# Algebraic Algorithms

#### mykyta.narusevych@matfyz.cuni.cz

#### December 2022

### 1 Theoretical part

- 1. Compute square-free factorization of the polynomial  $x^7 + x^6 x^5 x^4 x^3 x^2 + x + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ .
- 2. Compute square-free factorization of the polynomial  $x^{10}+2x^9+2x^8+2x^7+x^6+x^5+2x^4+x^3+x^2+2x+1$  over  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ .
- 3. Compute square-free factorization of the polynomial  $x^6 + x^4 + x^2 + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$ .
- 4. Compute square-free factorization of the polynomial  $x^7 + x^6 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$ .
- 5. Let **R** be gaussian field with characteristic 0 and let f be a primitive polynomial from  $\mathbf{R}[x_1,...,x_m]$ . Prove that:
  - f is square-free iff  $\gcd(f, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}, ..., \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_m}) = 1;$
  - $\bullet \,$  if  $f = \prod_{i=1}^k h_i^i$  is a square-free decomposition, then

$$\gcd(f,\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1},...,\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_m}) = \prod_{i=1}^k h_i^{i-1}.$$

Applying this proposition design an algorithm for square-free factorization of multivariate polynomials over gaussian rings with 0 characteristic.

## 2 Computational part

- 1. Verify 1 using sage.
- 2. Verify 2 using sage.
- 3. Verify 3 using sage.
- 4. Verify 4 using sage.