Problem E Recursive Texting

All of you have typed in mobile phones. In this problem, you will have to do a similar thing.



You are given a word. You will have to process it. There are two phases in each step. Type the given word using standard mobile keyboard, that is, press the digit containing the required letter once.

Convert **each digit** found in the first phase into word, concatenate those words, and produce a new word.

For example, if you are asked to type **DHAKA**.

Step 1, phase 1:

34252

Step 1, phase 2:

THREEFOURTWOFIVETWO

Step 2, phase 1:

8473336878963483896

Step 2, phase 2:

EIGHTFOURSEVENTHREETHREESIXEIGHTSEVENEIGHTNINESIXTH REEFOUREIGHTTHREEEIGHTNINESIX

And so on....

Your job is to find the k^{th} character after n^{th} step.

Input

First line of input will consist of number of test cases, T ($1 \le T \le 1000$). Each of the next T lines contains the initial word, W ($1 \le |W| \le 100$), n($1 \le n \le 20$), k ($1 \le k \le 10^9$),

separated by a space. \mathbf{n} will be such that \mathbf{k}^{th} character is always found. The initial word will contain only uppercase letter of English alphabet and no space within it.

Output

For each test case, first print the test case number, followed by the \mathbf{k}^{th} character after processing the initial word up to \mathbf{n}^{th} step.

Sample Input

Output for Sample Input

	Case 1: T
DHAKA 1 1	Case 2: E
DHAKA 2 1	Case 3: E
DHAKA 1 5	Case 4: S
DHAKA 2 10	

Note

Spellings of the digits:

 $0-{\sf ZERO},\,1-{\sf ONE},\,2-{\sf TWO},\,3-{\sf THREE},\,4-{\sf FOUR},\,5-{\sf FIVE},\,6-{\sf SIX},\,7-{\sf SEVEN},\,8-{\sf EIGHT},\,9-{\sf NINE}$

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Special Thanks: Md. Mahbubul Hasan