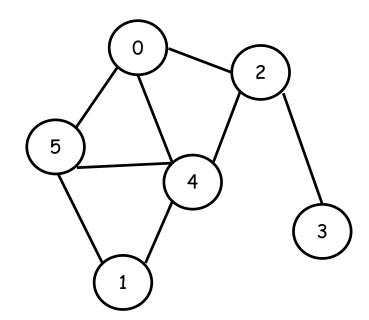


Not a tree

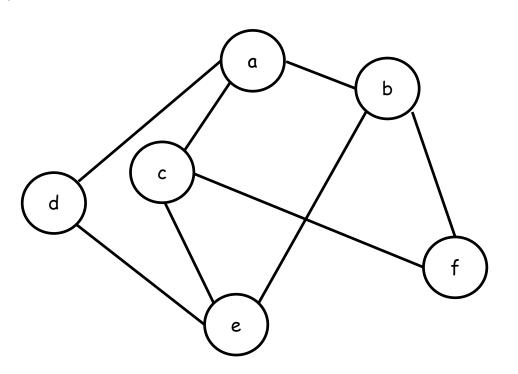
Simple Circuits

Simple path that begins and ends at the same vertex.

Simple path: a sequence of vertices without repetition

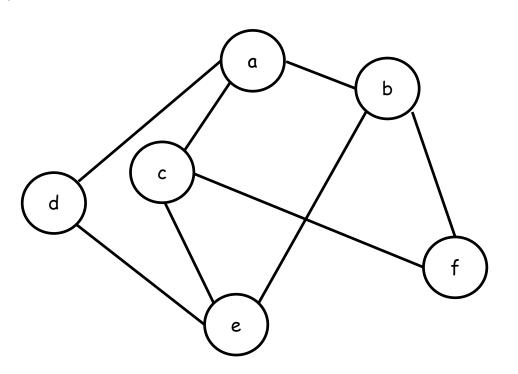


Simple Circuit



Not a tree

Simple Circuit

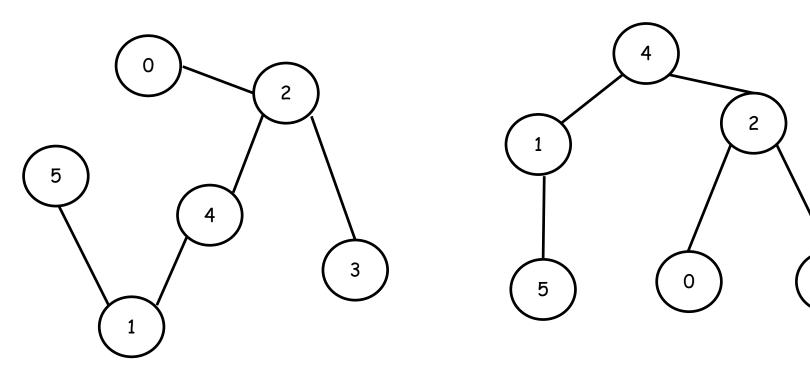


Not a tree

Rooted Tree

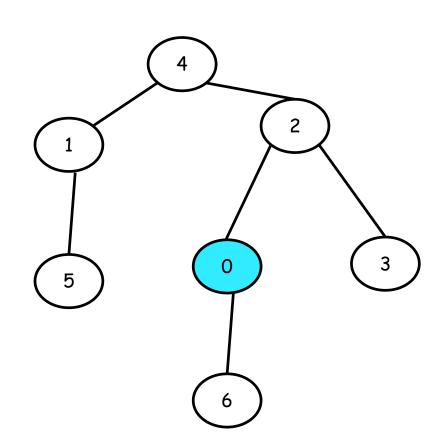
one vertex is designated as the root and every edge is directed away from the root.

Rooted Tree



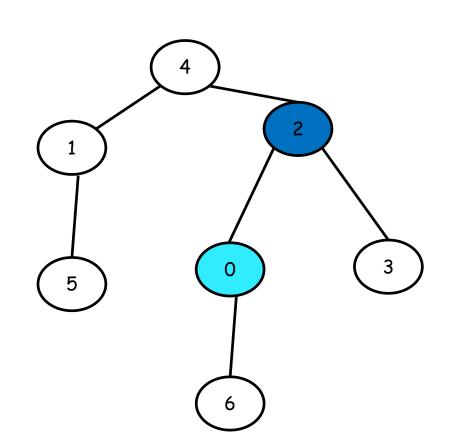
Parent

Parent of 0 =



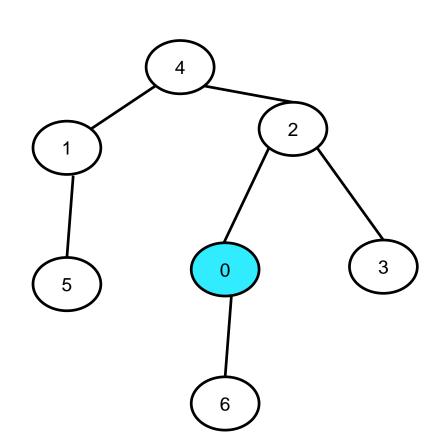
Parent

Parent of 0 = 2



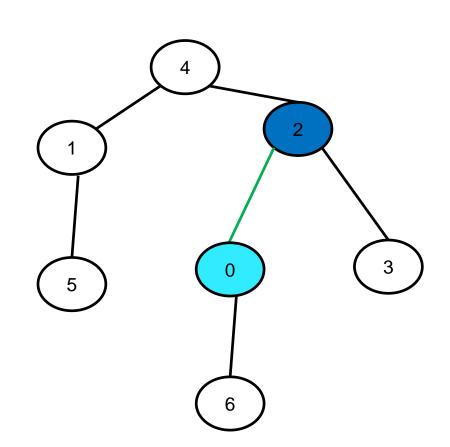
Siblings

Siblings of 0 =



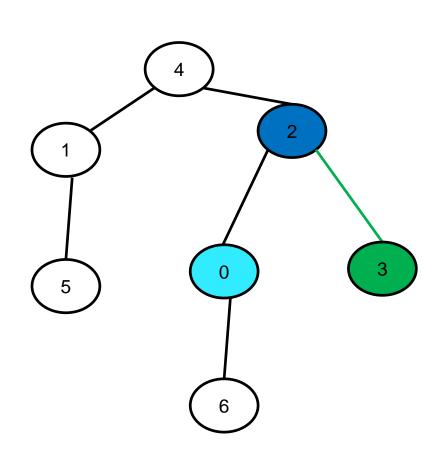
Siblings

Siblings of 0 =



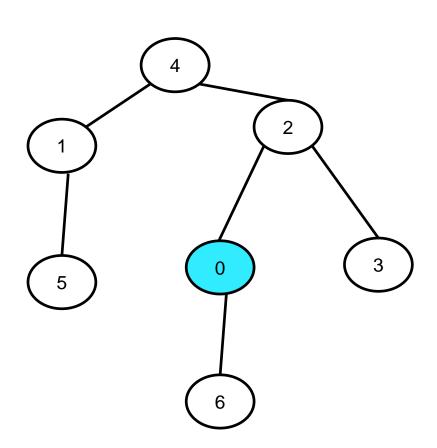
Siblings

Siblings of 0 = 3



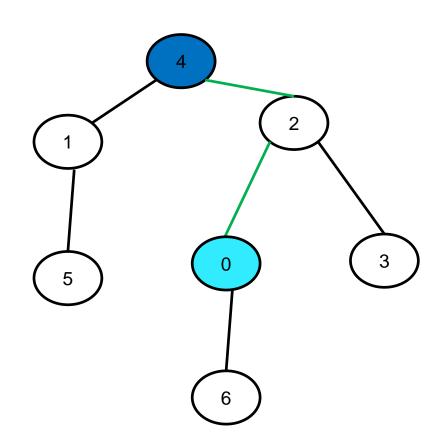
Ancestor of a vertex

Ancestor of 0 = vertices in the path from root vertex 0 Excluding 0



Ancestor of a vertex

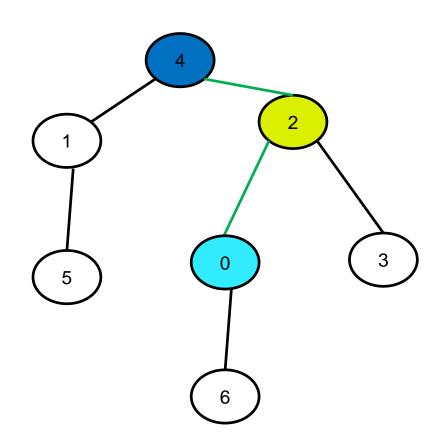
Ancestor of 0 = vertices in the path from root vertex 0 Excluding 0



Ancestor of a vertex

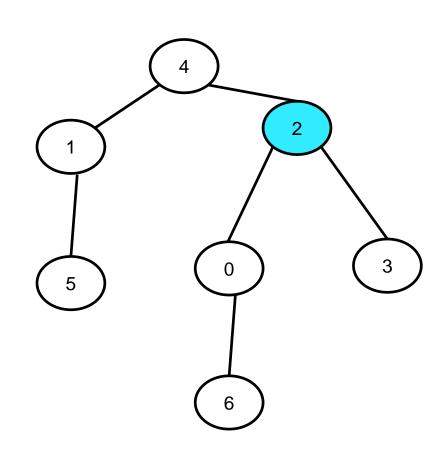
Ancestor of 0 = vertices in the path from root vertex 0 Excluding 0

4,2



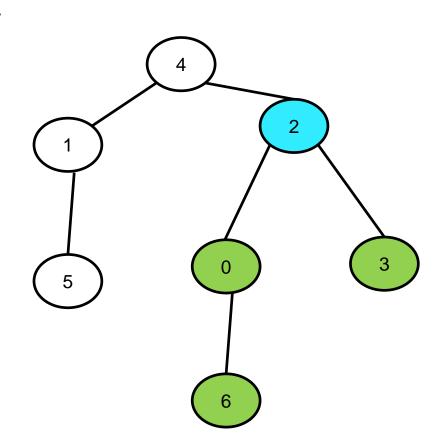
Descendant of a vertex

Descendants of 2 = vertices whose ancestors are 2



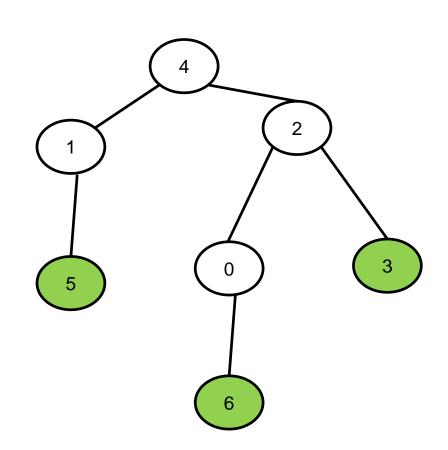
Descendant of a vertex

Descendants of 2 = 0, 3, 6



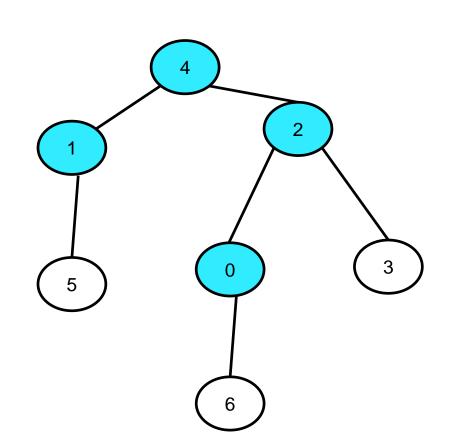
Leaf Nodes

Vertices that have no children

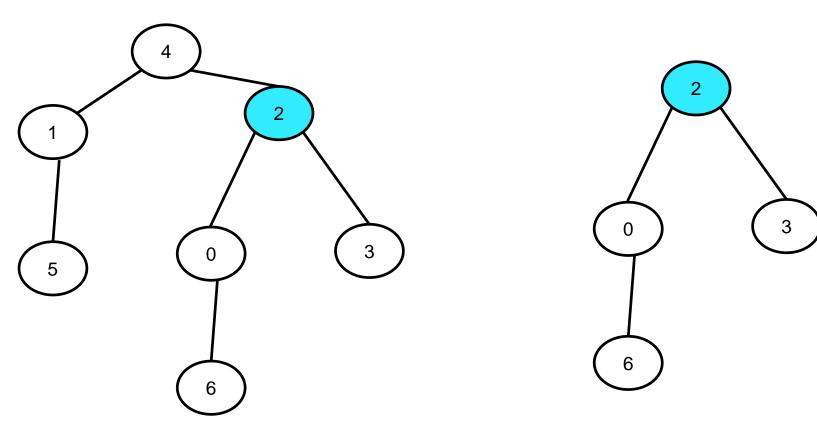


Internal Nodes

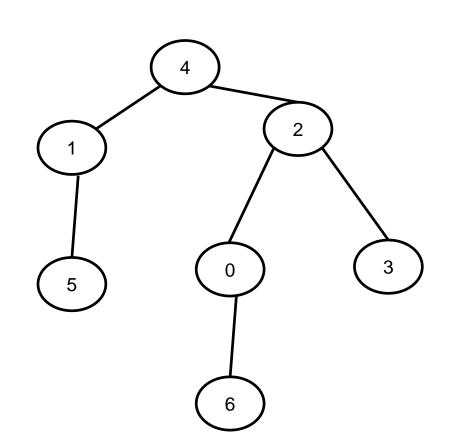
Vertices that have children



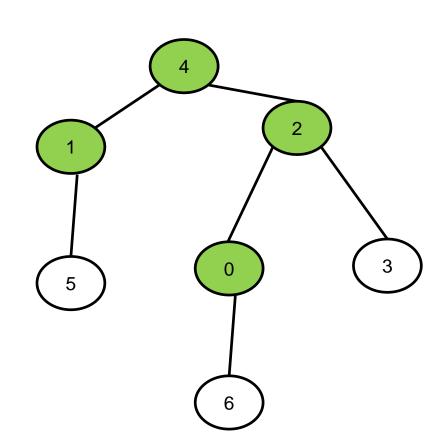
Subtree rooted at a vertex



No of children of every internal vertex <= m

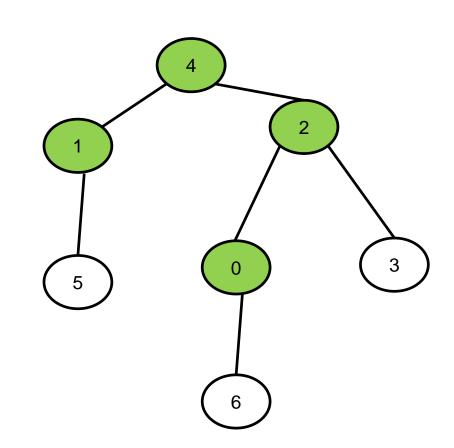


No of children of every internal vertex <= m



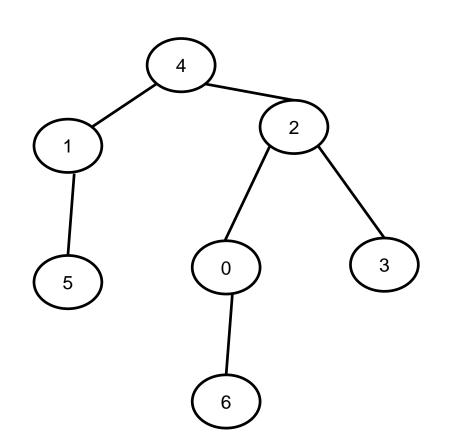
Vertex 4 = 2 Vertex 1 = 1 Vertex 2 = 2 Vertex 0 = 1

A 1- ary tree No A 2- ary tree y_{es} A 3- ary tree y_{es}



Full M-ary tree

No of children of every internal vertex = m



Vertex 4 = 2

Vertex 1 = 1

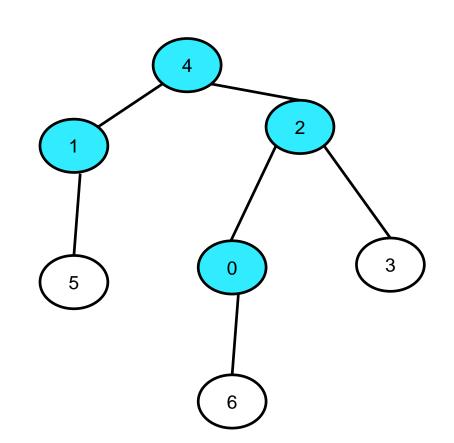
Vertex 2 = 2

Vertex 0 = 1

A Full 1- ary tree No

A Full 2- ary tree

No

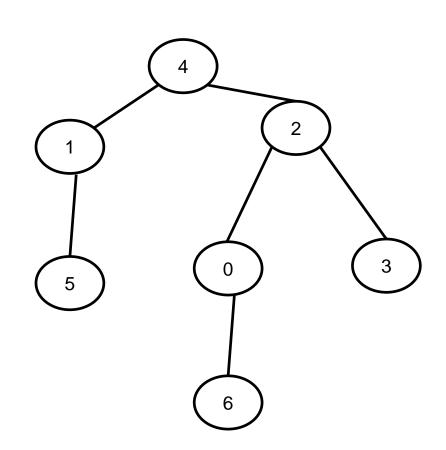


Ordered Rooted Tree

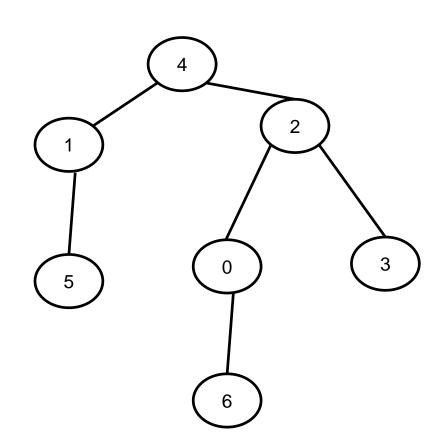
the children of each internal vertex are shown in ordered from left to right.

First child of 2 = 0 (Left child)

Second child of 2 = 3 (Right child)

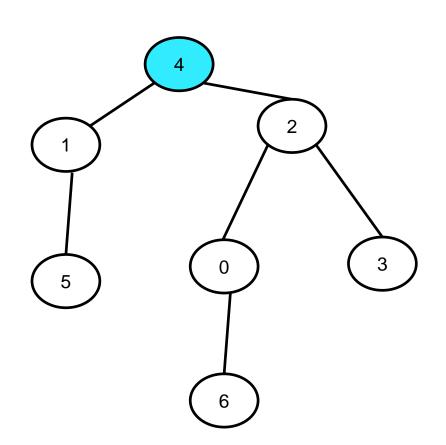


the length of the unique path from the root to this vertex.



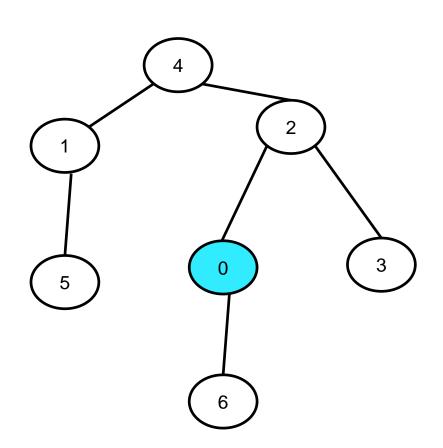
the length of the unique path from the root to this vertex.

LEVEL OF ROOT = 0



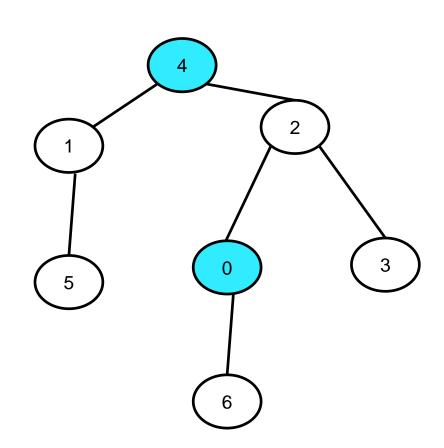
the length of the unique path from the root to this vertex.

LEVEL OF 0 =



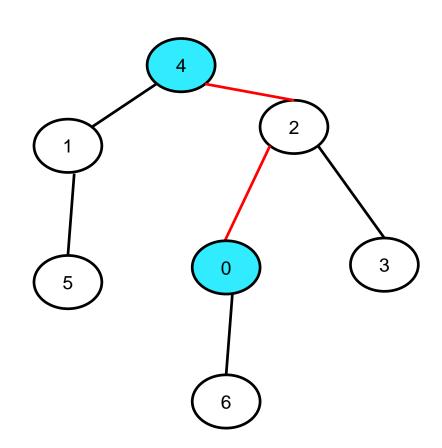
the length of the unique path from the root to this vertex.

LEVEL OF 0 =



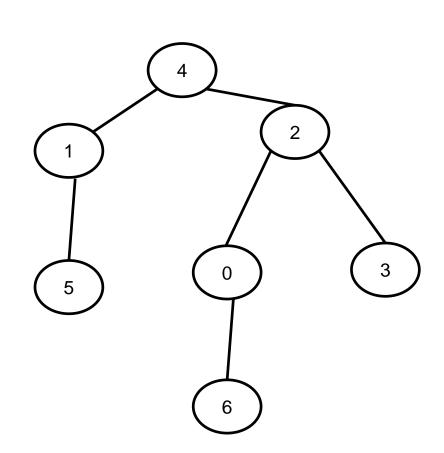
the length of the unique path from the root to this vertex.

LEVEL OF 0 = 2



Height of a tree

= MAX (Level of vertices)

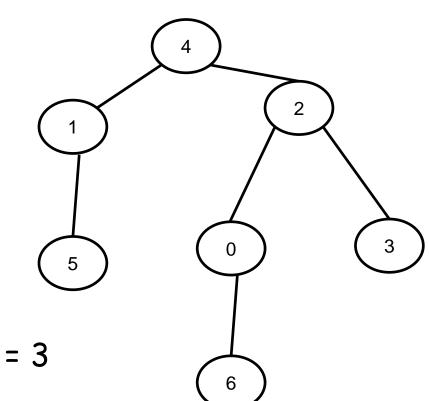


Height of a tree

= MAX (Level of vertices)

```
Level of
Vertex 4 = 0
Vertex 1 = 1
Vertex 2 = 1
Vertex 5 = 2
Vertex 0 = 2
Vertex 3 = 2
Vertex 6 = 3
```

Height = Max(0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3) = 3



Balanced Tree

If height = h, all the leaves are at Level h or h-1

Level of

Vertex 4 = 0

Vertex 1 = 1

Vertex 2 = 1

Vertex 5 = 2

Vertex 0 = 2

Vertex 3 = 2

Vertex 6 = 3

Height = 3

