

CS711008Z Algorithm Design and Analysis

Lecture 3. NP and intractability (Part I) ¹

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¹The slides are prepared based on Introduction to algorithms, Algorithm design, and Computer and Intractability.

STORAGE COMPRESSION Problem

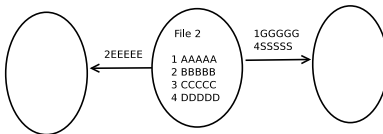
Practical Problem:

Data should be compressed as much as possible due to lots of redundancy. The complete data can be restored from the compressed data.

12 lines need to be stored



7 lines need to be stored



Formalized Definition:

Input: Given a graph $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ which has weighted vertices and edges, and a positive number W .

Let $w(v_i)$ denote the weight of vertex v_i and $d(e_k)$ denote the weight of edge e_k . For each $e_k = (v_i, v_j)$, $d(e_k) \geq |w(v_i) - w(v_j)|$ must be guaranteed in order to restore complete data

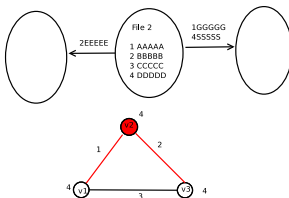
Output: is there a set of vertices $S \subseteq V$, a set of edges $P \subseteq E$, such that each vertex is in S or is adjacent to one vertex in S through one edge in P and $\sum_{v_i \in S} w(v_i) + \sum_{e_k \in P} d(e_k) \leq W$?

STORAGE COMPRESSION Problem — Formalization

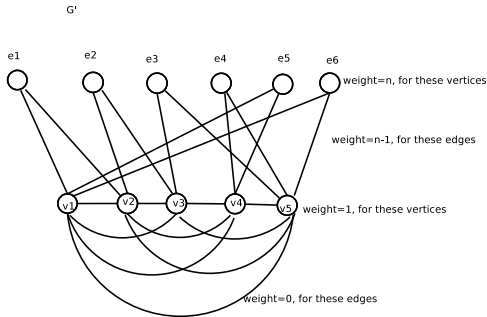
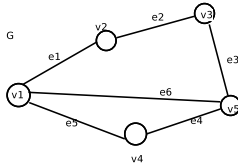
12 lines need to be stored



7 lines need to be stored



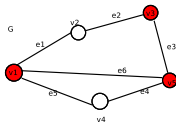
VERTEX COVER \leq_P STORAGE COMPRESSION PROBLEM: Transformation



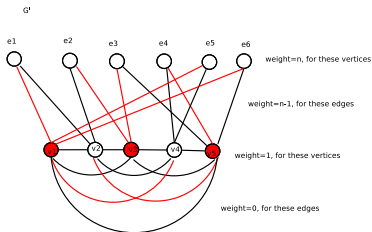
VERTEX COVER \leq_P STORAGE COMPRESSION PROBLEM: Transformation

It can be easily verified that

Graph G has a vertex cover with size less than k iff the graph G' has a solution with size less than $(n - 1) * n + k$



The size of vertex cover is 3. And the solution is $\{v_1, v_3, v_5\}$.



the size of the solution is $3 + 6 * 5 = 33$

DOMINATING SET \leq_P STORAGE COMPRESSION

PROBLEM: Transformation

In graph theory, a dominating set for a graph $G = (V, E)$ is a subset D of V such that every vertex not in D is joined to at least one member of D by some edge.

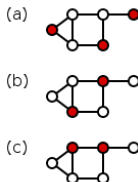
Dominateng Set Problem:

Input: Given a graph $G = \langle V, E \rangle$, and an integer number k ,

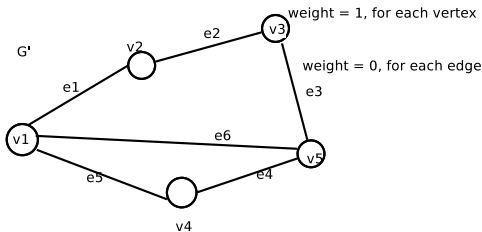
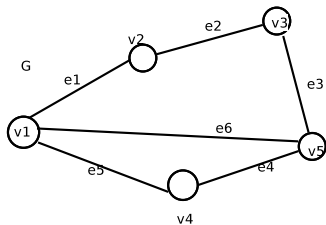
Output: is there a dominating set of size k ?

It has been proved that Dominating Set Problem is NP-complete. Please refer to

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dominating_set for details.



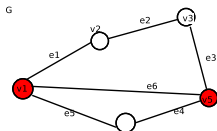
DOMINATING SET \leq_P STORAGE COMPRESSION PROBLEM: Transformation



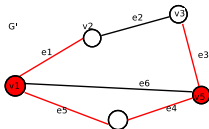
DOMINATING SET \leq_P STORAGE COMPRESSION PROBLEM: Transformation

It can be easily verified that

Graph G has a dominating set with size less than k iff the graph G' has a solution with size less than k



The size of dominating set is 2. The solution is $\{v1, v5\}$



The size of the solution is 2