# AI 프로그래밍 HW08 실습 수업

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코딩환경 준비해주세요

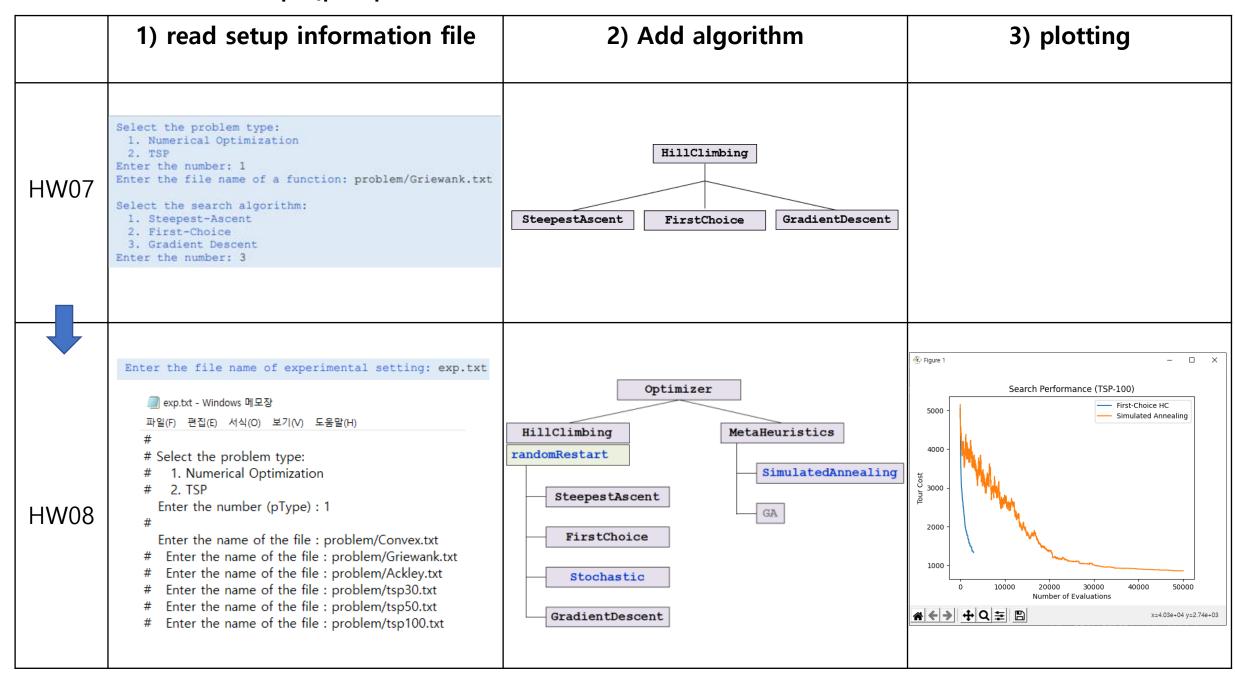
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#### 1. HW08 과제 목표

- 1) read setup information file
- new user interface exp.txt, changes Main program
- 2) add algorithm
- changes Class Hierarchy
- add random-restart, stochastic, simulated annealing
- 3) plotting the progress

#### 1. HW08 과제 목표



# 2. today 실습

- read setup information file
- new user interface exp.txt, changes Main program
- main.py
  - 1) createProblem()
  - 2) createOptimizer()
  - 3) conductExperiment()
- plot.py
  - 1) steepest (numeric) 예시
  - 2) first choice, steepest ascent (TSP) 예시

#### 3. main.py – createProblem() 5min

- createProblem() = 문제 타입 읽어오기 (numeric, TSP)
- setVariables(parameter)

```
def createProblem(parameters): ###
  # Create a problem instance (a class object) 'p' of the type as
  # specified by 'pType', set the class variables, and return 'p'.
  pType = parameters['pType']
  if pType == 1:
      p = Numeric()
  p.setVariables(parameters)
  return p
```

#### 3. main.py – createProblem()

- setVariables(parameter)
- class Problem에서 parameter의 파일이름 설정
- class Numeric에서 파일이름 열고 읽어오기

```
class Problem(Setup):
    def __init__(self):
        Setup.__init__(self)
        self._solution = []
        self._value = 0
        self._numEval = 0

    def setVariables(self, parameters):
        # pass
        self._pFileName = parameters['pFileName']
```

```
class Numeric(Problem):
    def __init__(self):
        Problem.__init__(self)
        self._expression = '
        self._domain = [] # domain as a list
    def setVariables(self, parameters):
        ## Read in a function and its domain from
        ## Then, set the relevant class variable
        # fileName = input("Enter the file name
       # infile = open(fileName, 'r')
        Problem.setVariables(self, parameters)
        infile = open(self._pFileName, 'r')
        self._expression = infile.readline() # a
        varNames = [] # Variable names
```

#### 3. main.py – createOptimizer() 5min

- createOptimizer() = 서치 알고리즘 읽어오기
- (first-choice, steepest-ascent, gradient-descent...)
- setVariables(parameter)

```
def createOptimizer(parameters): ###
    # Create an optimizer instance (a class object) 'alg' of the type
    # as specified by 'aType', set the class variables, and return 'alg'.
    optimizers = { 1: 'SteepestAscent()'}
    aType = parameters['aType']
    alg = eval(optimizers[aType]) # Create object of target algorithm
    alg.setVariables(parameters)
    return alg
```

#### 3. main.py – createOptimizer()

- setVariables(parameter)
- class HillClimbing에서 pType 설정

```
class HillClimbing(Setup):
    def __init__(self):
        Setup.__init__(self)
        self._pType = 0  # Problem type
        self._limitStuck = 100 # Max evaluations with no improvement

def setVariables(self, parameters):
    self._pType = parameters['pType']
```

## 3. main.py – conductExperiment()

- class HillClimbing에서
- getAType() 새롭게 정의하고
- \_\_init\_\_에서 초기값 설정

```
class HillClimbing(Setup):
   def __init__(self):
       Setup.__init__(self)
        self._pType = 0  # Problem type
       self. limitStuck = 100 # Max evaluations with no
       self. aType = 0
   def setVariables(self, parameters):
        self._pType = parameters['pType']
   def displaySetting(self):
        print()
       if self._pType == 1:
            print("Mutation step size:", self. delta)
   def run(self):
        pass
   def getAType(self):
       return self._aType
```

#### 3. main.py – conductExperiment() 5min

- conductExperiment()에서
- 필요한대로
- getSolution()
- getValue()
- getNumEval() 등의 함수들
- class Problem에서 정의

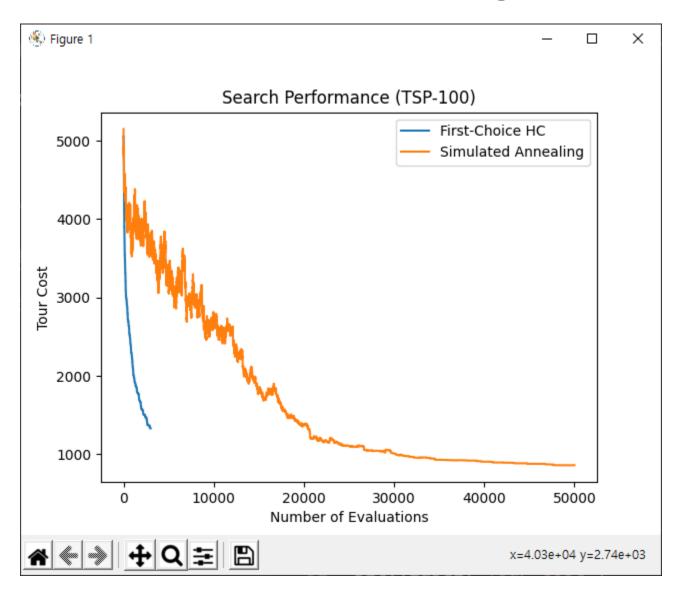
```
class Problem(Setup):
    def __init__(self):
        Setup.__init__(self)
        self._solution = []
        self._value = 0
        self._numEval = 0
    def setVariables(self, parameters):
        # pass
        self._pFileName = parameters['pFileName']
    def getSolution(self):
        return self._solution
    def getValue(self):
        return self._value
    def getNumEval(self):
        return self._numEval
```

### 4. plot.py -steepest 예시

- 서칭 과정을
- 그래프로 그리기
- current value를
- 파일에 기록해놓고
- Evaluation 값들을
- Matplotlib을 이용해
- plot

```
class SteepestAscent(HillClimbing):
    def displaySetting(self):
        print()
        print("Search Algorithm: Steepest-Ascent Hill Climbing")
        HillClimbing.displaySetting(self)
    def run(self, p):
        current = p.randomInit() # A current candidate solution
        valueC = p.evaluate(current)
       f=open('steepest.txt', 'w')
        while True:
            neighbors = p.mutants(current)
            successor, valueS = self.bestOf(neighbors, p)
           f.write(str(round(valueC,1))+'\n')
            if valueS >= valueC:
                break
            else:
                current = successor
                valueC = valueS
       f.close()
        p.storeResult(current, valueC)
```

### 4. plot.py (first-choice, simulated annealing – TSP100 예시)



#### 5. 제출사항

- 소스코드 5개 (main.py, optimizer.py, problem.py, setup.py, plot.py)
- txt 파일 2개 (fisrt.txt, anneal.txt)
- <보고서에 첨부할 스크린샷>
- 새로 추가한 알고리즘 (stochastic, simulated annealing) 결과 터미널 캡처 12개 (각각 numeric 3개, TSP 3개 동작 결과)
- Plot.py로 만든 그래프 2개 (exp.txt의 세팅이 limitStuck=100, limitEval=50000 / limitStuck=1000, limitEval=10000 일때)
- 각각이 의미하는바 설명 (결론 및 토의 내용)