

Predictive Analytics For Premium Subscribers

XYZ Data Analyst Team

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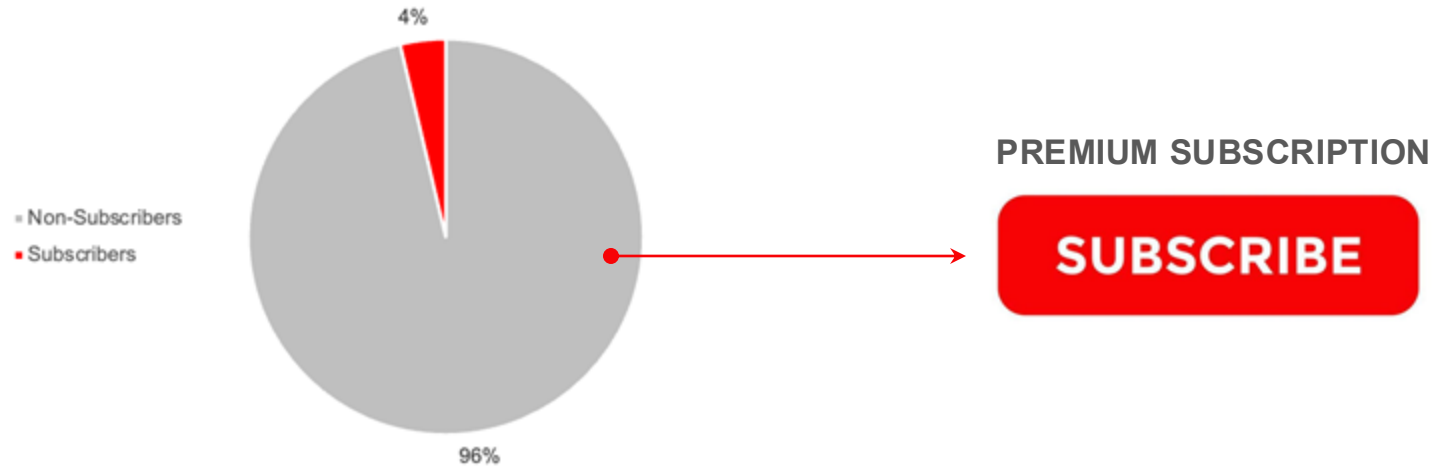
Purpose of the analytics

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How to build a **predictive model** to identify

which free users are most likely to convert to premium subscribers in the next campaign ”

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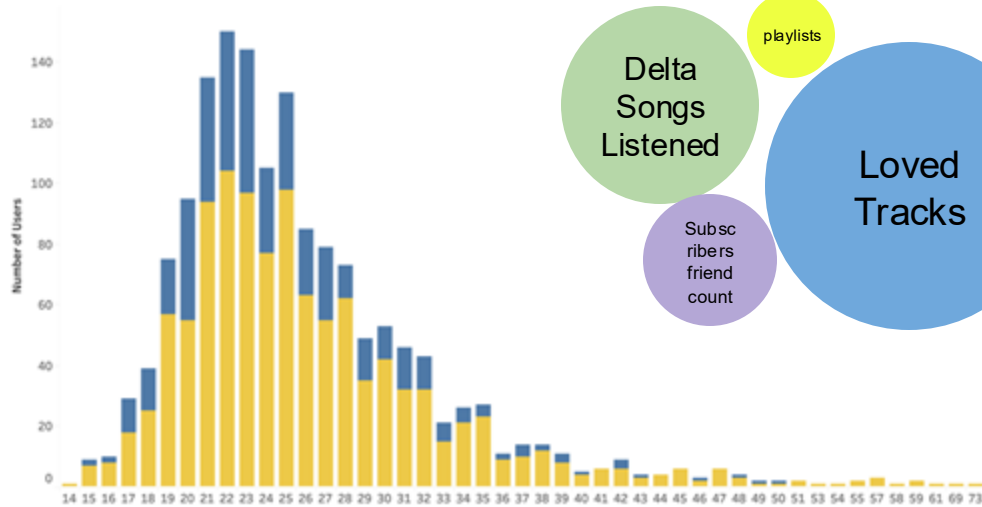


[Previous Campaign Result]

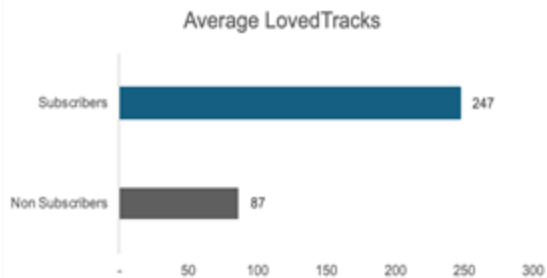
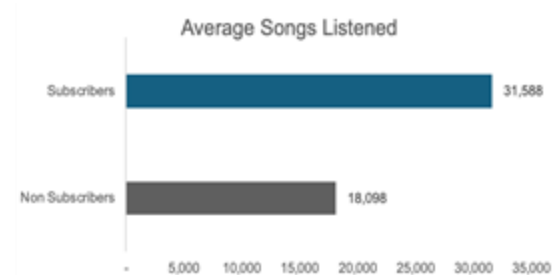
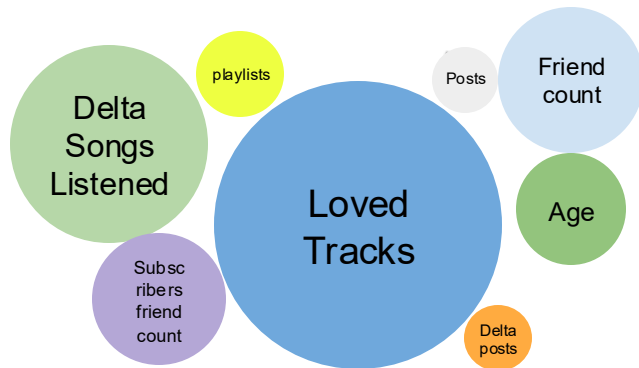
Target Audience - What does our adopters look like?

To predict, we analyze 25 user attributes including age, gender, number of friends, listening habits, and engagement.

Distribution of Users for each Age and Gender



Distribution of Users for each Age. Color shows details about Male (0 or 1). The data is filtered on Adopter, which keeps 1.



Analytics Results : **AUC 0.7718**

What is AUC

We can adopt our model, since it gives as a AUC value of 0.7718.

AUC is a metric that helps measure a model's ability to distinguish between two classes. **AUC reflects how well the model can rank potential adopters above non-adopters.**

An AUC of 0.7718 suggests that our model has a good ability to discriminate between users who are likely to convert to premium subscribers and those who are not. Specifically, there is a **77.18% chance** that a randomly selected user who will become a subscriber will have a higher predicted probability of conversion than a randomly selected user who will not convert.

Why AUC

AUC is especially **useful in imbalanced datasets** like ours, where accuracy alone might be misleading. Furthermore, as AUC shows the model's ranking ability, **it allows us to targeted marketing efforts to focus on the highest probability users.**

Analytics Results

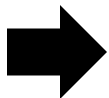
	Predicted Non-Adopter(0)	Predicted Adopter(1)
Actual Non-Adopter(0)	4,228	1,783
Actual Adopter(1)	52	168

Confusion Matrix

It shows how well our predictive model identifies users who will subscribe to the premium service (adopters) versus those who won't (non-adopters)

Predicted Adopters (0): 4,228 users are correctly classified as non adopters, meaning marketing resources were not spent on them unnecessarily. **52** represents missed opportunities—users who were likely to subscribe but were not identified by the model.

Predicted Adopters (1): 1,783 are users that the model incorrectly identified as likely to subscribe but did not convert. **168** are users accurately identified as likely to adopt the premium service.



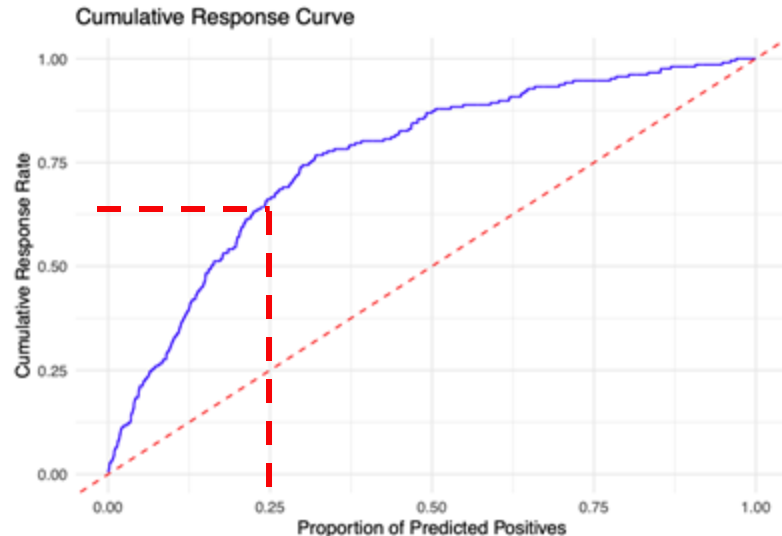
The cost savings from accurately identifying non-adopters outweigh the resources spent on incorrect predictions, and the number of **correctly identified adopters** is greater than the missed opportunities.

Analytics Results

- **Efficient Targeting:** By targeting 25% of the users, our model can capture about 65% of the actual premium subscribers.

We can ensure marketing resources are spent on users with the highest likelihood of conversion, which boosts the effectiveness of the marketing campaign

- **Cost Savings:** Since the model outperforms random targeting (as shown by the blue curve above the red line), We can **reduce marketing costs** by targeting fewer users while still driving significant conversion rates.
- **Diminishing Returns:** After targeting around 40% of users, the model's effectiveness declines, meaning further targeting adds fewer subscribers. Focusing on the top users identified by the model will **maximize impact without wasting resources** on less likely converters.



How can our model help our business?

- Concentrate resources on users most likely to convert,
Reduce the cost on users unlikely to convert
- Improves the overall conversion rate for the marketing campaign
- Focus on features of our models in communication and marketing campaigns to better resonate with users who are most likely to subscribe.

Features of Our Model

Our model highlights several top features—: **loved tracks, delta song listened, delta loved tracks, song listened, subscriber friend count, shouts**—as primary factors in predicting whether users will subscribe to the premium service after the marketing campaign.

Loved tracks, Song listened:

The volume of music that users have liked and listened are key factors influencing conversion to premium users

Delta song listened, Delta loved tracks:

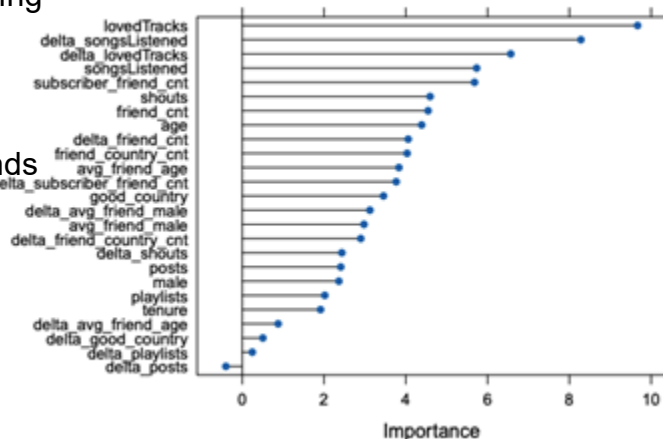
During the marketing campaign, users who have shown a change in song-listening activity and interest in exploring new music are more likely to convert.

Subscriber friend count, Shouts:

Potential premium subscribers are influenced by their premium-subscribing friends and social engagement on the platform

Corresponding to these important features, we can emphasize our premium services such as personalized tracks recommendations and social interaction features to attract potential subscribers.

Feature Importance from Random Forest



Conclusion and Next Step

We can target more potential premium subscribers and optimize marketing costs using this predictive model in the next marketing campaigns.

Next Steps: We recommend testing the model in the next marketing campaign and monitor the adoption rates. By collecting more adopters data, we can further refine the predictive model to improve our targeting strategies.

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