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# 결정 경계 그래프
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap

# 결정 경계 그래프 함수 정의
def plot_decision_regions(X, y, classifier, resolution=0.01):
    markers = ('s', 'x', 'o', '^', 'v')
    colors = ('red', 'blue', 'lightgreen', 'gray', 'cyan')
    cmap = ListedColormap(colors[:len(np.unique(y))])

    x1_min, x1_max = X[:, 0].min() - 1, X[:, 0].max() + 1
    x2_min, x2_max = X[:, 1].min() - 1, X[:, 1].max() + 1
    xx1, xx2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x1_min, x1_max, resolution), np.arange(x2_min, x2_max, resolution))
    Z = classifier.predict(np.array([xx1.ravel(), xx2.ravel()]).T)
    Z = Z.reshape(xx1.shape)

    plt.contourf(xx1, xx2, Z, alpha=0.3, cmap=cmap)
    plt.xlim(xx1.min(), xx1.max())
    plt.ylim(xx2.min(), xx2.max())
    for idx, cl in enumerate(np.unique(y)):
        plt.scatter(x=X[X[y == cl, 0], y=X[y == cl, 1], alpha=0.8, c=colors[idx], marker=markers[idx], label=cl, edgecolor=None if idx == 1 else

# 결정 경계 그래프 출력
plot_decision_regions(X, y, classifier=ppn)
plt.xlabel('Alcohol (Standardized)')
plt.ylabel('Proline (Standardized)')
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.show()

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