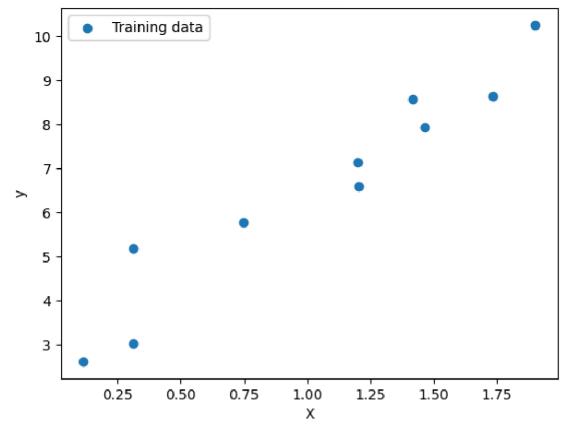
11주차 Overffitng 실습

• 다항회귀 모델을 선언하고, 차수에 따른 모델의 경향을 확인한다.

```
import numpy as np
In [ ]:
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression, Lasso, Ridge
         from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
In [ ]:
        # 데이터 생성
        np.random.seed(42)
        X_{train} = 2 * np.random.rand(10, 1)
        y_{train} = 4 + 3 * X_{train} + np.random.randn(10, 1)
        # 데이터 분포 확인
        plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, label='Training data')
        plt.title('Train dataset')
        plt.xlabel('X')
        plt.ylabel('y')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

Train dataset



```
In []: # 도표 출력을 위한 함수 선언
def plot_predict_result(model, max = 10, min = 0):

X_test = np.linspace(0, 2, 100)[:, np.newaxis]
y_test = 4 + 3 * X_test + np.random.randn(100, 1)

X_poly_test = poly_features.transform(X_test)

y_predict = model.predict(X_poly_test)

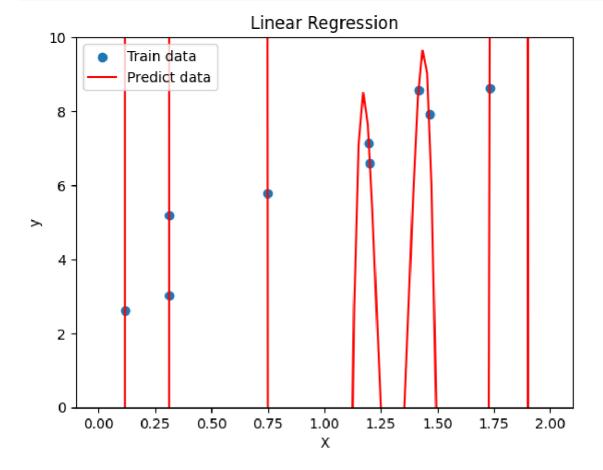
plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, label='Train data')
```

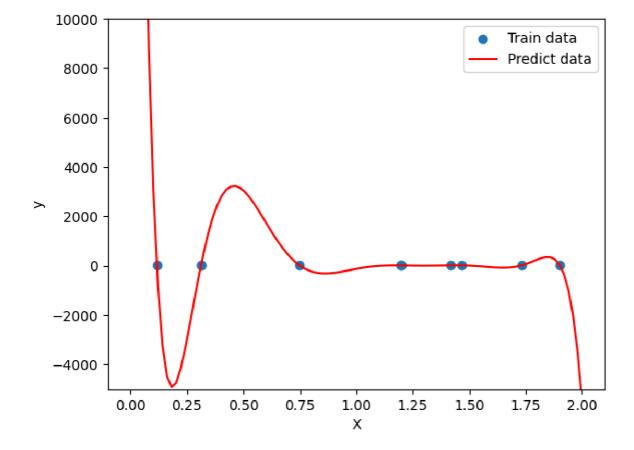
```
plt.plot(X_test, y_predict, label='Predict data', color='r')
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.ylim([min, max])
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
In []: # 9차 회귀 모델 -> 너무 높은 차수 (overfitting)
poly_features = PolynomialFeatures(degree=9, include_bias=False)
X_poly_train = poly_features.fit_transform(X_train)

# Linear Regression 모델 학습
lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)

plt.title("Linear Regression")
plot_predict_result(lin_reg)
plot_predict_result(lin_reg, 10000, -5000)
```

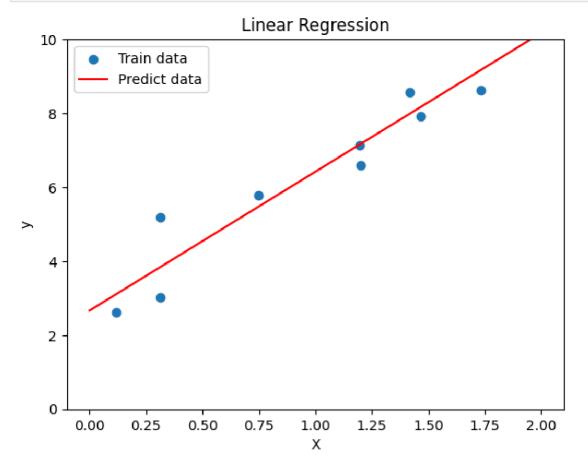




```
In []: # 1차 회귀 모델 -> 단항 회귀 모델 (linear)
poly_features = PolynomialFeatures(degree=1, include_bias=False)
X_poly_train = poly_features.fit_transform(X_train)

# Linear Regression 모델 학습
lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)

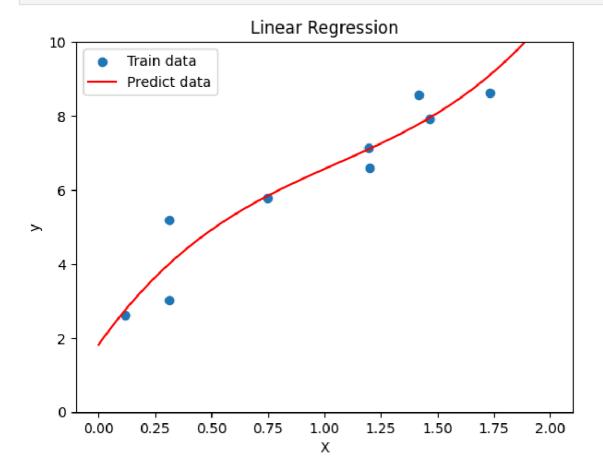
plt.title("Linear Regression")
plot_predict_result(lin_reg)
```



```
In []: # 3차 회귀 모델
poly_features = PolynomialFeatures(degree=3, include_bias=False)
X_poly_train = poly_features.fit_transform(X_train)

# Linear Regression 모델 학습
lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)

plt.title("Linear Regression")
plot_predict_result(lin_reg)
```



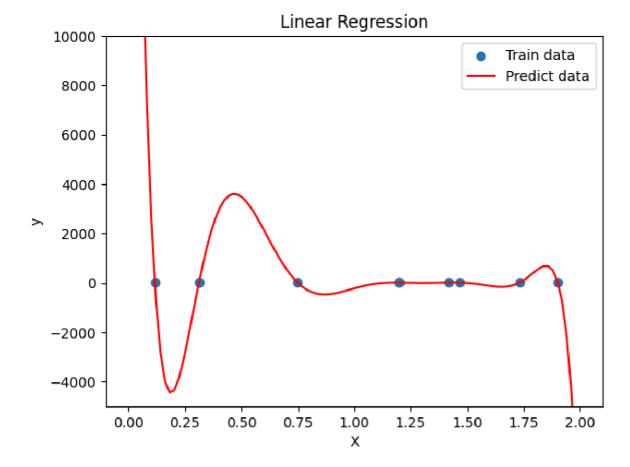
Regularization by Weight Penalty

- Overfitting된 다항회귀 모델에 Regularization을 적용하여 Overfitting을 완화한다.
 - Lasso (L1 Norm)
 - Ridge (L2 Norm)

```
In []: poly_features = PolynomialFeatures(degree=10, include_bias=False)
X_poly_train = poly_features.fit_transform(X_train)

# Linear Regression 모델 학습
lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)
plt.title("Linear Regression")
plot_predict_result(lin_reg, 10000, -5000)

plt.show()
```

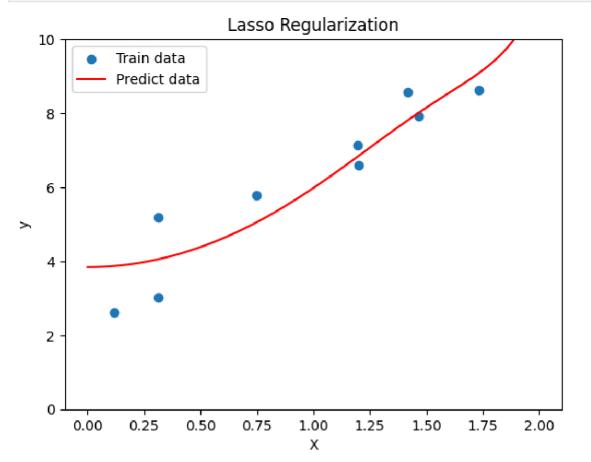


```
In []: # Lasso(L1) Norm을 적용한 모델 학습

lasso_reg = Lasso(alpha=0.1, max_iter=100000)
lasso_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)

# Lasso 모델 예측 결과
plt.title("Lasso Regularization")
plot_predict_result(lasso_reg, 10, 0)

plt.show()
```



```
In []: # Ridge(L2) Norm을 적용한 모델 학습

ridge_reg = Ridge(alpha=1, max_iter=10000)
ridge_reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)

# Ridge 모델 예측 결과
plt.title("Ridge Regularization")
plot_predict_result(ridge_reg, 10 , 0)

plt.show()
```

