# **Assignment1 Report**

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### 一、作业要求

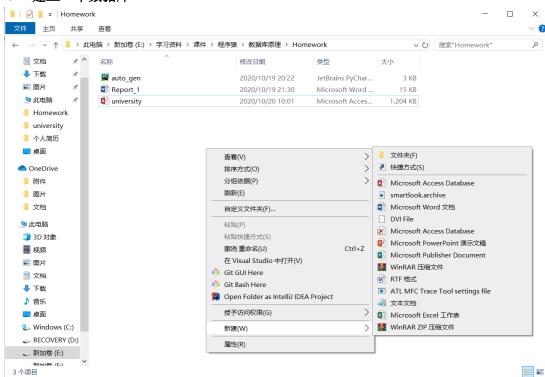
- ◆ 熟悉 MS Access 工具
- ◆ 建立一个 university.accdb 数据库
- ◆ 将文本文档的数据导入到 university.accdb 中去
- ◆ 将 5000 多个随即元组插入到 Students 表中

### 二、使用平台和工具

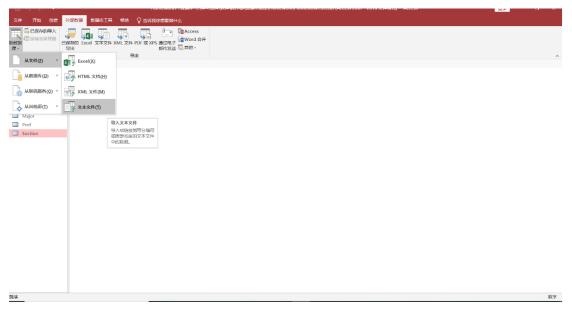
- ♦ Windows 10
- ♦ MS Access 2019
- ◆ Conda 开源软件包管理系统
- ◆ Visual Studio Code 中 Python 编程

### 三、 实现方案

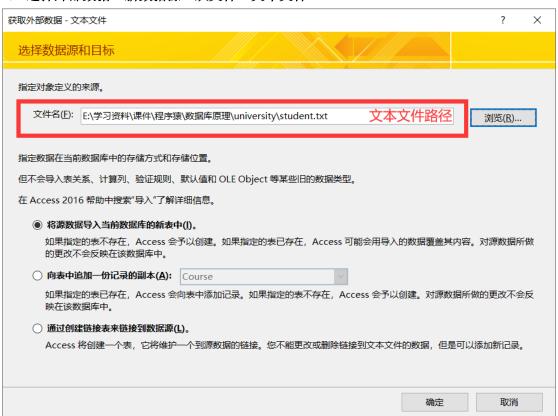
◇ 建立一个数据库



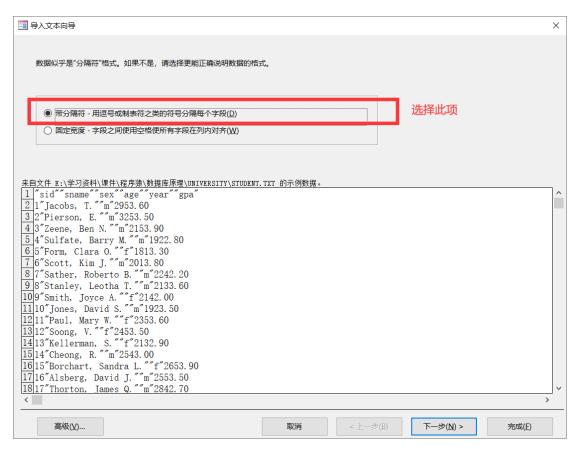
- 1. 右击文件夹空白处,选择新建 Microsoft Access Database 文件
- 2. 输入文件名 university.accdb
- 3. 完成数据库建立,打开数据库
- ◇ 导入文本文件



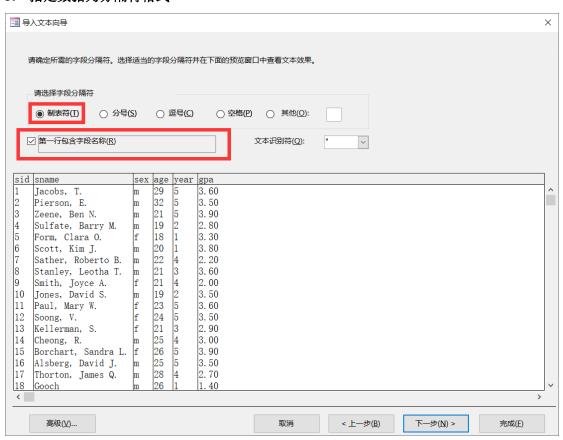
#### 1. 选择外部数据→新数据源→从文件→文本文件



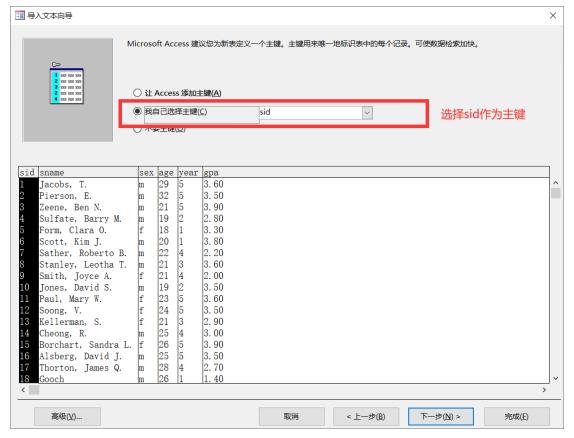
#### 2. 指定文本文件路径



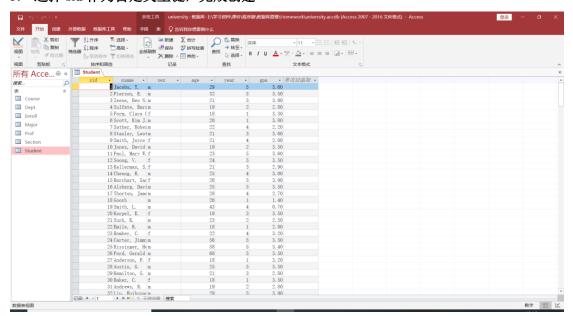
#### 3. 指定数据为分隔符格式



#### 4. 勾选制表符,第一行包含字段名



5. 选择 sid 作为自定义主键,完成创建



- 6. 依次完成所有文本文件导入,得到最终数据库 university.accdb
- 令 编写 Python 程序(附录提供源码 auto\_gen.py)

1. 导入依赖库,完成数据库连接

```
| class student:
| def __init__(self):
| super()._init__() |
| su
```

2. 创建 student 类,完成类的定义(包括各字段信息的随机生成信息)

- 3. 循环随机生成学生对象,插入数据库
- ◇ 运行 Python 程序,完成 5000 条随机学生信息插入

Studer	nt										
sid	· •	sname •		sex	w	age	w	year •	gpa	*	单击以添加 •
	1	Jacobs, T.	m				29		5	3. 60	
	2	Pierson, E.	m				32		5	3. 50	
	3	Zeene, Ben N	. m				21		5	3. 90	
	4	Sulfate, Bar	ı m				19		2	2.80	
	5	Form, Clara	(f				18		1	3. 30	
	6	Scott, Kim J	. m				20		1	3.80	
	7	Sather, Robe	ı m				22	4	4	2. 20	
	8	Stanley, Leo	t m				21		3	3. 60	
	9	Smith, Joyce	f				21	4	4	2.00	
	10	Jones, David	m				19		2	3. 50	
	11	Paul, Mary W	. f				23		5	3.60	
	12	Soong, V.	f				24		5	3. 50	
	13	Kellerman, S	. f				21		3	2. 90	
	14	Cheong, R.	m				25	4	1	3. 00	
	15	Borchart, Sa	r f				26		5	3. 90	
	16	Alsberg, Dav	i m				25		5	3. 50	
	17	Thorton, Jam	e m				28	4	4	2.70	
	18	Gooch	m				26		1	1.40	
	19	Smith, L.	m				43	4	1	0.70	
	20	Korpel, E.	f				19		3	3. 50	
	21	Surk, K.	m				23		2	2.50	
	22	Emile, R.	m				18		1	2.00	
	23	Bomber, C.	f				22	4	1	3. 20	
	24	Carter, Jimm	y m				56		5	3. 50	

## 附录

```
// 随机学生信息插入代码 auto gen.py
import pyodbc
from random import choice, uniform, randint
# 链接数据库
path = "Driver={Microsoft Access Driver (*.mdb, *.accdb)};DBQ=E:\\学习资料\\课件\\程序猿\\
数据库原理\\Homework\\university.accdb;"
db = pyodbc.connect(path)
# db = pypyodbc.win connect mdb(path)
cur = db.cursor()
    Test
insert str = "INSERT INTO Student VALUES(1,'叶宏庭','男',22,3,3.7)"
cur.execute(insert str)
cur.commit()
class student:
    def init (self):
         super(). init ()
         # 姓氏 list
         self.firstname = ["Abigail", "Ada", "Adela", "Adelaide", "Afra", "Agatha", "Agens",
"Alberta",
                  "Alexia", "Alice", "Alma", "Althea", "Alva", "Amanda", "Amelia", "Amy",
"Anastasia", "Andrea",
                  "Barbara", "Belinda", "Bella", "Bella", "Belle", "Bernice", "Bertha", "Beryl",
"Bess", "Besty",
                  "Betty", "Bealuah", "Beverly", "Blanche", "Bonnie", "Candice", "Cara",
"Christine", "Claire",
                  "Clara", "Dana", "Daphne", "Elizabeth", "Emma", "David", "Edward", "Eric",
"Fred", "Garfield", "Gavin"]
         # 名字 list
         self.lastname = ["Smith", "Miller", "Johnson", "Brown", "Jones", "Williams", "Black",
"Longfellow", "Turner", "Hall",
                  "Kent", "Brook", "Hill", "Field", "Green", "Wood", "Brown", "Longman",
"Sharp", "Fonng",
                  "Back", "Finger", "Bird", "Bush", "Cotton", "Stock", "Hawk", "Reed",
"George"]
         # 性别 list
         self.sex = choice(['f', 'm'])
         # 学生姓名
```

```
self.studentName = self.getname()
         # 随机生成年龄
         self.age = randint(18, 25)
         # 随机生成年级
         self.year = randint(1, 5)
         # 随机生成 GPA
         self.gpa = round(uniform(0.00, 4.00), 1)
    # 生成姓名
    def getname(self):
         studentName = choice(self.firstname) + ', ' + choice(self.lastname) + '.'
         return studentName
    # 返回学生信息
    def toString(self):
         return """ + self.studentName + "","" + self.sex + ""," + str(self.age) + "," + str(self.year) +
","" + str("%.2f"%self.gpa) + """
# INSERT Database
for i in range(105, 5016):
  # 生成学生对象
  S = student()
  # 插入学生信息
  insert_str = "INSERT INTO Student VALUES({0},{1})".format(str(i), S.toString())
  cur.execute(insert_str)
# 完成提交
cur.commit()
```