

▼ Project 2

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assign November 2, 2020 due November 7, 2020

Consider the centered DFT for Bird 2.tif, re-synthesize the images using the DFT coefficients

(1) inside ($r < 30$), and (2) outside ($r > 30$) the circular region with radius=30 pixels (based on the original image size), plot the resulted images.

Source codes (30%)

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import cv2
3 from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
4 %matplotlib inline
5
6 # loaded the image in grayscale
7 image = cv2.imread('Bird 2.tif',0)
8 image_float32 = np.float32(image) # convert from uint8 into float32
9
10 dft = cv2.dft(image_float32, flags = cv2.DFT_COMPLEX_OUTPUT) # Computed the 2-d discrete Fourier Transform
11 dft_shift = np.fft.fftshift(dft) # Shift the zero-frequency component to the center of the spectrum.
12 magnitude_spectrum = 20*np.log(cv2.magnitude(dft_shift[:, :, 0], dft_shift[:, :, 1])) # compute magnitude spectrum
13
14
15
16 #Low Pass Filter
17 dft = cv2.dft(image_float32, flags = cv2.DFT_COMPLEX_OUTPUT)
18 dft_shift = np.fft.fftshift(dft)
19
20 rows, cols = image.shape
21 crow, ccol = rows//2 , cols//2      # center
22
23 # create a mask first, center square is 1, remaining all zeros
```

```

23 # create a mask first, center square is 1, remaining all zeros
24 low_mask = np.zeros((rows, cols, 2), np.uint8)
25 low_mask[crow-30:crow+30, ccol-30:ccol+30] = 1
26
27 # apply mask and inverse DFT
28 fshift = dft_shift*low_mask
29 f_ishift = np.fft.ifftshift(fshift)
30 img_low = cv2.idft(f_ishift)
31 img_low = cv2.magnitude(img_low[:, :, 0], img_low[:, :, 1])
32
33
34
35
36 #Hight Pass Filter
37 dft = cv2.dft(image_float32, flags = cv2.DFT_COMPLEX_OUTPUT)
38 dft_shift = np.fft.fftshift(dft)
39
40 rows, cols = image.shape
41 crow, ccol = rows//2 , cols//2      # center
42
43 # create a mask first, center square is 0, remaining all ones
44 mask = np.ones((rows, cols, 2), np.uint8)
45 mask[crow-30:crow+30, ccol-30:ccol+30] = 0
46
47 # apply mask and inverse DFT
48 fshift = dft_shift*mask
49 f_ishift = np.fft.ifftshift(fshift)
50 img_high = cv2.idft(f_ishift)
51 img_high = cv2.magnitude(img_high[:, :, 0], img_high[:, :, 1])

```

Plot of DFT magnitude in Log scale (20%)

```

1 plt.figure(figsize=(14,9))
2 plt.imshow(magnitude_spectrum, cmap = 'gray')

```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f4b7f295a20>

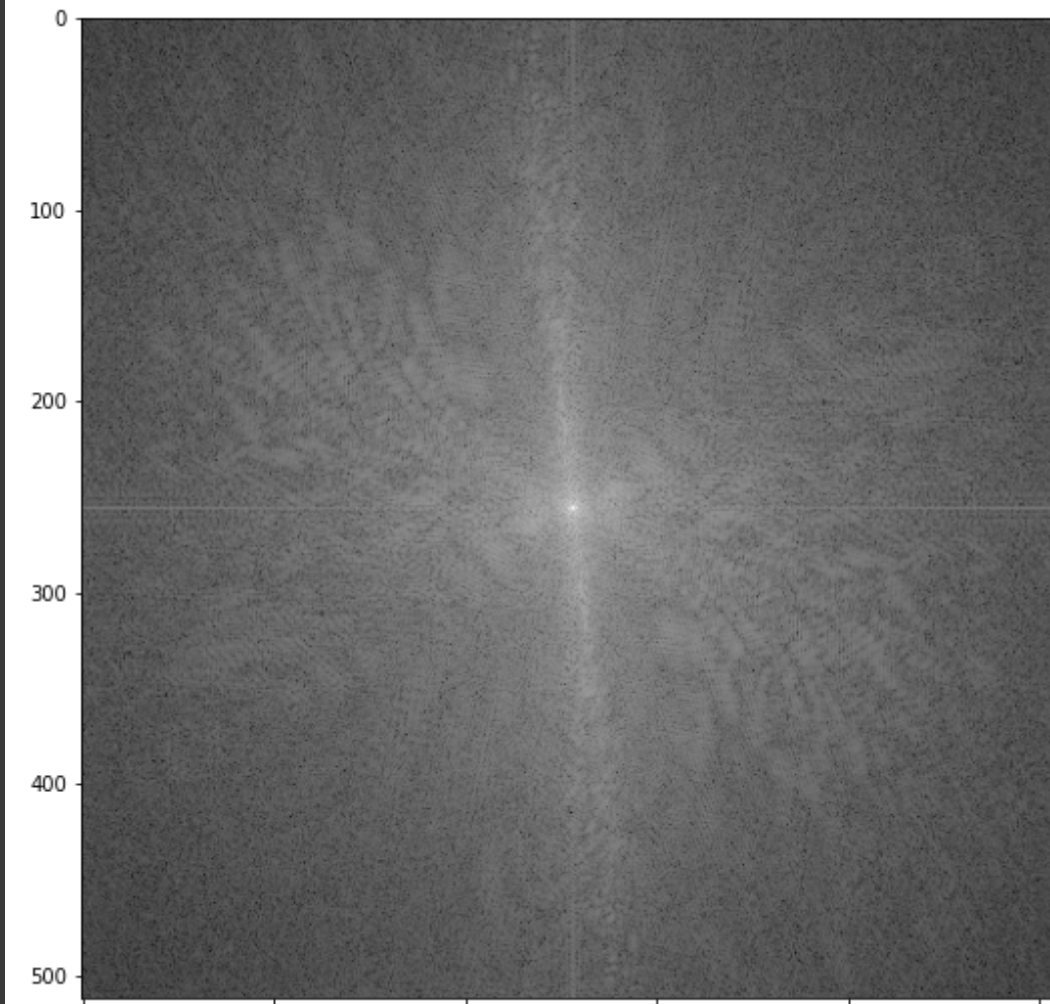


Image constructed by DFT coefficients inside the circular region with radius = 30 pixels (15%)

```
1 plt.figure(figsize=(14,9))
2 plt.imshow(img_low, cmap = 'gray')
3 plt.title('Low Pass Filter')
```

```
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Low Pass Filter')
```



Image constructed by DFT coefficients outside the circular region with radius = 30 pixels (15%)

```
1 plt.figure(figsize=(14,9))  
2 plt.imshow(img_high, cmap = 'gray')  
3 plt.title('High Pass Filter')
```

```
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'High Pass Filter')
```

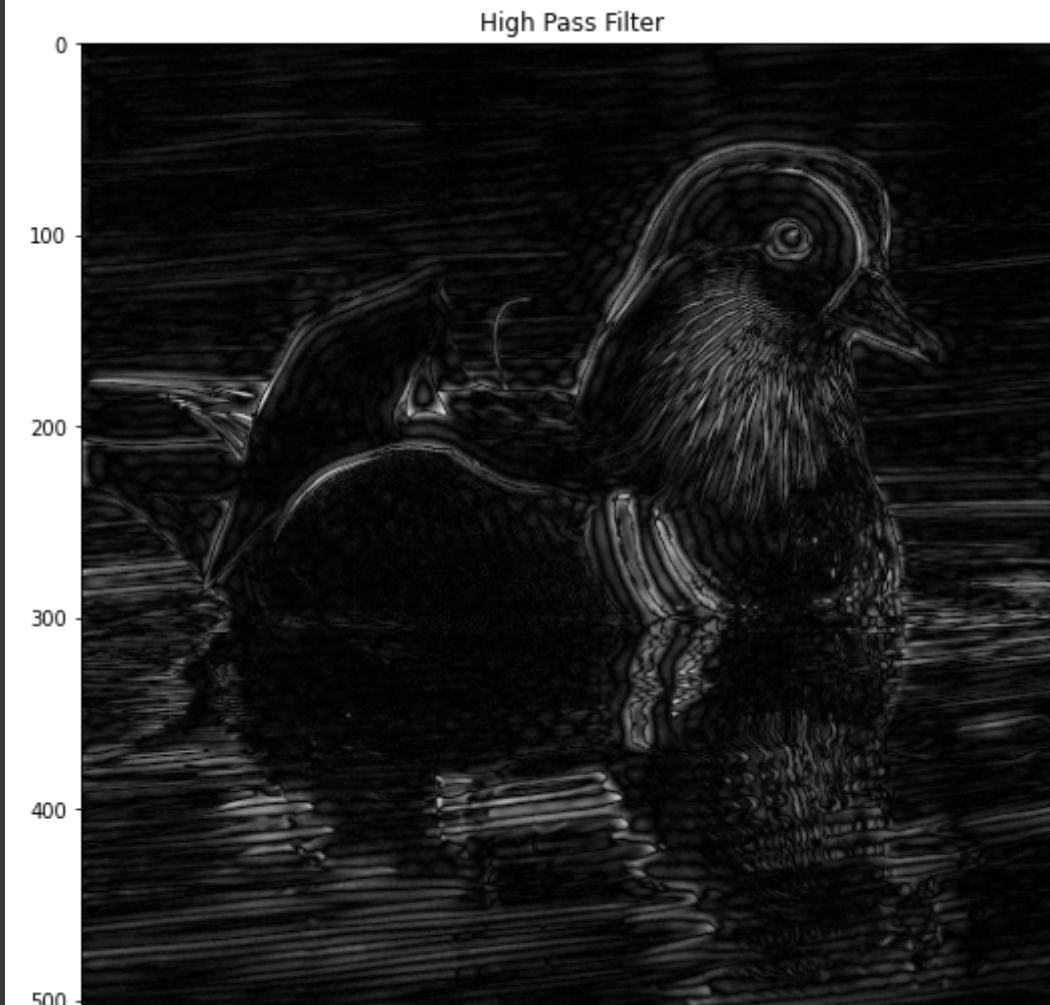


Table of top 25 DFT frequencies (u,v) in the left half frequency region ($0 \leq u \leq M-1$, $0 \leq v \leq N/2-1$) (20%)

```
1 rows, cols = magnitude_spectrum.shape
2
3 array=[]
4 for u in range(rows//2):
5     for v in range(cols):
6         array.append([magnitude_spectrum[u][v],u,v])
7
```

```
7  
8  
9 print('top 25 ([DFT_frequencies,u,v]):')  
10 array.sort()  
11 array.reverse()  
12 for i in range(25):  
13     print(array[i])
```

```
top 25 ([DFT_frequencies,u,v]):
```

```
[306.12363, 255, 256]  
[289.26358, 255, 255]  
[287.65848, 255, 257]  
[282.8861, 255, 258]  
[281.48758, 253, 255]  
[278.69717, 253, 258]  
[275.6128, 254, 257]  
[272.10452, 253, 257]  
[268.75012, 253, 254]  
[267.57715, 254, 260]  
[267.1798, 254, 254]  
[267.1516, 252, 256]  
[266.6424, 254, 259]  
[265.8584, 252, 253]  
[265.40668, 248, 255]  
[264.16266, 254, 255]  
[264.0195, 254, 252]  
[263.40283, 252, 258]  
[263.37115, 250, 257]  
[262.75793, 254, 253]  
[262.59485, 250, 256]  
[261.8376, 255, 252]  
[261.51242, 255, 254]  
[260.74612, 252, 255]  
[260.26202, 251, 258]
```

