Debugging and Cleanup Guide for Wavelet21 Implementation

1. Methodological Alignment

- The **Wavelet21 path** in your repo matches the documented approach:
- Fit a single ARMA/GARCH model under H_0 (no break).
- Transform standardized residuals with MODWT/SWT.
- Localize analysis around the boundary.
- Extract scale-wise indicators (exceedance counts, local maxima, energy contrasts).
- Feed indicators into a classifier.
- The doc specifies LA(8), which \approx sym4 in PyWavelets. That choice is consistent.

Conclusion: The codebase is still method-aligned, but fragile due to PyWavelets API drift and variable reuse.

2. Root Cause of the Error

Error:

```
TypeError: len() of unsized object
```

- At some point, | Wj | becomes a **scalar** (e.g., max value or tuple element) instead of a 1-D array.
- Causes:
- PyWavelets version drift (swt returns arrays in newer versions, (cA,cD) tuples in older ones).
- Variable reuse: [Wj] reassigned from array \rightarrow scalar ([Wj] = [np.max(...)]).

3. Minimal Safe Patch

In (methods/wavelet21/feature_extractor.py):

```
for j in range(1, cfg.J + 1):
    # Get detail coefficients robustly
    Wj_raw = coeffs[j-1]
    if isinstance(Wj_raw, tuple):
        Wj_raw = Wj_raw[1] # detail (cD)
    Wj = np.asarray(Wj_raw).reshape(-1)
    nj = Wj.size
```

```
if nj == 0:
    continue

# Exceedance fraction
exceed_count = int(np.sum(np.abs(Wj) > thresh_j))
features[f"j{j}_exceed_count"] = float(exceed_count)
features[f"j{j}_exceed_frac"] = exceed_count / float(nj)

# Localized stats (avoid reusing Wj)
Wj_win = Wj[win_lo:win_hi]
S_j = float(np.max(np.abs(Wj_win))) if Wj_win.size else 0.0
features[f"j{j}_S_local_max"] = S_j

# Energy
energy_j = float(np.sum(Wj * Wj))
features[f"j{j}_energy"] = energy_j
```

Key rule: **never overwrite** Wj with a scalar. Use Wj_win, S_j, etc.

4. Sanity Harness

Drop this in your notebook to confirm stability:

```
import numpy as np, pywt

def _swt_details(x, wavelet='sym4', J=3):
    coeffs = pywt.swt(x, wavelet, level=J, trim_approx=True, norm=True)
    out = []
    for c in coeffs:
        if isinstance(c, tuple):
            out.append(np.asarray(c[1]).reshape(-1))
        else:
            out.append(np.asarray(c).reshape(-1))
    return out

# Smoke test
x = np.random.randn(2048)
det = _swt_details(x, 'sym4', 3)
for j, Wj in enumerate(det, 1):
    assert Wj.ndim == 1 and Wj.size == x.size
```

5. Stability Fixes

1. **Statsmodels ARIMA**: remove deprecated disp=0.

```
res = ARIMA(x, order=(1,0,1)).fit(method="statespace")
```

2. **Pin dependencies** in requirements.txt:

```
numpy>=1.24,<2.0
scipy>=1.10
pywavelets==1.5.0
statsmodels==0.14.1
arch>=6.0
pandas>=1.5,<2.2</pre>
```

6. Cleanup Plan

1. Freeze interfaces:

```
def wavelet_details_1d(x, wavelet, J):
    """Return [W1,...,WJ], each (n,) array."""
```

Use everywhere.

- 2. **Avoid variable reuse**: keep Wj for full array only.
- 3. **Unit tests**: simple white noise / mean shift / var shift.
- 4. **Logging**: print shapes/types when extracting features.

7. Example Notebook Call

```
cfg = WaveletConfig(wavelet='sym4', J=3, alpha=0.05)
run_synthetic_demo(cfg, cache_path="threshold_cache.json")
```

Final Note

With the above patch + environment pinning, the Wavelet21 method remains aligned with the documented MODWT break test methodology, and the codebase will stop "looping on errors."