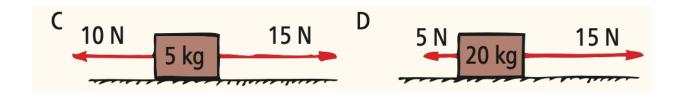
## Ch. 4 HW Newton's 2nd Law

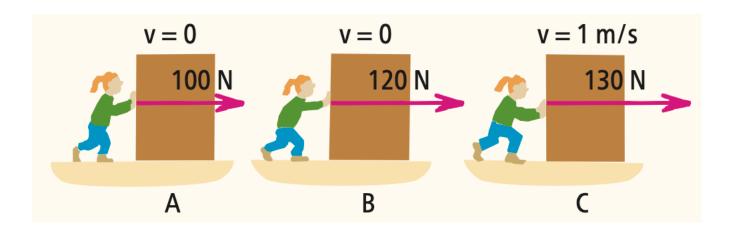
Show **ALL WORK**. You may be randomly selected to solve one of the problems next class which will count towards 20% of your final grade.

1) (5 pts) Boxes of various masses are on a friction-free level table. Calculate the (i) net force (draw magnitude+direction) and (ii) acceleration on each of the boxes.

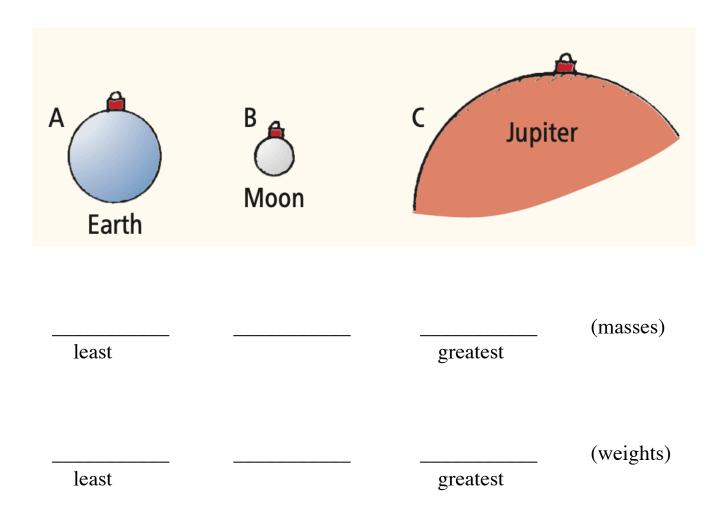




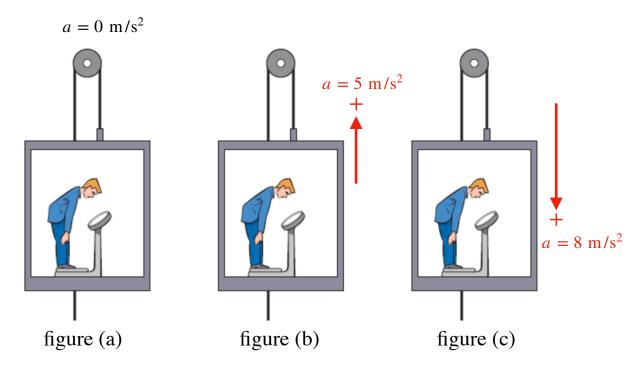
2) (5 pts) The crate is pushed and remains at equilibrium (no acceleration) in all three cases, A, B and C. Calculate (magnitude+direction) the amount of friction force between thee crate and the floor for each case



3) (5 pts) A 100-kg tool box is in locations A, B, and C. Rank from greatest to least the (a) masses of the 100-kg box and (b) weight of the 100-kg box

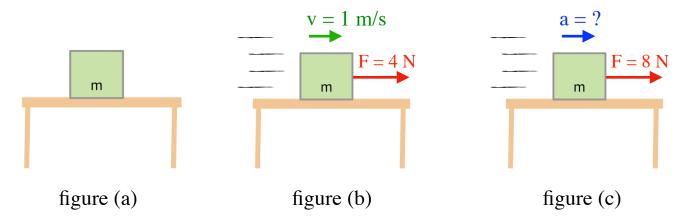


4) (20 pts) A 150-kg person stands on a scale inside an elevator. (*hint*: think and draw the direction of the net force in each case as well as what would the individual forces acting on the person have to be)



- a) (5 pts) In figure (a), the elevator is moving at a constant speed. What is the reading on the scale (normal force) in this case?
- b) (5 pts) In figure (b), the elevator suddenly accelerates upward at 5 m/s<sup>2</sup> What is the reading on the scale (normal force) in this case?
- c) (5 pts) In figure (c), the elevator suddenly accelerates downward at 8 m/s<sup>2</sup> What is the reading on the scale (normal force) in this case?
- d) (5 pts) In the scenario where the rope of the elevator is cut-off and the elevator goes into free-fall (a = 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>), how much would the person weight according to the scale in this case?

5) (20 pts) A box of mass m = 2 kg sits in a table



- a) (5 pts) Draw all forces acting on the box at rest in figure (a)
- b) (5 pts) The box in **figure** (b) is pushed with a force of 4 N and it moves at a *constant velocity* of 1 m/s to the right. Draw the friction force (magnitude+direction) exerted by the table on the box.
- c) (5 pts) The box in **figure** (c) is now pushed with a force of 8 N to the right which causes it to accelerate. Calculate the horizontal net fore,  $\mathbf{F}_{\text{net}}$  (hint: same friction force determined in part (b) is present)

d) (5 pts) Calculate the acceleration of the box in figure (c)

6) (20 pts) A parachutist of mass m = 60 kg deploys his parachute: (take the downward direction as "+" positive)







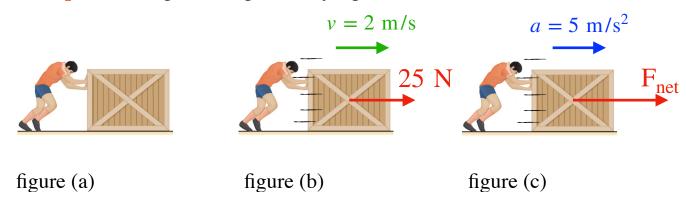
figure (a)

figure (b)

figure (c)

- a) (5 pts) Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on the parachutist assuming no air resistance (e.g., free-fall) in figure (a)
- b) (5 pts) After the parachutist has gained enough speed, the air resistance now becomes 200 N. Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on the parachutist and calculate net force,  $\mathbf{F}_{\text{net}}$ , in **figure** (b)
- c) (5 pts) Calculate the acceleration of the parachutist in figure (b)
- d) (5 pts) The parachutist air resistance has now increased to 600 N in figure (c) Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on the parachutist and calculate the net force  $\mathbf{F}_{net}$ , and acceleration.

7) (15 pts) A 20-kg crate is pushed by a person in three scenarios



a) **(5 pts)** In **figure (a)**, the person applies a force of 20 N force, but the crate remains at *rest*. Draw all *forces* acting on the crate (specify magnitude and direction of each force)

b) (5 pts) In figure (b), the person applies 25 N of force to get the crate moving at a *constant velocity* of 2 m/s. Draw the magnitude and direction of the frictional force in this case.

c) (5 pts) In figure (c), calculate the *net force* required to *accelerate* the crate by 5 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

8) (20 pts) Nelly Newton, who has a mass of m = 30 kg, sky-dives from a high-flying helicopter (take the downward direction as "+" positive)







figure (a)

figure (b)

figure (c)

- a) **(5 pts)** Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on the Nelly initially during her fall, assuming no air resistance (e.g., *free-fall*) in **figure (a)**
- b) (5 pts) After Nelly has gained enough speed, the air resistance now becomes 200 N. Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on the Nelly and calculate net force,  $\mathbf{F}_{\text{net}}$ , in **figure** (b)
- c) (5 pts) Calculate the acceleration of Nelly in figure (b)
- d) (5 pts) Nelly's air resistance has now increased to 300 N in **figure** (c) Draw all forces (magnitude+direction) acting on her and calculate the net force  $\mathbf{F}_{\text{net}}$ , and acceleration.