

# 2946 - Phony primes

#### Europe - Southwestern - 2003/2004

You are chief debugger for Poorly Guarded Privacy, Inc. One of the top selling product, ReallySecureAgent©, seems to have a problem with its prime number generator. It produces from time to time bogus primes *N*. After a while, you realize that the problem is due to the way primes are recognized.

Every phony prime N you discover can be characterized as follows. It is odd and has distinct prime factors, say  $N = p_1 \star p_2 \star ... \star p_k$  with  $p_i$   $p_j$ , where the number k of factors is at least 3. Moreover, for all i = 1..k,  $p_i - 1$  divides N - 1. For instance,  $561 = 3 \star 11 \star 17$  is a phony prime.

Intrigued by this phenomenon, you decide to write a program that enumerates all such N's in a given interval  $[N_{\min}, N_{\max}]$ , with  $1 \le N_{\min} < N_{\max} < 2^{31}$ ,  $N_{\max} - N_{\min} < 10^6$ .

#### Input

Input consists of several test cases, each of them following the description below. A blank line separates two consecutive cases.

Each test file contains one line. On this line are written the two integers  $N_{\min}$  and  $N_{\max}$  separated by a blank.

### **Output**

For each test case, output the list of phony primes in increasing order, one per line. If there are no phony prime in the interval, then simply output `none' on a line.

The outputs of two consecutive cases will be separated by a blank line.

# **Sample Input**

10 2000

20000 21000

# Sample Output

561

1105

1729

none

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