

# Hint for Assignment 6 of CS6012

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## 1 Lagrangian Dual

**Hint:** The purpose of this problem is to use *Lagrangian Dual* to obtain the dual form from prime-form. In this process, you can recognize the relationship between  $Ax \geq b$  in prime and  $y \geq 0$  in dual.

## 2 Simple Algorithm

## 3 Linear Programming

**Note:** Something wrong appears in the statement. This problem asks for a *point*  $(x, y)$ , not a *line*. And the *distance* between a point  $(a, b)$  and the target point  $(x, y)$  is *zigzag* distance:  $d = |x - a| + |y - b|$ . Under the modification, the problem becomes simple. Maybe you can ignore this problem, it does not likely to appear in the final examination, I think.

## 4 Linear Programming

**Hint:** “basic solutions associated with the initial slack forms” is  $\{0, 0, \dots, 0, b_1, b_2, \dots, b_m\}$ .

## 5 Linear Programming

**Hint:** The *fundamental theorem* is that if LP has optimal solution, then the optimal solution can be obtained on vertex.

You should submit a counterexample which satisfies: a) it has strict inequality, b) it has optimal solution, c) it has vertex and d) all vertices are not optimal solution.

## 6 Linear Programming

**Hint:**  $x_j$  means the time spent by  $j$ -th person on *forward* walking while  $x'_j$  means the time spent by  $j$ -th person on *backward* walking.  $y_j$  means the time spent by  $j$ -th person on *forward* bicycling while  $y'_j$  means the time spent by  $j$ -th person on *backward* bicycling.

## 7 Linear-inequality feasibility

**Hint:** (a) trivial.  
(b) think of dual :)