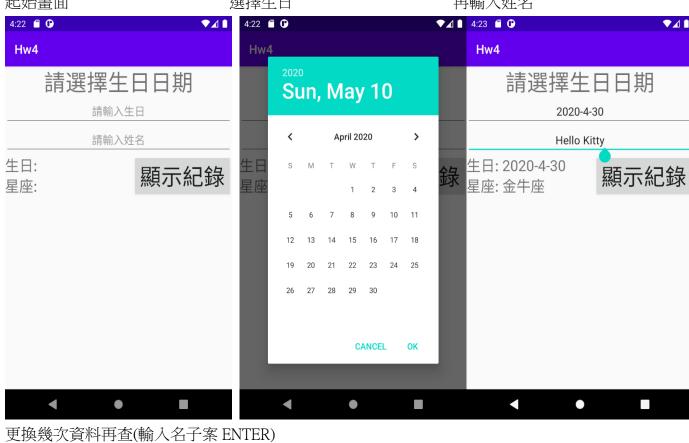
```
因為要顯示圖片的,所以 Adapter 的 getView() 需要 Override CODE:
class MyListAdapter extends ArrayAdapter<SubjectData>{
    private ArrayList<SubjectData> arrayList;
    private Context context;
    public MyListAdapter(Context context, ArrayList<SubjectData> arrayList) {
        super(context, resource: 0, arrayList);
        this.arrayList = arrayList;
        this.context = context;
    @Override
    public View getView(final int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
        SubjectData subjectData = arrayList.get(position);
        if(convertView == null) {
            LayoutInflater layoutInflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
            convertView = layoutInflater.inflate(R.layout.mylist, root: null);
            TextView title = convertView.findViewById(R.id.title);
            TextView subtitle = convertView.findViewById(R.id.subtitle);
            ImageView image = convertView.findViewById(R.id.image);
            title.setText(subjectData.name);
            subtitle.setText(subjectData.birthday + " " + subjectData.constellation);
            image.setImageResource(subjectData.image);
        return convertView;
月份選擇的 CODE:
public void datePicker(View v){
   Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
    // 這邊要先get一次,不然會從1990開始,我不知道為什麼。
   int year = calendar.get(Calendar.YEAR);
   int month = calendar.get(Calendar.MONTH);
   int day = calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH);
   \begin{tabular}{ll} new \ DatePickerDialog(v.getContext(), \ (view, year, month, day) \ \rightarrow \ \{ \ \end{tabular}
          // Calendar裡的月份從O開始,很鳥,所以要+1
          monthSave = month+1;
          daySave = day;
          String dateTime = String.valueOf(year) + "-" + String.valueOf(month+1) + "-" + String.valueOf(day);
          editDate.setText(dateTime);
    }, year, month, day).show();
案顯示紀錄需要傳送資料
首先因為要傳送資料,所以我的資料形態 CODE:
// 序列化才可以在兩個Activity傳遞
class SubjectData implements Serializable {
     String name;
     String birthday;
     String constellation;
     Integer image;
     public SubjectData(String name, String birthday, String constellation, Integer image) {
         this.name = name;
         this.birthday = birthday;
         this.constellation = constellation;
         this.image = image;
     }
第一個 Activity 傳送資料 CODE:
Button nextPageBtn = (Button)findViewById(R.id.record);
nextPageBtn.setOnClickListener((v) → {
        // 傳arrayList到下一個Activity
         intent = new Intent( packageContext: MainActivity.this, Record.class);
         intent.putExtra( name: "arrayList", arrayList);
         startActivityForResult(intent, requestCode: 1);
});
```

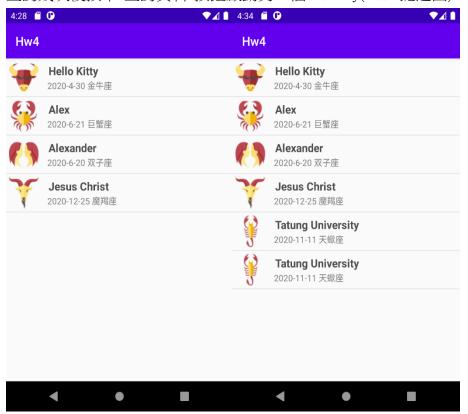
```
第二個 Activity 接收資料 CODE:
// 從上一個Activity取出值
intent = getIntent();
arrayList = (ArrayList<SubjectData>)intent.getSerializableExtra( name: "arrayList");
adapter = new MyListAdapter( context: this, arrayList);
第二個 Activity 回傳資料 CODE:
public boolean onKeyDown(int keyCode, KeyEvent event) {
    if (keyCode == KeyEvent.KEYCODE_BACK) {
        intent = new Intent( packageContext: Record.this, MainActivity.class);
        intent.putExtra( name: "arrayList", arrayList);
        setResult(RESULT_OK, intent);
        // 回傳arrayList
        finish();
    return false;
第一個 Activity 接收資料 CODE:
protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent newIntent) {
   // 從另一個Activity傳回arrayList
   super.onActivityResult(requestCode, resultCode, newIntent);
   if (requestCode == 1) {
       if (resultCode == RESULT_OK) {
           arrayList = (ArrayList<SubjectData>)newIntent.getSerializableExtra( name: "arrayList");
       }
   }
}
短案顯示對話方框 CODE:
list.setOnItemClickListener((parent, view, position, id) → {
       SubjectData subjectData = arrayList.get(position);
       builder = new AlertDialog.Builder( context: Record.this);
       builder.setTitle(subjectData.name);
       builder.setIcon(subjectData.image);
       builder.setMessage(subjectData.birthday + " " + subjectData.constellation);
       builder.setNegativeButton( text: "離開", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(DialogInterface dialogInterface, int id) {
       });
       AlertDialog dialog = builder.create();
       // 設定沒按離開鍵不能返回
       dialog.setCancelable(false);
       dialog.show();
});
長案顯示是否要刪除對話方框 CODE:
list.setOnItemLongClickListener((parent, view, position, id) → {
       builder = new AlertDialog.Builder( context: Record.this);
       builder.setMessage("是否確定要刪除?");
       builder.setNegativeButton( text: "NO", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
          @Override
          public void onClick(DialogInterface dialogInterface, int id) {
       });
       builder.setPositiveButton( text: "YES", (dialogInterface, id) → {
              arrayList.remove(position);
              // 重設,不然沒作用,我不知道為什麼
              list.setAdapter(adapter);
              adapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
       });
       AlertDialog dialog = builder.create();
       dialog.show();
       return true;
});
```

起始畫面 選擇生日 再輸入姓名





查詢幾次後按下"查詢資料"按鈕啟動另一個 Activity(Back 鍵返回)



點擊某項顯示 Dialog (按"離開"才能關閉 - BACK 鍵不能關閉)

