

## 2945 - Help R2-D2!

#### Europe - Southwestern - 2003/2004

In Episode III of Star Wars (whose alleged title is *How I became Vader*), R2-D2 (Artoo-Detoo) is again confronted to a tedious work. He is responsible for the loading of the republic transport starships in the fastest way. Imagine a huge space area where n starships are parked. Each starship has a capacity of K cubic femtoparsec. Containers  $C_i$  arrive one at a time with some volume  $v_i$  (expressed in cubic femtoparsec). R2-D2 wants to minimize the number of starships used for a given sequence of containers.

Smart as he is, R2-D2 knows for sure that the problem is a hard one, even with the force being around. Here is the heuristics he selected to solve his problem. Start with all starships ready to load, and numbered  $S_0$ ,  $S_1$ , etc.. When container  $C_j$  arrives, select the starship of minimal index i that can contain  $C_j$  and put it in  $S_i$ . In some sense, this heuristics minimizes the move of the container arriving before its loading.

At the end of the *n* arrivals, R2-D2 counts the number *s* of starships used and he measures the *total waste w* of the sequence. For i = 0..s - 1, the *waste* in starship *i* is given by the unused volume.

Your task is to simulate the algorithm of R2-D2.

#### Input

Input consists of several test cases, each of them following the description below. A blank line separates two consecutive cases.

Each test file begins with capacity K on a line ( $K \le 1000$ ), followed by the number of containers in the sequence, n on the second line ( $1 \le n \le 10^6$ ). There are two possible formats for the remaining lines. If it contains one integer, then this is the next  $v_i$ . If it begins with the character `b' (for block), it is followed by 2 integers r and v. This means that the r next containers arriving have volume v.

### **Output**

For each test case, your program must output the number *s* of starships used, followed by a blank, followed by the total waste *w*.

The outputs of two consecutive cases will be separated by a blank line.

In the first sample input below, you load starship  $S_0$  with 50 and 25 and starship  $S_1$  with 70, so that the waste is (100-75)+(100-70)=55. The answer must be  $^2$  55'

The second case which corresponds to the sequence 50, 40, 40, 20.  $S_0$  will contain 90,  $S_1$  will contain 60, so that the waste is 10+40=50 and the answer will be: 250.

#### Sample Input

100

3

50

```
25
70
100
4
50
b 2 40
20
```

# **Sample Output**

2 55

2 50

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