Try_Problem4_clean

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1 Solving a Fourth Order Elliptic Singular Perturbation Problem

$$\begin{cases} \varepsilon^2 \Delta^2 u - \Delta u = f & \text{in } \Omega \\ u = \partial_n u = 0 & \text{on } \partial \Omega \end{cases}$$

1.1 Problem 4

Now let's move to the next stage:

$$(\nabla w_h, \nabla \chi_h) = (f, \chi_h)$$

$$(\operatorname{curl}_h z_h, \operatorname{curl}_h v_h) = (\nabla w_h, \nabla_h v_h)$$

$$(\phi_h, \psi_h) + \varepsilon^2 c_h (\nabla_h \phi_h, \nabla_h \psi_h) + (\operatorname{div}_h \psi_h, p_h) = (\operatorname{curl}_h z_h, \psi_h)$$

$$(\operatorname{div}_h \phi_h, q_h) = 0$$

$$(\operatorname{curl}_h u_{h0}, \operatorname{curl}_h \chi_h) = (\phi_h, \operatorname{curl}_h \chi_h)$$

where

$$c_{h}\left(\phi_{h},\psi_{h}\right):=\left(\nabla_{h}\phi_{h},\nabla_{h}\psi_{h}\right)-\sum_{F\in\mathcal{F}_{h}^{\partial}}\left(\partial_{n}\left(\phi_{h}\cdot t\right),\psi_{h}\cdot t\right)_{F}-\sum_{F\in\mathcal{F}_{h}^{\partial}}\left(\phi_{h}\cdot t,\partial_{n}\left(\psi_{h}\cdot t\right)\right)_{F}+\sum_{F\in\mathcal{F}_{h}^{\partial}}\frac{\sigma}{h_{F}}\left(\phi_{h}\cdot t,\psi_{h}\cdot t\right)_{F}$$

```
[1]: from skfem import *
     import numpy as np
     from utils import solver_iter_krylov, solver_iter_pyamg, solver_iter_mgcg
     from skfem.helpers import d, dd, ddd, dot, ddot, grad, dddot, prod, div, curl
     from scipy.sparse.linalg import LinearOperator, minres
     from skfem.models.poisson import *
     from skfem.assembly import BilinearForm, LinearForm
     from skfem.visuals.matplotlib import draw, plot
     import scipy.sparse.linalg as spl
     from scipy.sparse import bmat
     from skfem.visuals.matplotlib import draw, plot
     import datetime
     import pandas as pd
     import sys
     import time
     pi = np.pi
```

```
sin = np.sin
cos = np.cos
exp = np.exp
```

1.2 Errors

```
[5]: @Functional
     def L2uError(w):
        x, y = w.x
        return (w.w - exact_u(x, y))**2
     def get_DuError(basis, u):
         duh = basis.interpolate(u).grad
         x = basis.global_coordinates().value
         dx = basis.dx # quadrature weights
         dux, duy = dexact_u(x[0], x[1])
         return np.sqrt(np.sum(((duh[0] - dux)**2 + (duh[1] - duy)**2) * dx))
     def get_D2uError(basis, u):
         dduh = basis.interpolate(u).hess
         x = basis.global_coordinates(
         ).value # coordinates of quadrature points [x, y]
         dx = basis.dx # quadrature weights
         duxx, duxy, duyx, duyy = ddexact(x[0], x[1])
         return np.sqrt(
             np.sum(((dduh[0][0] - duxx)**2 + (dduh[0][1] - duxy)**2 +
                     (dduh[1][1] - duyy)**2 + (dduh[1][0] - duyx)**2) * dx))
```

1.3 Element P1CR

```
[6]: class ElementTriP1CR(ElementH1):
    facet_dofs = 1
    dim = 2
    maxdeg = 1
    dofnames = ['u']
    doflocs = np.array([[.5, 0.], [.5, .5], [0., .5]])
    mesh_type = MeshTri

    def lbasis(self, X, i):
        x, y = X

    if i == 0:
        phi = 1. - 2. * y
```

```
dphi = np.array([0. * x, -2. + 0. * y])
elif i == 1:
    phi = 2. * x + 2. * y - 1.
    dphi = np.array([2. + 0. * x, 2. + 0. * y])
elif i == 2:
    phi = 1. - 2. * x
    dphi = np.array([-2. + 0. * x, 0. * x])
else:
    self._index_error()
return phi, dphi
```

1.4 Forms for decoupled equations

1.4.1 First two Poisson equations

1.4.2 Stokes equation

```
@BilinearForm
def phipsi_load3(u, v, w):
    for 5.7b $(div_phi, p)$
    return div(u) * v
@BilinearForm
def zpsi_load(u, v, w):
    for 5.7b $(curl_z, psi)$
    return dot(curl(u), v)
@BilinearForm
def phiq_load(u, v, w):
    for 5.7c $(div_phi, q)$
    return div(u) * v
@BilinearForm
def mass(u, v, w):
    111
    for 5.7c C
    return \mathbf{u} * \mathbf{v} * 1e-6
```

1.4.3 First way to define penalty

1.4.4 Second way to define penalty

```
[21]: OBilinearForm
      def penalty_1(u, v, w):
           global uuu, vvv, www
           uuu = u
           \nabla \nabla \nabla = \nabla
           w = ww
           w_t = np.array([-w.n[1], w.n[0]])
           return -((dot(d(u)[0], w.n) * w_t[0]) + (dot(d(u)[1], w.n) * w_t[1])) *_{\sqcup}
        \rightarrowdot(v, w_t)
      @BilinearForm
      def penalty_2(u, v, w):
           w_t = np.array([-w.n[1], w.n[0]])
           return -((dot(d(v)[0], w.n) * w_t[0]) + (dot(d(v)[1], w.n) * w_t[1])) *_{\sqcup}
        \rightarrowdot(u, w_t)
      @BilinearForm
      def penalty_3(u, v, w):
           w_t = np.array([-w.n[1], w.n[0]])
           return (sigma / w.h) * dot(u, w_t) * dot(v, w_t)
```

1.4.5 Setting boundary conditions for

$$\int_{\Gamma} v \cdot n \mathrm{d}s = 0$$

```
dofs['top'].facet['u^2'], dofs['buttom'].facet['u^2']))
return D
```

1.4.6 The last Poisson equation

2 Error Estimating

2.1 Solver

```
[24]: def solve_problem4(m, element_type='P1', solver_type='pcg', tol=1e-8):
          solver for decoupled problem2
          without modifying solver
          only for testing convergence
          # equation 1
          if element_type == 'P1':
              element1 = ElementTriP1()
          elif element_type == 'P2':
              element1 = ElementTriP2()
          else:
              raise Exception("Element not supported")
          basis1 = InteriorBasis(m, element1, intorder=intorder)
          K1 = asm(laplace, basis1)
          f1 = asm(f_load, basis1)
          wh = solve(*condense(K1, f1, D=basis1.find_dofs()),__
       →solver=solver_iter_krylov(Precondition=True, tol=tol))
```

```
# equation 2
  element2 = ElementTriMorley()
  basis2 = InteriorBasis(m, element2, intorder=intorder)
  K2 = asm(zv_load, basis2)
  f2 = asm(laplace, basis1, basis2) * wh
  zh = solve(*condense(K2, f2, D=basis2.find_dofs()),__
⇒solver=solver_iter_krylov(Precondition=True, tol=tol))
  # equation 3
  element3 = {'phi': ElementVectorH1(ElementTriP1CR()), 'p': ElementTriP0()}
  basis3 = {variable: InteriorBasis(m, e, intorder=intorder) for variable, e⊔
→in element3.items()}
  fbasis = FacetBasis(m, element3['phi'], intorder=intorder)
  p1 = asm(penalty_1, fbasis)
  p2 = asm(penalty_2, fbasis)
  p3 = asm(penalty_3, fbasis)
  P = p1 + p2 + p3
  A = asm(phipsi_load1, basis3['phi']) + epsilon**2 * asm(phipsi_load2,__
⇒basis3['phi']) + epsilon**2 * P
  B = asm(phiq_load, basis3['phi'], basis3['p'])
  C = asm(mass, basis3['p'])
  F1 = asm(zpsi_load, basis2, basis3['phi']) * zh
  f3 = np.concatenate([F1, np.zeros(B.shape[0])])
  K3 = bmat([[A, -B.T], [-B, C * 0]], 'csr')
  # imposing boundary condition for normal conponent of phi
  phip = solve(*condense(K3, f3, D=normal_boundary(basis3['phi'])),__
→solver=solver_iter_krylov(spl.minres, tol=1e-13))
  phih, ph = np.split(phip, [A.shape[0]])
   # phip = solve(*condense(K3, f3, D=basis3['phi'].find_dofs()),
→solver=solver_iter_krylov(spl.minres, tol=1e-13))
  # equation 4
  element4 = ElementTriMorley()
  basis4 = InteriorBasis(m, element4, intorder=intorder)
```

```
K4 = asm(uchi_load, basis4)
f4 = asm(phichi_load, basis3['phi'], basis4) * phih

uh = solve(*condense(K4, f4, D=basis4.find_dofs()),__

solver=solver_iter_krylov(Precondition=True, tol=tol))

return uh, {'u' :basis4}
```

2.2 Testing convergence

```
[25]: tol = 1e-8
  intorder = 5
  solver_type = 'mgcg'
  refine_time = 6
  epsilon_range = 5
  zero_ep = False
  element_type = 'P1'
  sigma = 5
  penalty = True
  example = 'ex2'
```

```
[26]: if example == 'ex1':
          @LinearForm
          def f_load(v, w):
              for f(f, x_{h})
              pix = pi * w.x[0]
              piy = pi * w.x[1]
              lu = 2 * (pi)**2 * (cos(2 * pix) * ((sin(piy))**2) + cos(2 * piy) *
                                  ((sin(pix))**2))
              11u = -8 * (pi)**4 * (cos(2 * pix) * sin(piy)**2 + cos(2 * piy) *
                                  sin(pix)**2 - cos(2 * pix) * cos(2 * piy))
              return (epsilon**2 * llu - lu) * v
          def exact_u(x, y):
              return (\sin(pi * x) * \sin(pi * y))**2
          def dexact_u(x, y):
              dux = 2 * pi * cos(pi * x) * sin(pi * x) * sin(pi * y)**2
              duy = 2 * pi * cos(pi * y) * sin(pi * x)**2 * sin(pi * y)
              return dux, duy
```

```
def ddexact(x, y):
                  duxx = 2 * pi**2 * cos(pi * x)**2 * sin(pi * y)**2 - 2 * pi**2 * sin(
                            pi * x)**2 * sin(pi * y)**2
                  duxy = 2 * pi * cos(pi * x) * sin(pi * x) * 2 * pi * cos(pi * y) * sin(
                           pi * y)
                  duyx = duxy
                  duyy = 2 * pi**2 * cos(pi * y)**2 * sin(pi * x)**2 - 2 * pi**2 * sin(
                            pi * y)**2 * sin(pi * x)**2
                  return duxx, duxy, duyx, duyy
elif example == 'ex2':
         @LinearForm
         def f_load(v, w):
                  for f(f, x_{h})
                  x = w.x[0]
                  y = w.x[1]
                  return (
                             (\sin(pi * x) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) + exp(
                                      (x - 1) / ep) - exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) *
                             (12 * y + ep *
                            ((exp(-y / ep) *
                             (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                      (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2 +_{\sqcup}
  →(exp(
                                               (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                                                                     (exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                     (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2)) -
                            ((pi**2 * sin(pi * x)) / 2 + (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep**2 + exp(
                                      (x - 1) / ep) / ep**2)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) *
                             (ep * (exp((y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep)))
                                                                                              (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                              (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + exp(-y / ep) *
                                      (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                               (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                               (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) - (3 * exp(-1 / ep) + 3) /
                                      (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - ((2 * y - 1) * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                      (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + 2 * y *
                             (y**2 - 1)) - ep**2 *
                             (((pi**4 * sin(pi * x)) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep**4 + exp(
                                      (x - 1) / ep) / ep**4)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) *
                             (ep * (exp((y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 / ep) * (4 / ep) * 
                                                                                              (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                              (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + exp(-y / ep) *
```

```
(3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                              (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                               (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) - (3 * exp(-1 / ep) + 3) /
                                               (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - ((2 * y - 1) * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                              (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + 2 * y *
                           (y**2 - 1)) - 2 *
                           (12 * y + ep *
                           ((exp(-y / ep) *
                                     (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                     (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2 +_{\square}
\rightarrow(exp(
                                              (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                                                                     (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                      (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2)) *
                           ((pi**2 * sin(pi * x)) / 2 + (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep**2 + exp(
                                     (x - 1) / ep) / ep**2)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) + ep *
                           (\sin(pi * x) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) + exp(-x / ep) + exp(-
                                     (x - 1) / ep) - exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) *
                           ((exp(-y / ep) *
                           (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                     (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep * (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**4 +_1
\rightarrow(exp(
                                              (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                                                                     (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                      (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**4))) * v
       def exact_u(x, y):
                return -(\sin(pi * x) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) + exp(
                           (x - 1) / ep) - exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                     (2 *
                                     (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (ep * (exp(
                                              (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                                                                      (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                               (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + exp(-y / ep) *
                                                                                                                   (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                                                                                                   (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                                                   (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) -
                                                                                                                   (3 * exp(-1 / ep) + 3) /
                                                                                                                   (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) -
                                                                                                                   ((2 * y - 1) *
                                                                                                                   (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                                                                                                   (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                                                                                   (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + 2 * y_{\bot}
                                                                                               (y**2 - 1))
```

```
def dexact_u(x, y):
       dux = -((pi * cos(pi * x)) / 2 + (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep - exp(
           (x - 1) / ep) / ep)) /
               (2 *
               (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (ep * (exp(
                    (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                    (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                    (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + \exp(-y / ep) *
                                            (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                                 (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) -
                                            (3 * exp(-1 / ep) + 3) /
                                            (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) -
                                            ((2 * y - 1) * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                            (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                 (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + 2 * y_{\bot}
∴*
                                        (y**2 - 1))
       duy = (sin(pi * x) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) + exp(
           (x - 1) / ep) - exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
           (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (ep * (
               (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) / (exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                            (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1) +
               (\exp(-y / ep) * (3 / (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                    (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                    (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep -
               (exp((y - 1) / ep) *
                   (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                    (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                    (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep) - 6 * y**2 + 2)
       return dux, duy
  def ddexact(x, y):
       duxx = ((pi**2 * sin(pi * x)) / 2 + (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep**2 +_{\sqcup}))
→exp(
           (x - 1) / ep) / ep**2)) /
               (2 *
               (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (ep * (exp(
                   (y - 1) / ep) * (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                    (exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                    (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + exp(-y / ep) *
                                            (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                                 (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) -
                                            (3 * exp(-1 / ep) + 3) /
```

```
(\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) -
                                             ((2 * y - 1) * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                                             (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                                 (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1)) + 2 * y_{\bot}
                                         (y**2 - 1))
        duxy = ((pi * cos(pi * x)) / 2 + (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) / ep - exp(
            (x - 1) / ep) / ep)) / (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (ep * (
                (2 * (exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) / (exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                             (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1) +
                (\exp(-y / ep) * (3 / (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                 (exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                 (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep -
                (\exp((y - 1) / ep) *
                (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                (\exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep) - 6 * y**2 + 2)
        duyx = duxy
        duyy = -(sin(pi * x) / 2 - (ep * pi * (exp(-x / ep) + exp(
            (x - 1) / ep) - exp(-1 / ep) - 1)) /
                (2 *
                (exp(-1 / ep) - 1))) * (12 * y + ep *
                                         ((exp(-y / ep) *
                                             (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1 /
                                             (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                             (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2 +
                                         (\exp((y - 1) / ep) *
                                             (3 / (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) - 1 /
                                             (\exp(-1 / ep) + 2 * ep *
                                             (exp(-1 / ep) - 1) + 1))) / ep**2))
        return duxx, duxy, duyx, duyy
elif example == 'ex3':
    @LinearForm
    def f_load(v, w):
        pix = pi * w.x[0]
        piy = pi * w.x[1]
        return (2 * pi**2 * sin(pix) * sin(piy)) * v
    def exact_u(x, y):
        return sin(pi * x) * sin(pi * y)
    def dexact_u(x, y):
        dux = pi * cos(pi * x) * sin(pi * y)
```

```
duy = pi * cos(pi * y) * sin(pi * x)
    return dux, duy

def ddexact(x, y):
    duxx = -pi**2 * sin(pi * x) * sin(pi * y)
    duxy = pi * cos(pi * x) * pi * cos(pi * y)
    duyx = duxy
    duyy = -pi**2 * sin(pi * y) * sin(pi * x)
    return duxx, duxy, duyx, duyy

else:
    raise Exception('Example not supported')
```

```
[27]: df_list = []
      for j in range(epsilon_range):
          epsilon = 1 * 10**(-j*2) * (1 - zero_ep)
          ep = epsilon
          L2_list = []
          Du_list = []
          D2u_list = []
          h_{list} = []
          epu_list = []
          m = MeshTri()
          for i in range(1, refine_time+1):
              m.refine()
              uh0, basis = solve_problem4(m, element_type, solver_type, tol=tol)
              U = basis['u'].interpolate(uh0).value
              # compute errors
              L2u = np.sqrt(L2uError.assemble(basis['u'], w=U))
              Du = get_DuError(basis['u'], uh0)
              H1u = Du + L2u
              D2u = get_D2uError(basis['u'], uh0)
              H2u = Du + L2u + D2u
              epu = np.sqrt(epsilon**2 * D2u**2 + Du**2)
              h_list.append(m.param())
              Du_list.append(Du)
              L2_list.append(L2u)
              D2u_list.append(D2u)
              epu_list.append(epu)
```

```
hs = np.array(h_list)
    L2s = np.array(L2_list)
    Dus = np.array(Du_list)
    D2us = np.array(D2u_list)
    epus = np.array(epu_list)
    H1s = L2s + Dus
    H2s = H1s + D2us
    # store data
    data = np.array([L2s, H1s, H2s, epus])
    df = pd.DataFrame(data.T, columns=['L2', 'H1', 'H2', 'Energy'])
    df_list.append(df)
    print('epsilon =', epsilon)
    print(' h
                L2u H1u
                             H2u
    for i in range(H2s.shape[0] - 1):
        print(
            '2^-' + str(i + 2), ' {:.2f} {:.2f} {:.2f}'.format(
                -np.log2(L2s[i + 1] / L2s[i]), -np.log2(H1s[i + 1] / H1s[i]),
                -np.log2(H2s[i + 1] / H2s[i]),
                -np.log2(epus[i + 1] / epus[i])))
          print(
               '2^-' + str(i + 2), ' \{:.5f\} \{:.5f\} \{:.5f\}'.format(
 #
                  L2s[i + 1], H1s[i + 1],
 #
                  H2s[i + 1],
                  epus[i + 1]))
epsilon = 1
 h
      L2u
            H1u
                  H2u
                        epu
                       0.71
```

```
2^-2 1.33 1.22 0.74
2^-3 1.41 1.62 0.90 0.86
2^-4 1.67 1.78 0.95 0.93
2^-5 1.84 1.89 0.98 0.96
2^-6 1.93 1.95 0.99 0.98
epsilon = 0.01
 h
      L2u
                H2u
           H1u
                      epu
2^-2 1.89 0.89
               -0.39 0.77
2^-3 1.55 0.95
               -0.53 0.80
2^-4 0.54 1.00 -0.10 0.66
2^-5 0.59 1.03 0.28 0.57
2^-6 1.16 1.20
               0.55 0.67
epsilon = 0.0001
 h
      L2u
           H1u
                H2u
                      epu
2^-2 1.67 0.75 -0.23
                     0.65
2^-3 1.53 0.61 -0.47
                     0.56
2^-4 1.50 0.54 -0.49
                     0.51
2^-5 1.51 0.52 -0.49 0.50
```

2^-6 1.51 0.51 -0.49 0.50 epsilon = 1e-06h L2u H1u H2u epu 2^-2 1.66 0.75 -0.23 0.65 2^-3 1.53 0.61 -0.47 0.56 2^-4 1.50 0.54 -0.49 0.51 2^-5 1.50 0.52 -0.49 0.50 2^-6 1.50 0.51 -0.50 0.50 epsilon = 1e-08L2u h H1u H2u epu 2^-2 1.66 0.75 -0.23 0.65 2^-3 1.53 0.61 -0.47 0.56 2^-4 1.50 0.54 -0.49 0.51 2^-5 1.50 0.52 -0.49 0.50 2^-6 1.50 0.51 -0.50 0.50