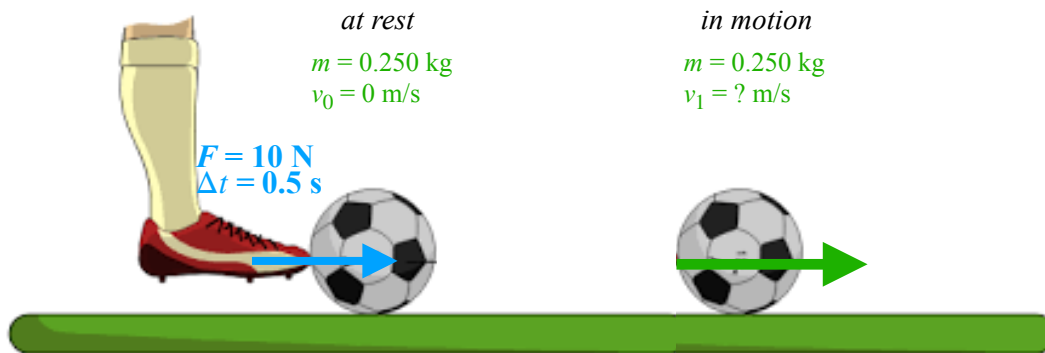


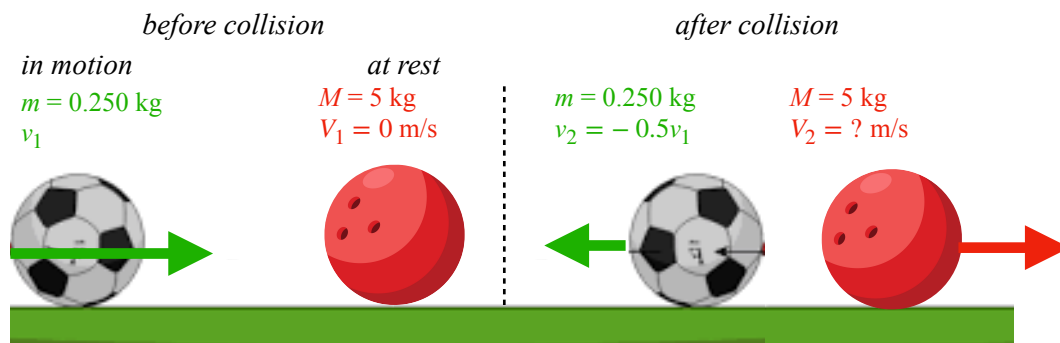
Ch. 6 HW Momentum

Extra Credit Option: Each student may obtain up to +5 points extra credit from this HW set to be added towards Exam II. (see Syllabus "Extra Credit" for details)

- 1) **(20 pts)** A soccer ball of mass $m = 0.250$ kg initially at *rest* gets kicked with a force of $F = 10$ N for a brief period of time, $\Delta t = 0.5$ sec.



- a) **(5 pts)** calculate the *impulse* of the kick to get the ball from *rest* into *motion*
- b) **(5 pts)** calculate the final speed v_1 of the ball *in motion*
- c) **(10 pts)** the soccer ball *in motion* with the speed (v_1) determined in the previous part *collides* with a 5-kg bowling ball at *rest* and after the collision the soccer ball bounces back with half as much speed (choose $+x$ to the right), calculate the final speed (V_2) of the bowling ball as it moves forward



2) (5 pts) A boxer gets punched in two different scenarios:

i) he moves backwards, maximizing the time of impact to $\Delta t = 2$ sec.

ii) he leans forward, minimizing the time of impact to $\Delta t = 0.5$ sec.

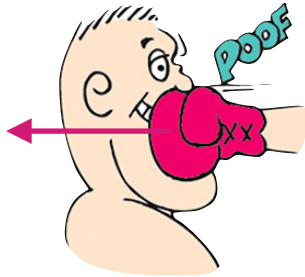
In both cases, the *change in momentum* of the punch is $20 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$ at the moment of impact. Calculate the *force* of impact of the punch for each case.

i)

$$\Delta(mv) = 20 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\Delta t = 2 \text{ s}$$

$$F_1 = ?$$

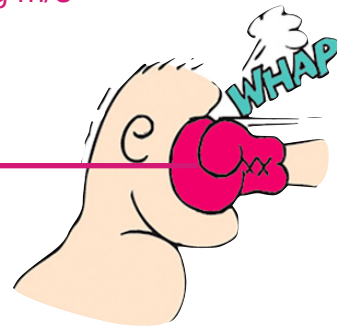


ii)

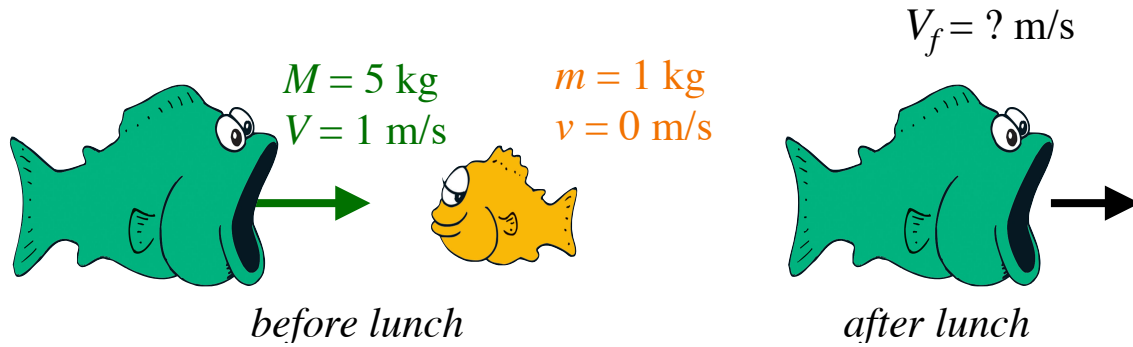
$$\Delta(mv) = 20 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\Delta t = 0.5 \text{ s}$$

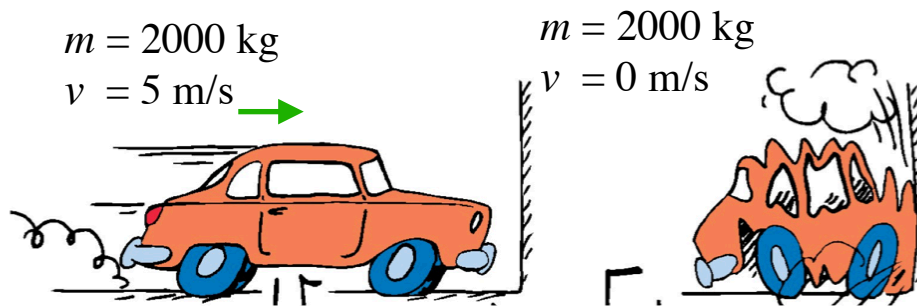
$$F_2 = ?$$



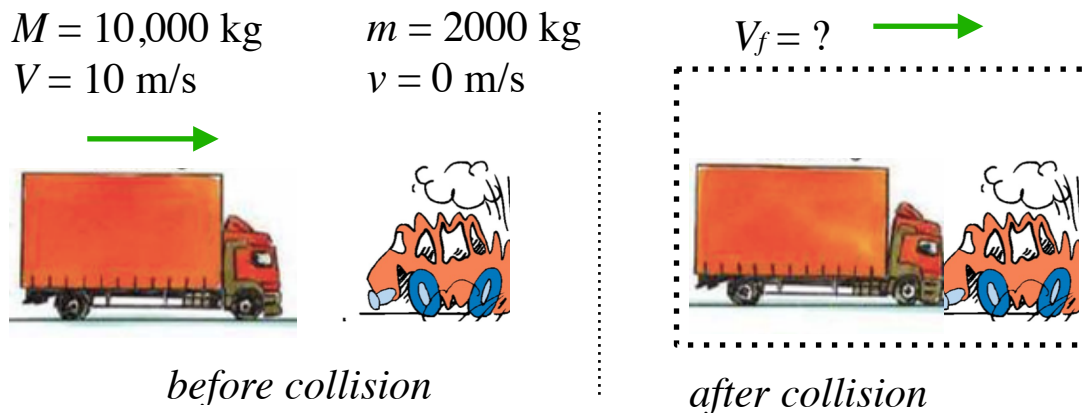
- 3) **(5 pts)** A fish swims towards and swallows a smaller fish *at rest*. If the larger fish has a mass of $M = 5 \text{ kg}$ and swims at $V = 1 \text{ m/s}$ toward the smaller 1-kg fish, what is the speed of the larger fish *immediately after lunch*?



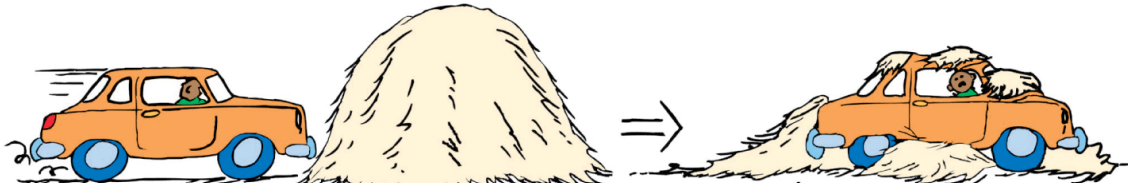
- 4) **(20 pts)** A vehicle of mass $m = 2000 \text{ kg}$ moving at a speed of $v = 5 \text{ m/s}$ collides with a wall for a brief period of time $\Delta t = 1 \text{ s}$ before coming to a halt



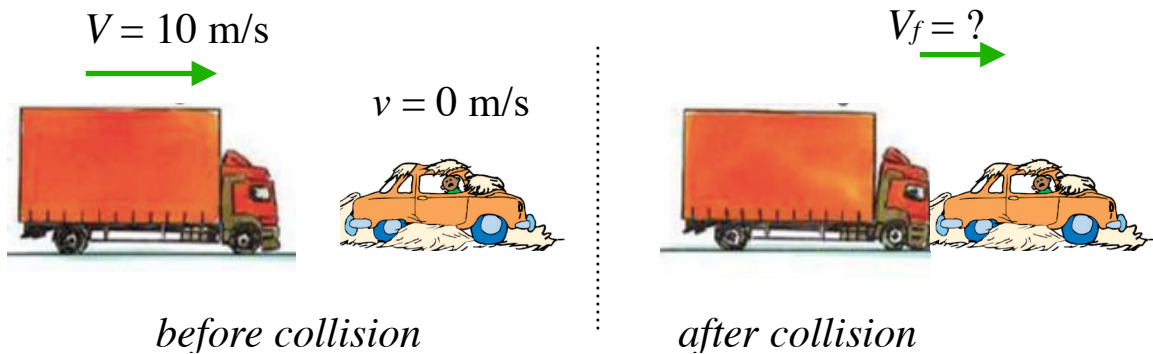
- a) **(5 pts)** calculate the *change in momentum* of the vehicle
- b) **(5 pts)** calculate the *force of impact* during the collision
- c) **(10 pts)** if an incoming truck of mass $M = 10,000 \text{ kg}$ moving at speed $V = 10 \text{ m/s}$ collides with the *stationary* car and both continue to move together, calculate the final speed of the (*car+truck*) system



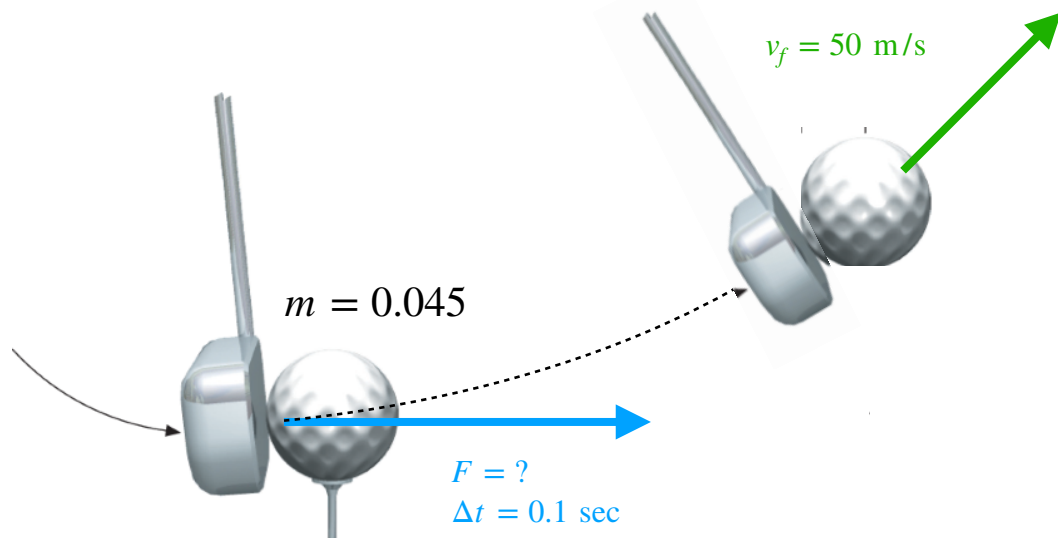
- 5) **(20 pts)** A vehicle of mass $m = 2000$ kg moving at a speed of $v = 5$ m/s collides with a haystack for a period of time $t = 20$ s before coming to a halt



- a) **(5 pts)** calculate the *change in momentum* of the vehicle
- b) **(5 pts)** calculate the *force* of impact during the collision
- c) **(10 pts)** if an incoming truck of mass $M = 10,000$ kg moving at speed $V = 10$ m/s collides with the *stationary* car and both continue to move together, find the final speed of the (car+truck) system

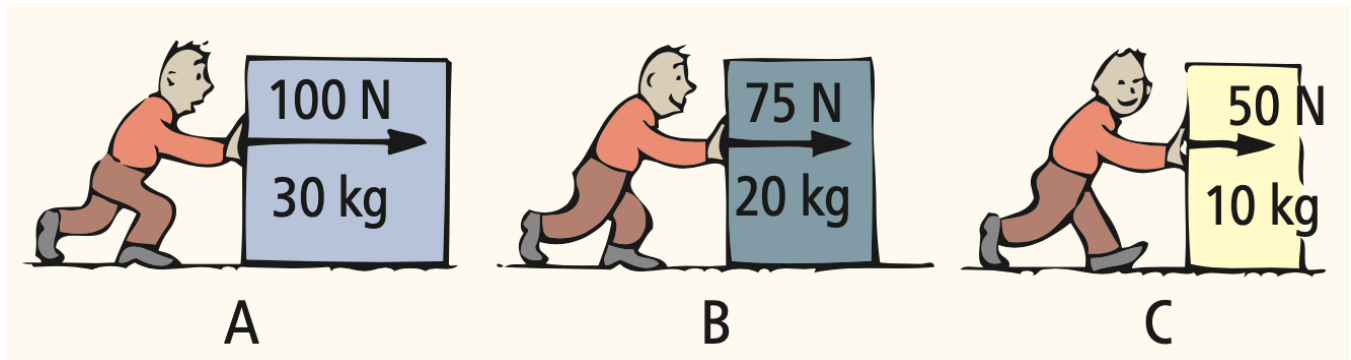


- 6) **(10 pts)** A golf ball of mass $m = 0.05$ kg initially at *rest* gets hit with a force of F for a brief period of time, $\Delta t = 0.1$ sec, and causes the golf ball to gain a speed of 50 m/s.



- a) **(5 pts)** Calculate the *change in momentum* of the golf ball
- b) **(5 pts)** Calculate what the *force of impact* applied to the golf ball

- 7) **(20 pts)** Jake pushes crates starting from *rest* across his classroom floor for 3 seconds with a net force as shown. For each crate (A, B and C), calculate the following and rank the following from greatest to least



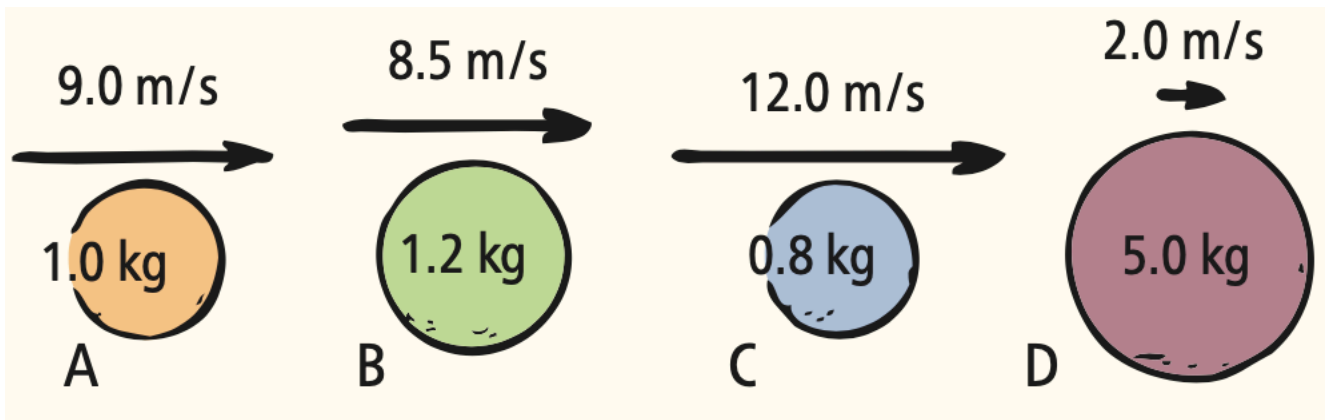
(a) **(5 pts)** *Impulse* delivered

(b) **(5 pts)** *change* in momentum

(c) **(5 pts)** Final speed

(d) **(5 pts)** Momentum in 3 seconds

- 8) **(10 pts)** Each ball has different masses and speeds. Calculate the following and rank them from greatest to least.



(a) **(5 pts)** Momentum

(b) **(5 pts)** The impulses needed to *stop* the balls (*Hint*: think of change in speed)