





## **AtliQ Hardware**

# Consumer Goods Ad-Hoc Insights



Presented by -Soma Shekhar Y

## Agenda

- About Company
- Problem Statement
- Objective
- Datasets and Modeling
- Ad-Hoc Requests and Insights

## **About Company**

Atliq Hardware (imaginary company) is one of the leading computer hardware producers in India and well expanded in other countries too. The company specializes in producing high-quality hardware components and devices, catering to both consumer and enterprise needs.



### **Problem Statement**

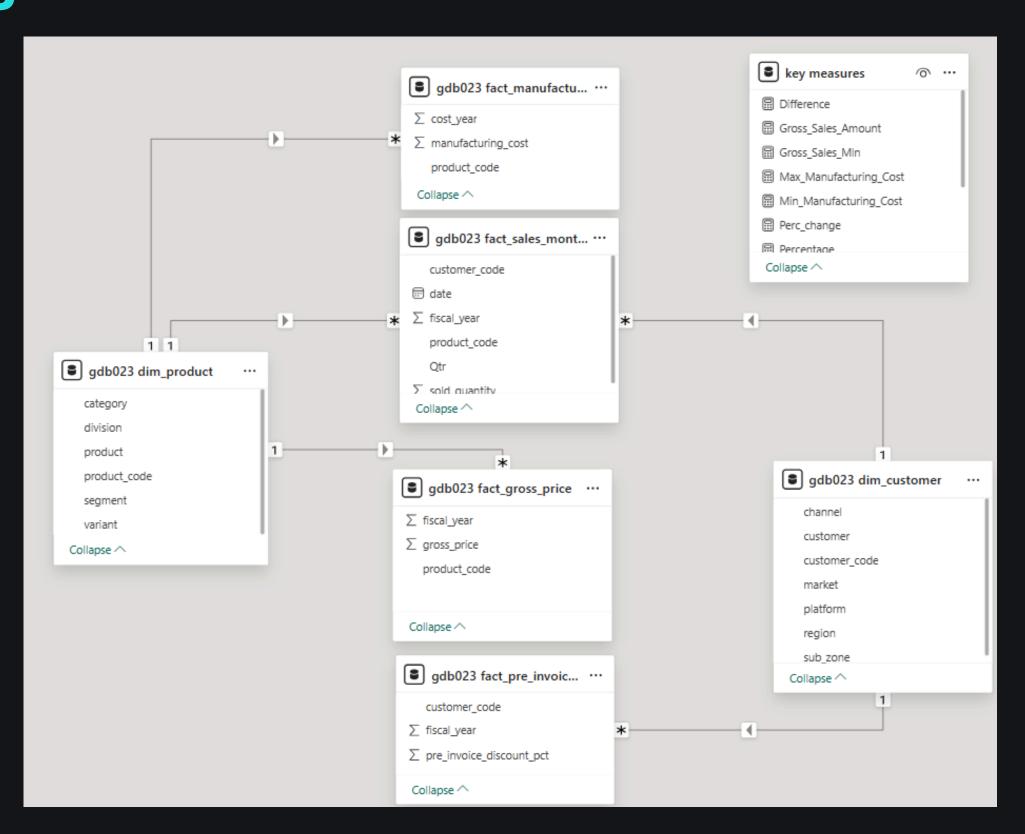
- The management noticed that they do not get enough insights to make quick and smart data-informed decisions.
- They want to expand their data analytics team by adding several junior data analysts.
- Tony Sharma, their data analytics director wanted to hire someone who is good at both tech and soft skills.

## Objective

- To address 10 ad-hoc business requests outlined in ad-hoc-requests.pdf by executing SQL queries to extract relevant data and generate actionable insights.
- The findings will be presented in a dashboard tailored for top-level management, to support data-driven decision-making effectively.

## **Datasets and Modeling**

- 1. gdb023 dim\_customer
- 2. gdb023 dim\_product
- 3. gdb023 fact\_gross\_price
- 4. gdb023 fact\_manufacturing\_cost
- 5. gdb023 fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions
- 6. gdb023 fact\_sales\_monthly



## Ad-Hoc Requests



#### Codebasics SQL Challenge

#### Requests:

- Provide the list of markets in which customer <u>"Atliq Exclusive"</u> operates its business in the <u>APAC</u> region.
- What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields,

unique\_products\_2020 unique\_products\_2021 percentage\_chg

 Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each <u>segment</u> and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields,

> segment product\_count

Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields,

> segment product\_count\_2020 product\_count\_2021 difference

Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs.The final output should contain these fields,

product\_code product manufacturing\_cost

codebasics.io



 Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre\_invoice\_discount\_pct for the <u>fiscal year 2021</u> and in the <u>Indian</u> market. The final output contains these fields,

> customer\_code customer average\_discount\_percentage

 Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer "Atliq Exclusive" for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions.

The final report contains these columns:

Month Year Gross sales Amount

In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total\_sold\_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total\_sold\_quantity,

Quarter total\_sold\_quantity

Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields,

channel gross\_sales\_mln percentage

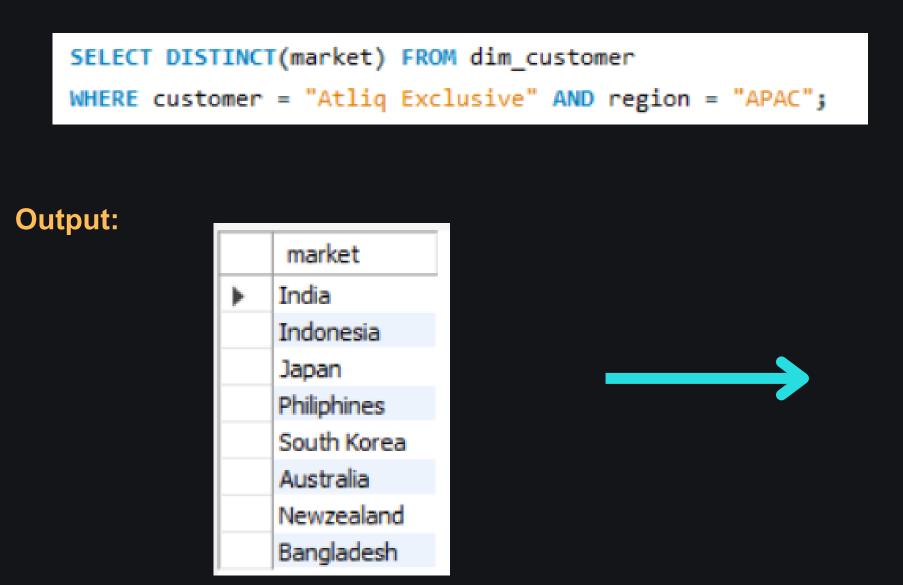
 Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total\_sold\_quantity in the fiscal\_year 2021? The final output contains these fields.

> division product\_code

> > codebasics.io

1. Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.

#### **SQL Query:**





#### **Insight:**

Atliq Exclusive has a strong presence in 8 markets across the APAC region, including India, Indonesia, Japan, Philippines, South Korea, Australia, New Zealand, and Bangladesh.

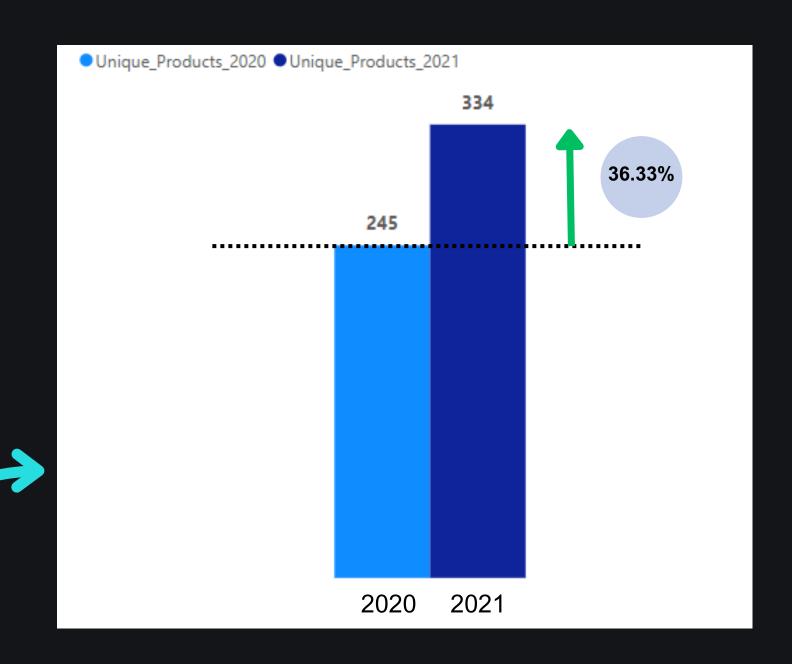
2. What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields,

```
unique_products_2020,
unique_products_2021,
percentage_chg
```

#### SQL Query:

#### Output:

	unique_products_2020	unique_products_2021	percentage_chg
•	245	334	36.33



#### Insight:

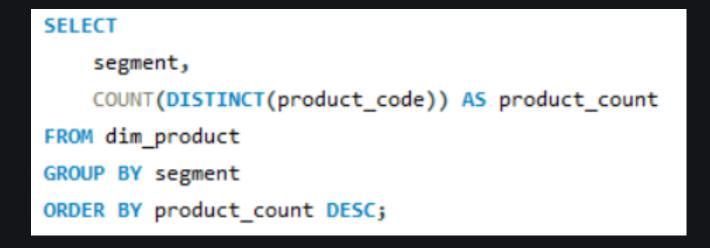
The number of unique products increased from 245 in 2020 to 334 in 2021, showing a 36.33% growth, with 89 new products introduced in the fiscal year 2021.

3. Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts.

The final output contains 2 fields,

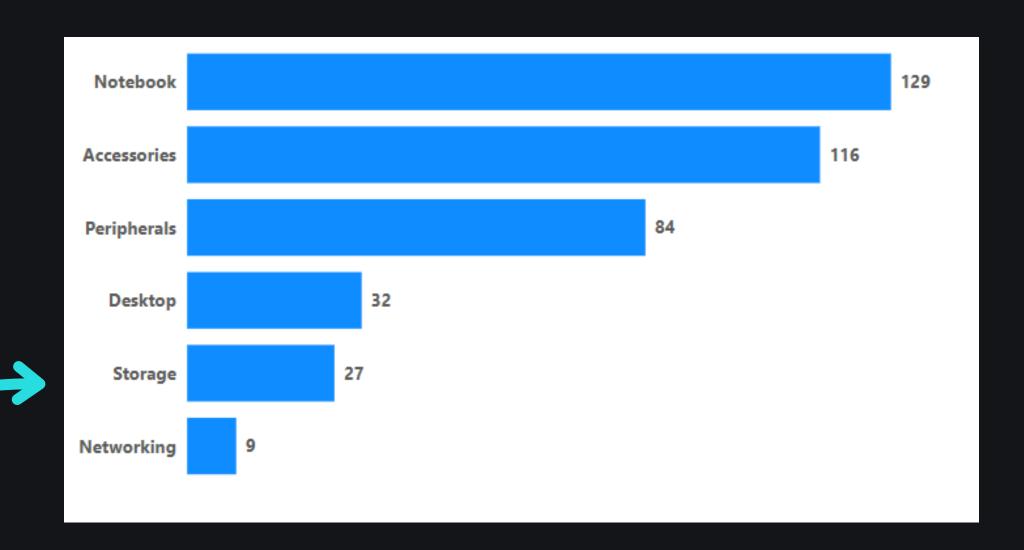
segment, product\_count

#### SQL Query:



#### Output:

	segment	product_count
•	Notebook	129
	Accessories	116
	Peripherals	84
	Desktop	32
	Storage	27
	Networking	9



- The Notebook segment has the highest number of unique products (129), followed by Accessories (116) and Peripherals (84), while Networking lags behind with just 9.
- These insights highlight key product trends, helping optimize inventory management and sales strategies for better market positioning.

4. Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields,

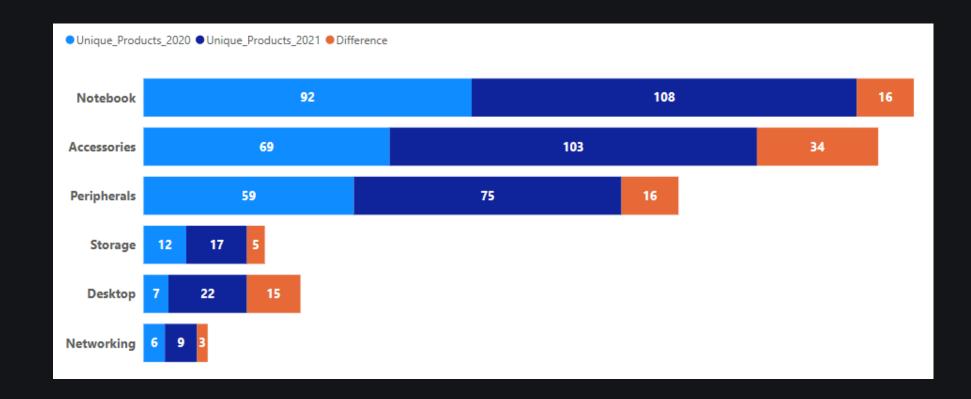
segment,
product\_count\_2020,
product\_count\_2021,
difference

#### SQL Query:

```
WITH Unique_Products_by_Segment AS (
      SELECT
        p.segment,
        COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN fiscal_year = 2020 THEN s.product_code END) AS product_count_2020,
        COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN fiscal_year = 2021 THEN s.product_code END) AS product_count_2021
      FROM fact sales monthly s
      JOIN dim product p
      ON p.product_code = s.product_code
      GROUP BY p.segment
SELECT
      segment,
      product_count_2020,
      product_count_2021,
      ABS(product_count_2021 - product_count_2020) AS difference
FROM Unique_Products_by_Segment
ORDER BY difference DESC;
```

#### Output:

	segment	product_count_2020	product_count_2021	difference
•	Accessories	69	103	34
	Notebook	92	108	16
	Peripherals	59	75	16
	Desktop	7	22	15
	Storage	12	17	5
	Networking	6	9	3



#### Insight:

The Accessories segment saw the highest growth, adding 34 new unique products from 2020 to 2021. Notebook (16) and Peripherals (16) followed, while Networking had the least change, increasing by just 3 products.

5. Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields,

```
product_code,
product,
manufacturing_cost
```

#### SQL Query:

```
p.product_code,
   p.product,
   m.manufacturing_cost

FROM fact_manufacturing_cost m

JOIN dim_product p
   ON m.product_code = p.product_code

WHERE m.manufacturing_cost IN (
        (SELECT MAX(manufacturing_cost) FROM fact_manufacturing_cost),
        (SELECT MIN(manufacturing_cost) FROM fact_manufacturing_cost)
);
```

#### Output:

	product_code	product	manufacturing_cost
•	A2118150101	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	0.8920
	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin 1 Gen 2	240.5364



6. Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre\_invoice\_discount\_pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields,

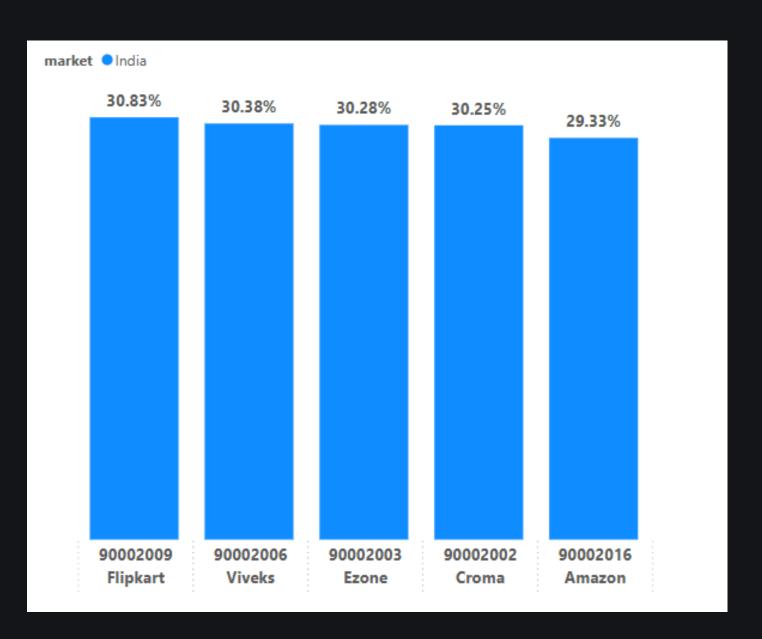
customer\_code,
customer,
average\_discount\_percentage

#### SQL Query:

```
SELECT
    c.customer_code,
    c.customer,
    ROUND(AVG(i.pre_invoice_discount_pct * 100), 2) AS average_discount_percentage
FROM fact_pre_invoice_deductions i
JOIN dim_customer c
ON i.customer_code = c.customer_code
WHERE i.fiscal_year = 2021 AND c.market = "India"
GROUP BY c.customer_code, c.customer
ORDER BY average_discount_percentage DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

#### Output:

	customer_code	customer	average_discount_percentage
<b>&gt;</b>	90002009	Flipkart	30.83
	90002006	Viveks	30.38
	90002003	Ezone	30.28
	90002002	Croma	30.25
	90002016	Amazon	29.33



#### Insight:

Flipkart received the highest average pre-invoice discount (30.83%) in the Indian market for 2021, closely followed by Viveks (30.38%) and Ezone (30.28%). These insights help identify key customers receiving high discounts, impacting pricing and profitability strategies.

7. Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer "Atliq Exclusive" for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions. The final report contains these columns:

Month,
Year,
Gross sales Amount

#### SQL Query:

```
DATE_FORMAT(s.date, '%M') AS month,

s.fiscal_year AS year,

CONCAT(ROUND(SUM(g.gross_price * s.sold_quantity) / 1000000, 2), "M") AS gross_sales_mln

FROM fact_sales_monthly s

JOIN dim_customer c

ON s.customer_code = c.customer_code

JOIN fact_gross_price g

ON s.product_code = g.product_code AND g.fiscal_year = s.fiscal_year

WHERE customer = "Atliq Exclusive"

GROUP BY month, year

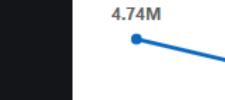
ORDER BY year ASC;
```

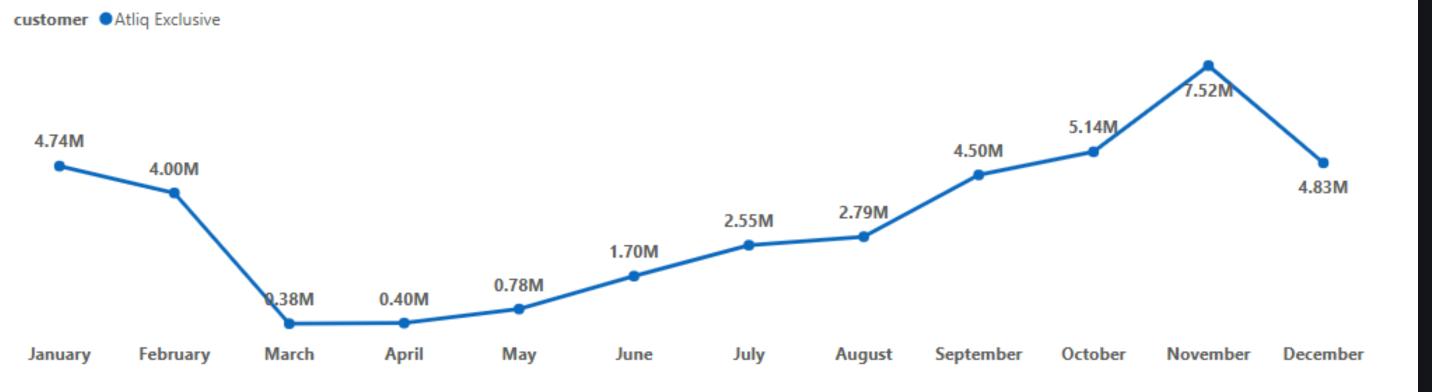
#### Insights:

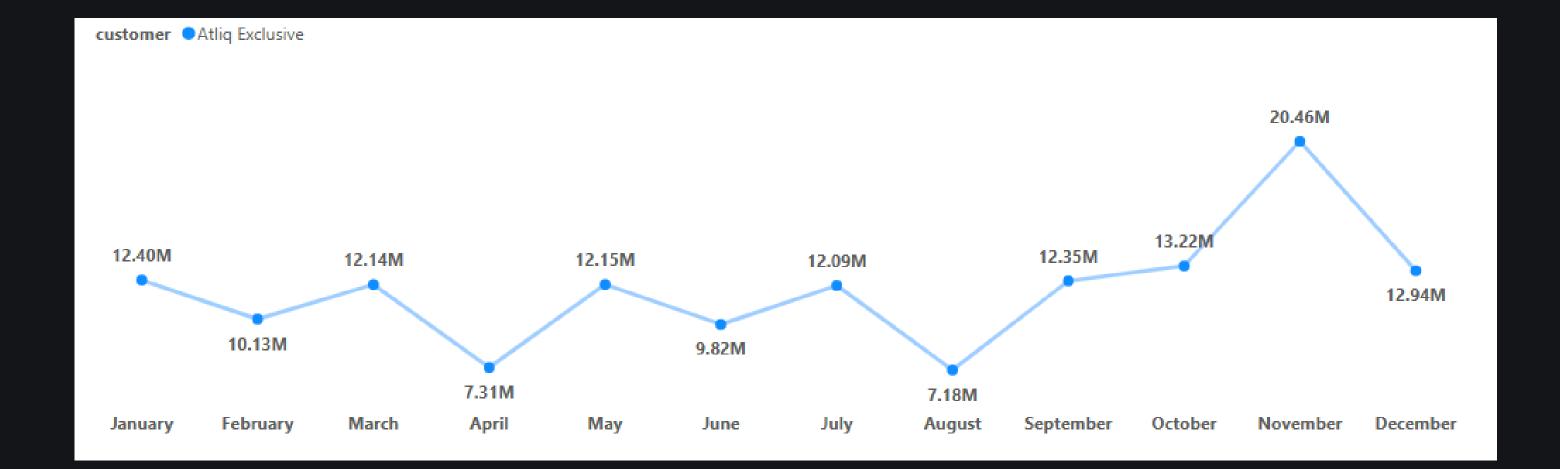
- In 2021, gross sales for "Atliq Exclusive" saw a substantial increase compared to 2020.
- The highest sales month in 2021 was November (20.46M), nearly 3 times higher than November 2020 (7.52M).
- This trend highlights seasonal demand variations and helps optimize sales strategies for peak months.

#### Output:

	month	year	gross_sales_mln
<b>&gt;</b>	September	2020	4.50M
	October	2020	5.14M
	November	2020	7.52M
	December	2020	4.83M
	January	2020	4.74M
	February	2020	4.00M
	March	2020	0.38M
	April	2020	0.40M
	May	2020	0.78M
	June	2020	1.70M
	July	2020	2.55M
	August	2020	2.79M
	September	2021	12.35M
	October	2021	13.22M
	November	2021	20.46M
	December	2021	12.94M
	January	2021	12.40M
	February	2021	10.13M
	March	2021	12.14M
	April	2021	7.31M
	May	2021	12.15M
	June	2021	9.82M
	July	2021	12.09M
	August	2021	7.18M







FY 2021

FY 2020

8. In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total\_sold\_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total\_sold\_quantity,

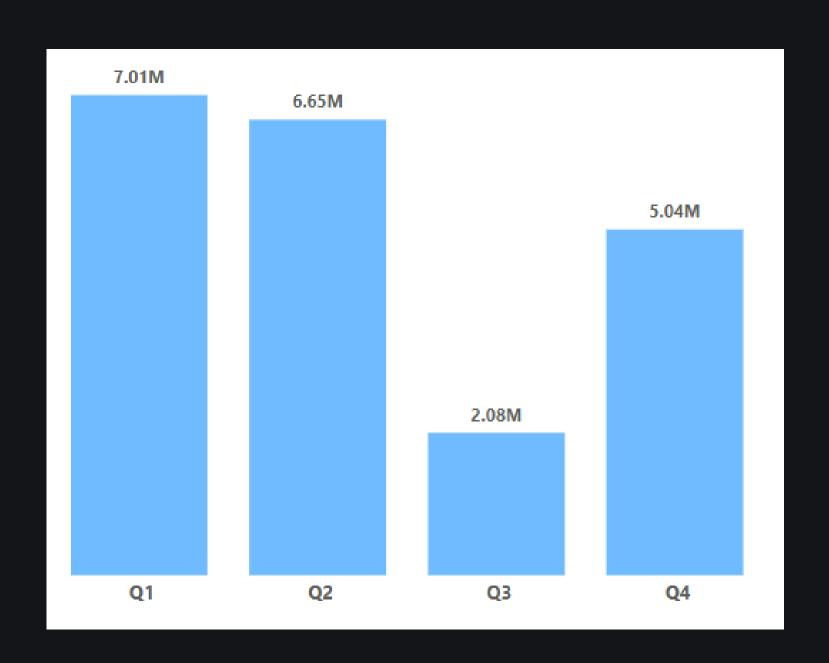
Quarter, total\_sold\_quantity

#### SQL Query:

```
WITH quarterly_sales AS (
SELECT
     CASE
         WHEN month(s.date) IN (9, 10, 11) THEN 'Q1'
         WHEN month(s.date) IN (12, 1, 2) THEN 'Q2'
         WHEN month(s.date) IN (3, 4, 5) THEN 'Q3'
         WHEN month(s.date) IN (6, 7, 8) THEN 'Q4'
     END AS quarter,
     SUM(s.sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity
FROM fact_sales_monthly s
WHERE s.fiscal_year = 2020
GROUP BY quarter
SELECT
     total_sold_quantity
FROM quarterly_sales
ORDER BY total sold quantity DESC;
```

#### Output:

	quarter	total_sold_quantity
•	Q1	7005619
	Q2	6649642
	Q4	5042541
	Q3	2075087



- In 2020, Q1 recorded the highest total sold quantity (7.01M), followed by Q2 (6.65M).
- Sales dropped significantly in Q3 (2.08M) but recovered in Q4 (5.04M).
- Sales declined in Q3 (2.08M) due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and market slowdowns.

9. Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields,

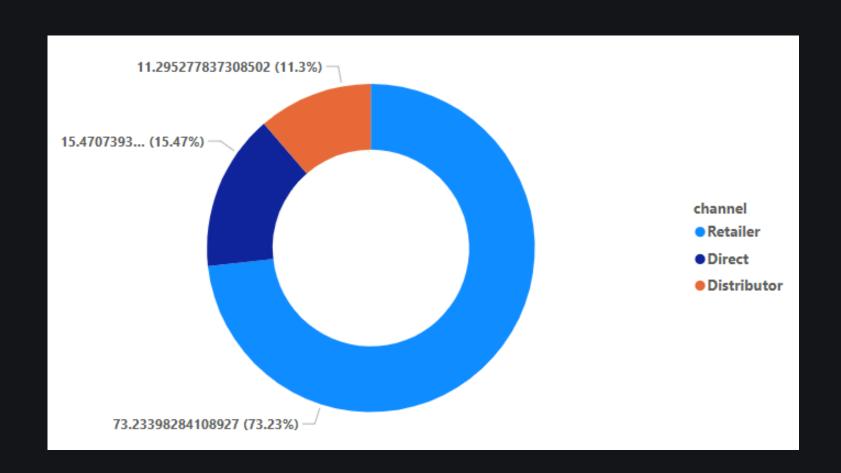
```
channel,
gross_sales_mln,
percentage
```

#### SQL Query:

```
WITH channel_sales AS (
     SELECT
         c.channel,
        ROUND(SUM(s.sold_quantity * g.gross_price) / 1000000, 2) AS gross_sales_mln
     FROM fact_sales_monthly s
     JOIN dim_customer c
     ON s.customer_code = c.customer_code
     JOIN fact_gross_price g
     ON s.product_code = g.product_code AND g.fiscal_year = s.fiscal_year
     WHERE s.fiscal_year = 2021
     GROUP BY c.channel
 SELECT
     channel,
     gross sales mln,
     ROUND((gross_sales_mln / SUM(gross_sales_mln) OVER()) * 100, 2) AS pct_contribution
 FROM channel_sales
 ORDER BY gross_sales_mln DESC;
```

#### Output:

	channel	gross_sales_mln	pct_contribution	
•	Retailer	1219.08	73.23	
	Direct	257.53	15.47	
	Distributor	188.03	11.30	



- Retailers led gross sales with 73.23%, while Direct (15.47%) and Distributor (11.30%) had significantly lower contributions.
- Optimizing retail-focused strategies can further boost revenue and market reach.

10. Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total\_sold\_quantity in the fiscal\_year 2021? The final output contains these fields,

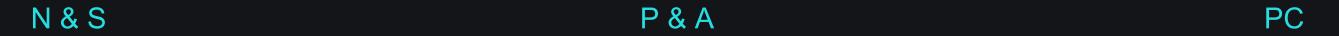
```
division,
product_code,
product,
total_sold_quantity,
rank_order
```

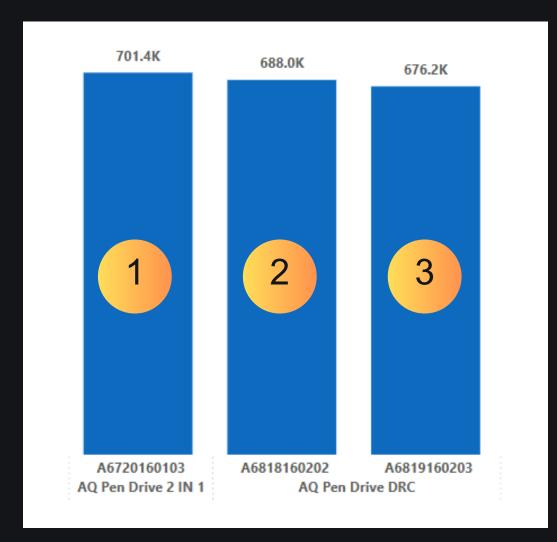
#### SQL Query:

```
WITH product_sales AS (
     SELECT
         p.division,
         s.product_code,
         p.product,
         SUM(s.sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity,
         RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY p.division ORDER BY SUM(s.sold_quantity) DESC) AS rank_order
     FROM fact_sales_monthly s
         JOIN dim_product p ON s.product_code = p.product_code
     WHERE s.fiscal year = 2021
     GROUP BY p.division, s.product_code, p.product
SELECT
    division,
    product_code,
    product,
    total_sold_quantity,
    rank_order
FROM product_sales
WHERE rank_order <= 3
ORDER BY division, rank_order;
```

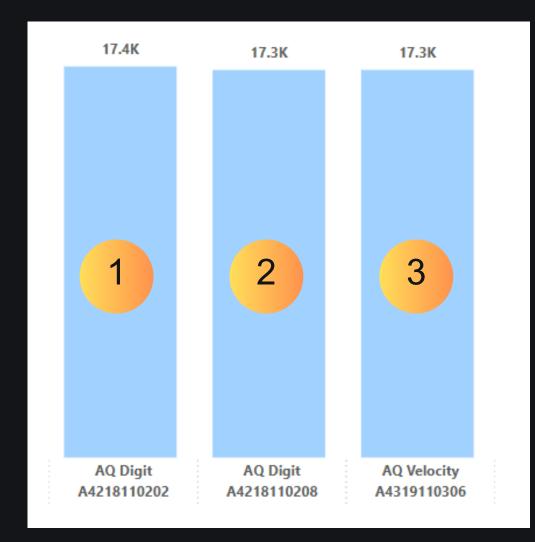
#### Output:

	division	product_code	product	total_sold_quantity	rank_order
•	N & S	A6720160103	AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1	701373	1
	N & S	A6818160202	AQ Pen Drive DRC	688003	2
	N & S	A6819160203	AQ Pen Drive DRC	676245	3
	P & A	A2319150302	AQ Gamers Ms	428498	1
	P&A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms	419865	2
	P&A	A2520150504	AQ Maxima Ms	419471	3
	PC	A4218110202	AQ Digit	17434	1
	PC	A4319110306	AQ Velocity	17280	2
	PC	A4218110208	AQ Digit	17275	3









- N & S Division: "AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1" leads with 701.4K units sold, highlighting strong demand for storage devices.
- P & A Division: "AQ Gamers Ms" tops with 428.5K units, indicating high interest in gaming accessories.
- PC Division: "AQ Digit" and "AQ Velocity" have the lowest sales (17.4K 17.3K), suggesting limited market demand.
- Diverse product demand across divisions can guide inventory optimization and targeted marketing strategies.

## Thank you