



Simple Java Programs

- **Category of Java program**

- Basic steps to develop a Java program

- Basic input/output

- Java development environment



Java program type

- ❑ Application & Applet**
- ❑ Difference between structure and environment**
- ❑ Application**
 - Standalone and executed in JVM
- ❑ Applet**
 - Embedded in HTML pages
 - Run via appletViewer
 - Or Web browser (call JVM)

□ HelloWorldApp.java

□ Key points

- Class is main body
- Public class name and file name are identical
- main() method
- System.out.print & println & printf

```
public class HelloWorldApp {  
    public static void main (String args[] ){  
        System.out.println("Hello World!");  
    }  
}
```

□ HelloWorldApplet.java

➤ **import**

➤ **extends JApplet**

● Applet or JApplet

➤ **paint()** method to draw something

➤ **No main()** method

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class HelloWorldApplet extends JApplet {
    public void paint(Graphics g){
        g.drawString ("Hello World!",20,20);
    }
}
```

□ HelloWorldApplet.html

```
<HTML>
<HEAD><TITLE> An Applet </TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<applet code="HelloWorldApplet.class"
        width=200 height=40 background=white>
</applet>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Basic Construction

□ HelloData.java

- **package** (0 or 1)
- **import** (0 or more)

- Import Libs

- **Class definition** (1 or more)

- One file only owns one **public class**

- **Class = class header + class body**

- **Class members = field + method**

- Field (variables)
- Method (function)

- **Method = method header + method body**

```
package edu.seu.ch02;
```

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class HelloDate {
```

- Category of Java program
- **Basic steps to develop a Java program**
- Basic input/output
- Java development environment



❑ Edit ASCII source code

- Any editor tool, e.g., Notepad, Sublime Text

❑ Compile Java source code

- Use the tool **javac** from JDK

❑ Run a Java program

- Use the tool **java**

Java basic tool: JDK

- ❑ **Basic tool for Java is JDK**

- ❑ **Download it from <http://java.sun.com>**

 - **Download JavaSE or Netbeans**

- ❑ **Install JDK**

 - **Bin: tool files**

 - **Jre: Java runtime environment files**

 - **Demo: Examples**

 - **Include: C header files**

 - **Lib: store libraries**

 - **Db: database**

Application: edit, compile, and run

□ Edit the program

- **Public class name and file name are identical**
- **Case sensitive**

□ Compile the code to get a .class file

- .class file contains JVM instructions
- Compile the code using **javac.exe**
- E.g., **javac** Hello.java

□ Execute the .class file

- E.g., **java** Hello
- **java** Hello.class (Use class name instead of file name)

Set path and classpath

- ❑ Path: Path of the **command** (javac&java)
- ❑ Classpath: Path of the **classes**
- ❑ Use command line to set the path
 - Set path=.;c:\jdk\bin;...
- ❑ Use the system environment
 - Computer->Properties->Advanced system settings->Advanced->Environment Variables
- ❑ Use option **-classpath (-cp)** to set class
 - javac -cp libxx.jar className.java
 - java -cp libxx.jar className

Compile files that use *package*

- ❑ File and path
- ❑ The program include *package* sentence
- ❑ Use *import*

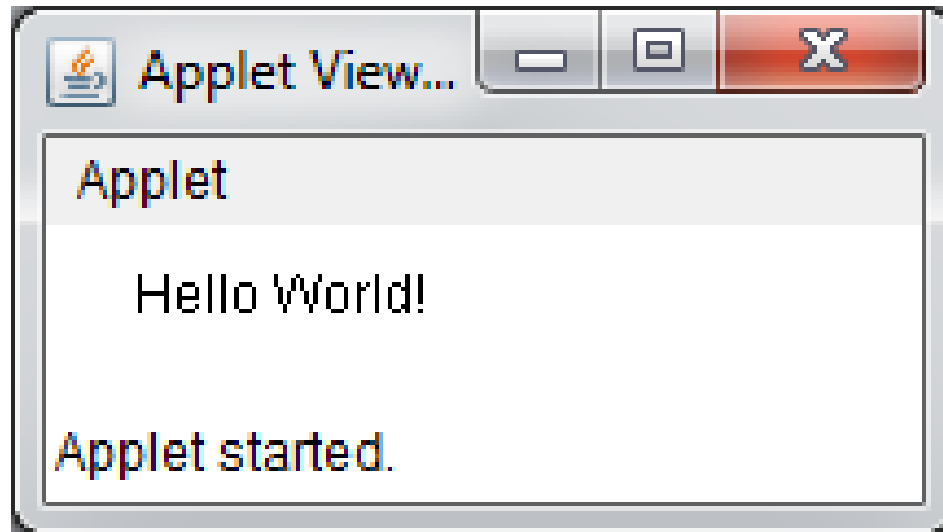
- ❑ Compile and run
 - `javac -d classes src\edu\ch02*.java`
 - `java -cp classes edu.seu.ch02.HelloDate`

Applet: edit, compile, and run

- ❑ Java Applet should be embedded into HTML
- ❑ Java Applet introduce dynamic interactive content for WWW
 - Edit and compile the source code
 - Embed Applet into HTML file
 - Use <applet> tag
 - <applet code="HelloWorldApplet.class" Width=200 height=40 background=white>

Use appletviewer to run Applet

❑ *appletviewer* HelloWorldApplet.html



Use browser to run Applet

- ❑ **Download and install JRE**
- ❑ **Enable Java in the browser**
- ❑ **Put .class and .html file to the Web server, and then use a browser to access it**
- ❑ **Replacement techniques for Applet**
 - **Flash, SilverLight, etc.**

☐ Main tools

- **javac: compile**
- **java: execute a Java program in cmd**
- **javaw: execute a Java GUI program**
- **appletViewer: execute an applet program**

☐ Other tools

- **jar: packing tool**
- **javadoc: documentation generator**
- **javap: disassembles one or more class files**

Usage of jar

- ❑ **Compiling:** `javac A.java`
- ❑ **Packing:** `jar cvfm A.jar A.man A.class`
 - **c:** create, **v:** verbose, **f:** filename, **m:** manifest
- ❑ **Executing:** `java -jar A.jar`
- ❑ **A.man is a manifest file including**
 - **Manifest-Version: 1.0**
 - **Class-Path: .**
 - **Main-Class: A**

Usage of Javadoc

❑ **Javadoc -d direcotryname xxx.java**

❑ **/** */ Tag**

- **@author** classes and interfaces only
- **@version** classes and interfaces only
- **@see** field, method, and class
- **@param** methods and constructors only
- **@return** methods only
- **@exception**

❑ Online documentation

- <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/index.html>

❑ Download Web documentation

- [jdk-8u60-docs-all.zip](#)
- <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/documentation/jdk8-doc-downloads-2133158.html>

Usage of javap

☐ Use javap to class information

➤ **javap className**

☐ Use javap to decompile class

➤ **javap -c className**

- Category of Java program
- Basic steps to develop a Java program
- **Basic input/output**
- Java development environment



☐ Java Application

- Text User Interface

- Graphic User Interface (GUI)

☐ Java Applet

- GUI

☐ Each type of UI has its input and output

TUI: Usage of Scanner

❑ Use `java.util.Scanner` (ScannerTest.java)

- Use method `nextInt()`
- `nextDouble()`
- Use `next()` to get a word
- Since JDK 1.5

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class ScannerTest{
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Input an interger number");
        int a = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.printf("Square of %d is %d\n",a,a*a);
    }
}
```

TUI: Usage of in & out

□ AppCharInout.java

- *java.io* package
- *System.in.read()*
- *System.out.print()* & *println*, *printf*
- Note: try{}catch

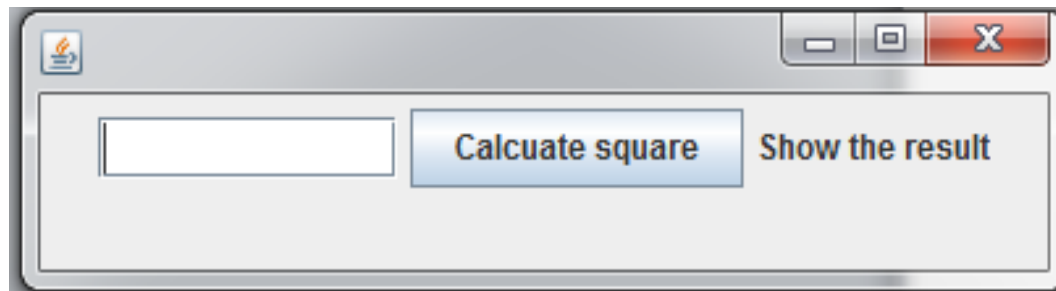
```
1 import java.io.*;
2 public class AppCharInOut
3 {
4     public static void main(String[] args)
5     {
6         char c = ' ';
7         System.out.print("Please input a char: ");
8         try{
9             c = (char) System.in.read();
10
11         }catch(IOException e){}
12         System.out.println("You have entered: " + c );
13     }
14 }
```


□ GUI

- Use `TextField` object to obtain user's input data
- Use `Label` object or `TextField` object to output the data
- Use `Button` to execute a command

Java Application: GUI input & output

- ❑ Java Application creates user interface
- ❑ AppGraphInOut.java
- ❑ Create a Frame to build its user interface
 - Set Frame size in AppFrame
 - *setVisible(true)*



Example

- **AppGraphInOut.java**

- **Add(xxx)**

- ***Btn.addActionListener***
er

 - Process event

- ***actionPerformed()***
method

 - Process specific event

```
public AppFrame()
{
    setLayout( new FlowLayout() );
    add( in );
    add( btn );
    add( out );
    btn.addActionListener( new BtnActionAdapter() );
    setSize( 400,100 );
    setDefaultCloseOperation(DISPOSE_ON_CLOSE);
    setVisible(true);
}

class BtnActionAdapter implements ActionListener
{
    public void actionPerformed((ActionEvent e)
    {
        String s = in.getText();
        double d = Double.parseDouble( s );
        double sq = d * d;
        out.setText( d + " Result: " + sq );
    }
}
```

□ E->{...} in Java8

➤ AppGraphInOut8.java

```
btn.addActionListener( e->{  
    String s = in.getText();  
    double d = Double.parseDouble( s );  
    double sq = d * d;  
    out.setText( d + " Result: " + sq );  
});
```

Applet Input & Output

□ AppletInOut.java (AppletInOut.html)

➤ Init()

- add(xxxx)
- Btn.addActionListener

Process event

➤ actionPerformed()

➤ Demo

- appletViewer AppletInOut.html

```
public void init()
{
    setLayout( new FlowLayout() );
    add( in );
    add( btn );
    add( out );
    btn.addActionListener( new BtnActionAdapter() );
}

class BtnActionAdapter implements ActionListener
{
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e )
    {
        String s = in.getText();
        double d = Double.parseDouble( s );
        double sq = Math.sqrt(d);
        out.setText( d + " Result: " + sq );
    }
}
```

❑ AppAppletInOut.java

❑ Satisfy three conditions

- Extends Applet
- Contains main()
- Create a UI and add Applet

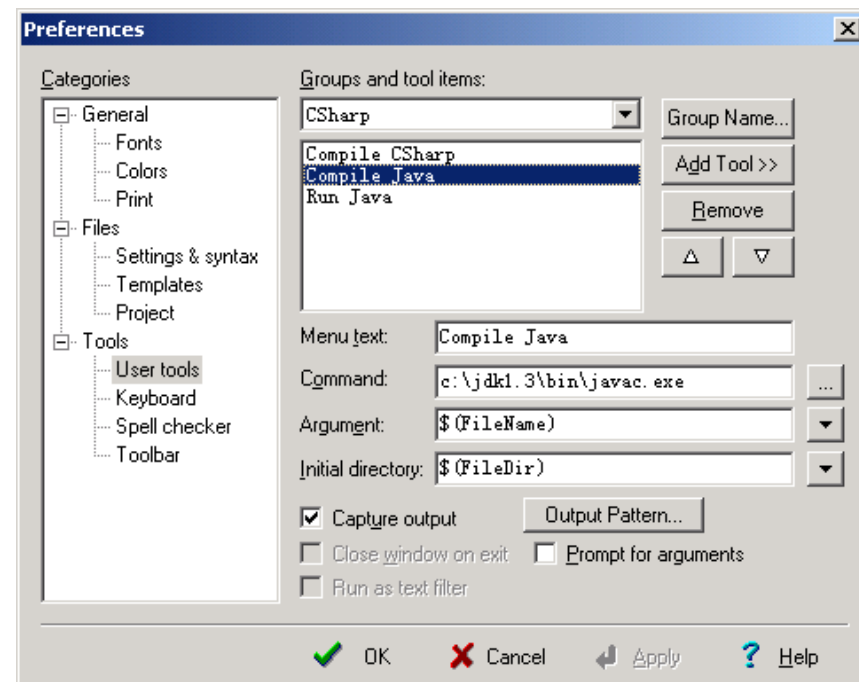
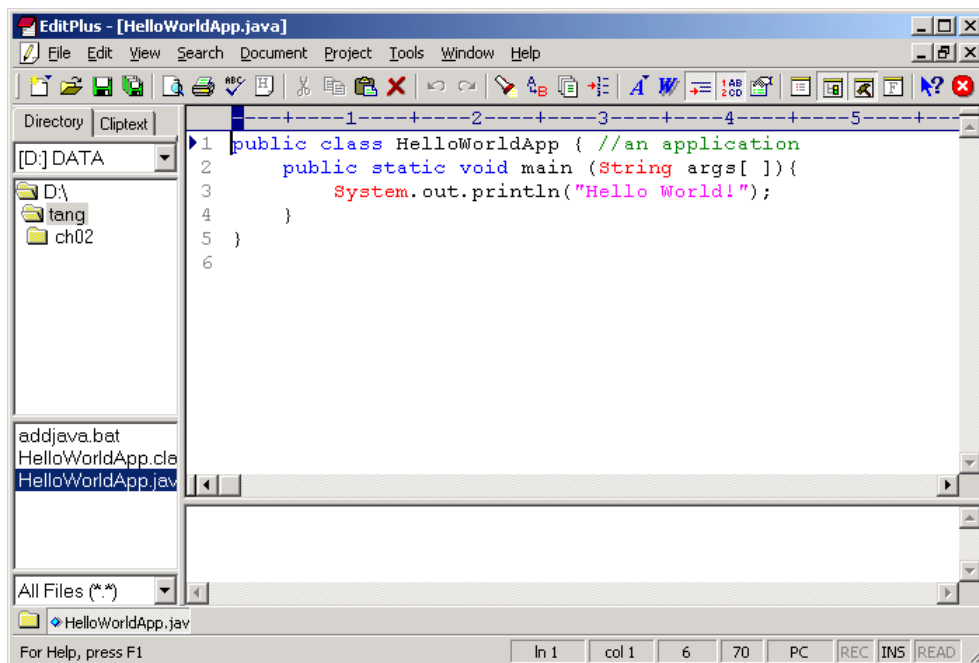
- Category of Java program
- Basic steps to develop a Java program
- Basic input/output
- **Java development environment**



Development environment

- ❑ **Three types of development environment**
- ❑ **Directly use JDK**
 - **javac, java, appletViewer**
- ❑ **Text editor+JDK command**
 - **SublimeText, Notepad++, UltraEdit, EditPlus**
 - **Jcreator, Kawa, Freejava**
- ❑ **IDE (Integrated Development Environment)**
 - **IntelliJ (popular), Eclipse, NetBean**
 - **Jdeveloper(Oracle), VisualAge for Java(IBM)**
 - **BlueJ (for education)**

□ Tools-Preference-Tools-UserTools



Configuration of EditPlus

	Compile	Run
Menu text	Compile Java	Run Java
Command	c:\jdk\bin\javac.exe	c:\jdk\bin\java.exe
Argument	\$(FileName)	-classpath . \$(FileNameNoExt)
Initial directory	\$(FileDir)	\$(FileDir)
Capture output	Checked (Optional)	Checked (Optional)

❑ Open Source Eclipse (free)

➤ Download link:

● <https://eclipse.org/downloads/>

❑ Oracle NetBeans (free)

➤ Download link: <http://java.sun.com>

❑ IntelliJ IDEA

➤ Download link: www.jetbrains.com/idea/

❑ Android studio (free)

➤ <https://developer.android.com/sdk/>

- ☐ **Similar to NetBeans**
- ☐ **Use various plugin**
- ☐ **Programming**
 - **Create a new project**
 - **Add a Class**
 - **Write a method main()**
 - **Run As ...**
 - **Packing: File-Export-java-Runnable jar**
 - **Java doc, Project-Generate Javadoc**

- ☐ **Project Manager**
 - ☐ **Source Editor**
 - ☐ **UI Construction too**
 - ☐ **Build Management tool**
 - ☐ **Debug**
-
- ☐ **Create a project**
 - ☐ **Write a method main()**
 - ☐ **Run**

Code Template in Eclipse

□ Code Template

□ Eclipse

- Input **main**, press Ctl+\
- Input **sysout**, press Ctl+\, get `system.out.println(“”);`
- Window-Perferences-Java-Editor-Templates
- Window-Preferences-General-Keys-Content Assist

❑ Code Template

❑ NetBean

- Input **psvm**, press Tab
 - `main()`
- Input **sout**, press Tab
 - `system.out.println("");`
- Tool-Options-Editor-Code Templates



Thank you

zhenling@seu.edu.cn