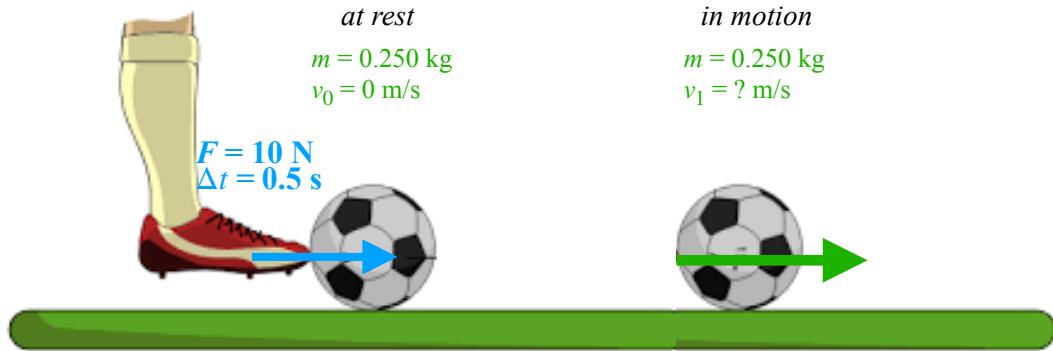


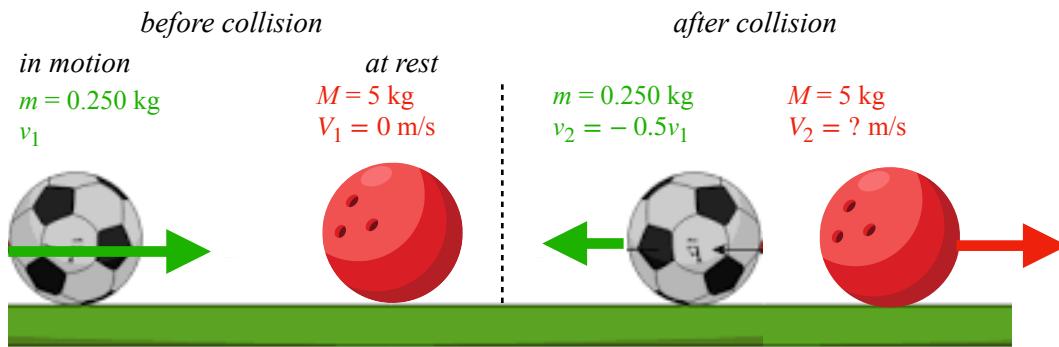
Ch. 6 HW Momentum

Extra Credit Option: Each student may obtain up to +5 points extra credit from this HW set to be added towards Exam II. (see Syllabus "Extra Credit" for details)

- 1) (20 pts) A soccer ball of mass $m = 0.250 \text{ kg}$ initially at *rest* gets kicked with a force of $F = 10 \text{ N}$ for a brief period of time, $\Delta t = 0.5 \text{ sec}$.



- (5 pts) calculate the *impulse* of the kick to get the ball from *rest* into *motion*
- (5 pts) calculate the final speed v_1 of the ball *in motion*
- (10 pts) the soccer ball *in motion* with the speed (v_1) determined in the previous part *collides* with a 5-kg bowling ball at *rest* and after the collision the soccer ball bounces back with half as much speed (choose $+x$ to the right), calculate the final speed (V_2) of the bowling ball as it moves forward



2) (5 pts) A boxer gets punched in two different scenarios:

i) he moves backwards, maximizing the time of impact to $\Delta t = 2$ sec.

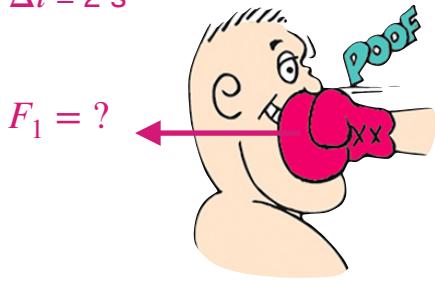
ii) he leans forward, minimizing the time of impact to $\Delta t = 0.5$ sec.

In both cases, the *change in momentum* of the punch is 20 kg·m/s at the moment of impact. Calculate the *force* of impact of the punch for each case.

i)

$$\Delta(mv) = 20 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

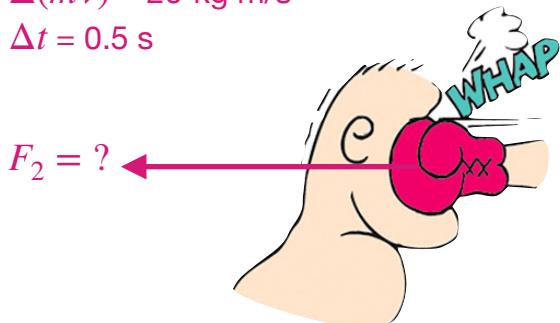
$$\Delta t = 2 \text{ s}$$



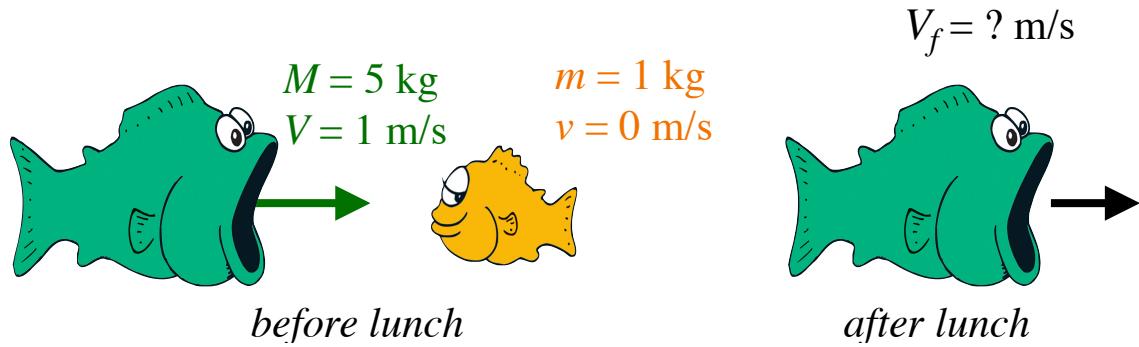
ii)

$$\Delta(mv) = 20 \text{ kg m/s}$$

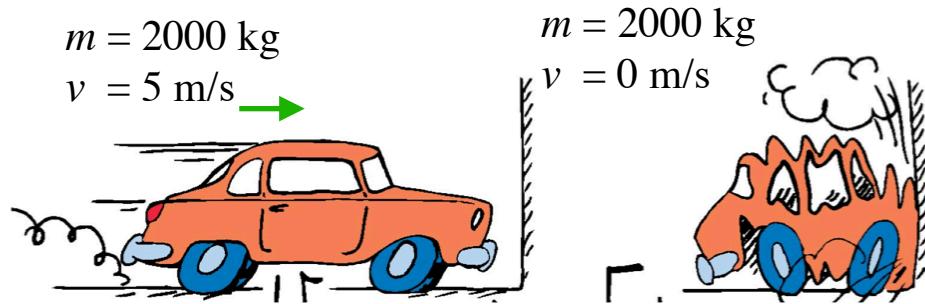
$$\Delta t = 0.5 \text{ s}$$



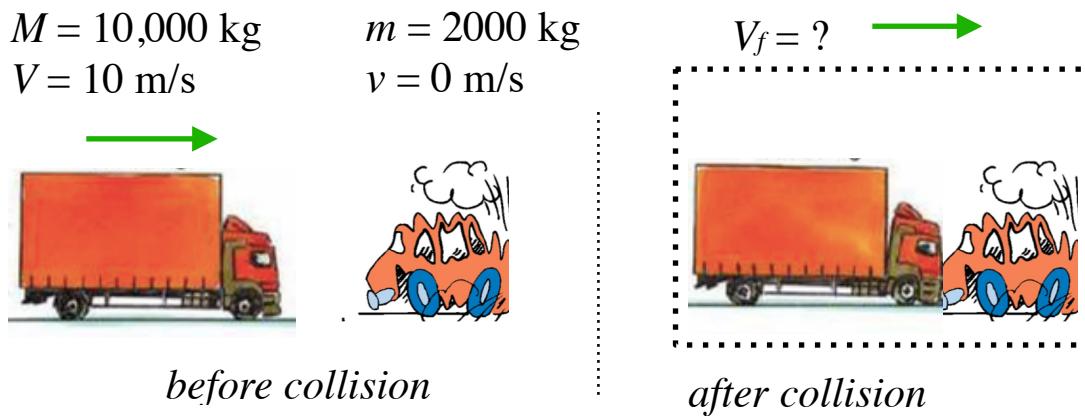
- 3) (5 pts) A fish swims towards and swallows a smaller fish *at rest*. If the larger fish has a mass of $M = 5 \text{ kg}$ and swims at $V = 1 \text{ m/s}$ toward the smaller 1-kg fish, what is the speed of the larger fish *immediately after lunch*?



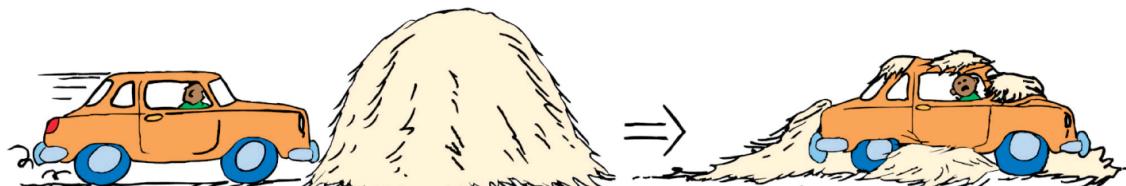
- 4) (20 pts) A vehicle of mass $m = 2000 \text{ kg}$ moving at a speed of $v = 5 \text{ m/s}$ collides with a wall for a brief period of time $\Delta t = 1 \text{ s}$ before coming to a halt



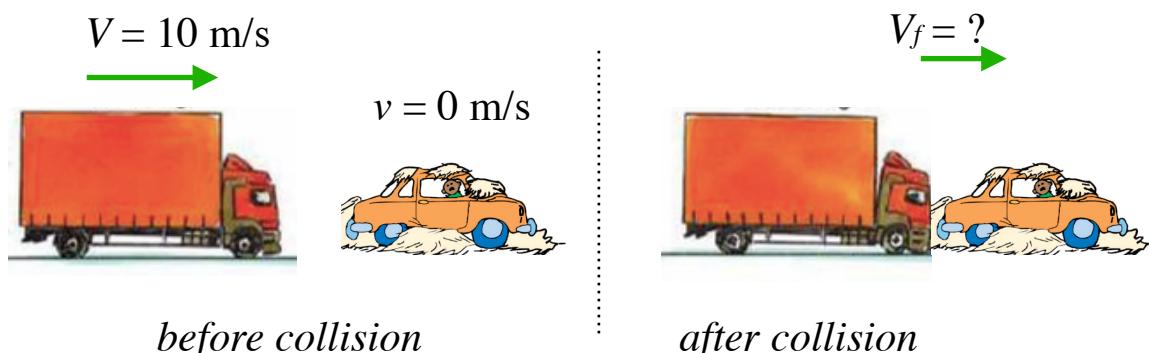
- a) (5 pts) calculate the *change in momentum* of the vehicle
- b) (5 pts) calculate the *force* of impact during the collision
- c) (10 pts) if an incoming truck of mass $M = 10,000 \text{ kg}$ moving at speed $V = 10 \text{ m/s}$ collides with the *stationary* car and both continue to move together, calculate the final speed of the (*car+truck*) system



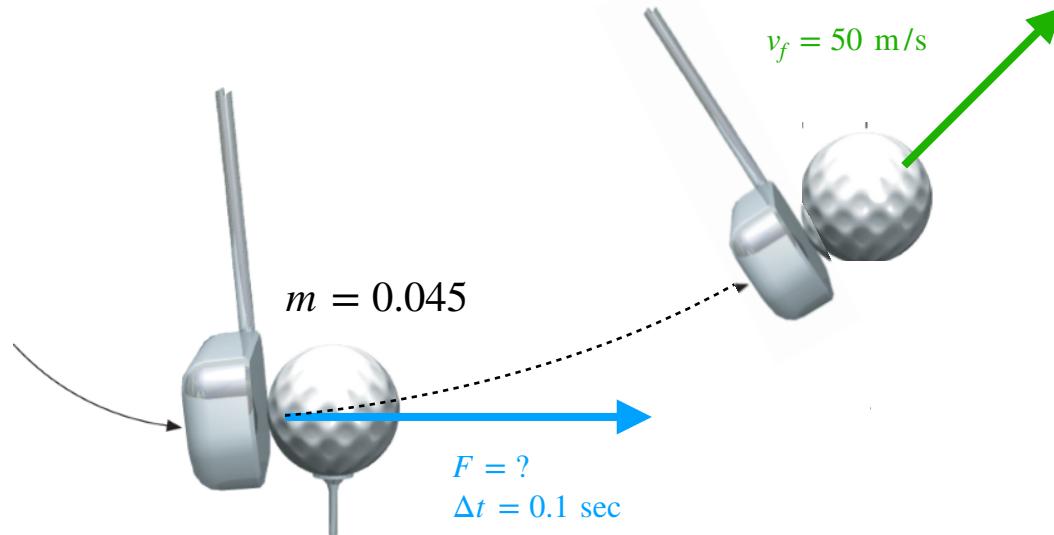
- 5) (20 pts) A vehicle of mass $m = 2000 \text{ kg}$ moving at a speed of $v = 5 \text{ m/s}$ collides with a haystack for a period of time $t = 20 \text{ s}$ before coming to a halt



- a) (5 pts) calculate the *change in momentum* of the vehicle
- b) (5 pts) calculate the *force of impact* during the collision
- c) (10 pts) if an incoming truck of mass $M = 10,000 \text{ kg}$ moving at speed $V = 10 \text{ m/s}$ collides with the *stationary* car and both continue to move together, find the final speed of the (car+truck) system

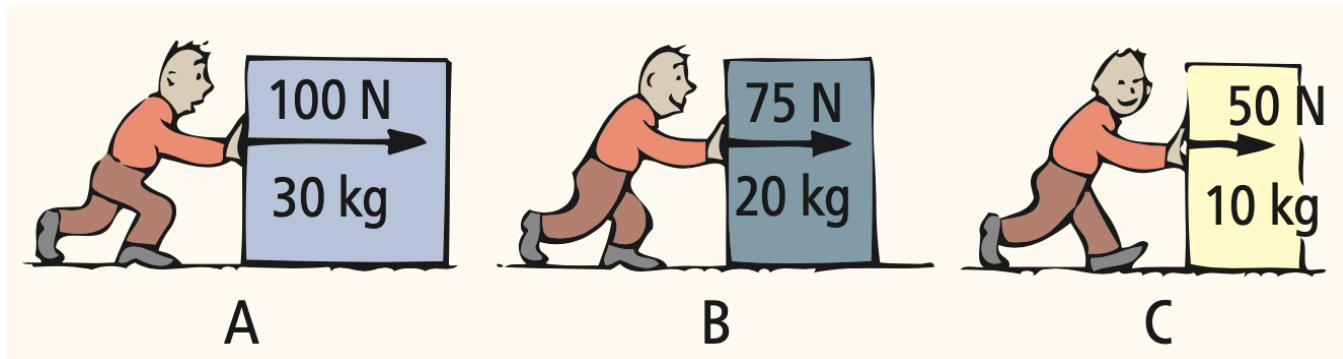


- 6) (10 pts) A golf ball of mass $m = 0.05 \text{ kg}$ initially at *rest* gets hit with a force of F for a brief period of time, $\Delta t = 0.1 \text{ sec}$, and causes the golf ball to gain a speed of 50 m/s .



- a) (5 pts) Calculate the *change in momentum* of the golf ball
- b) (5 pts) Calculate what the *force of impact* applied to the golf ball

- 7) (20 pts) Jake pushes crates starting from *rest* across his classroom floor for 3 seconds with a net force as shown. For each crate (A, B and C), calculate the following and rank the following from greatest to least



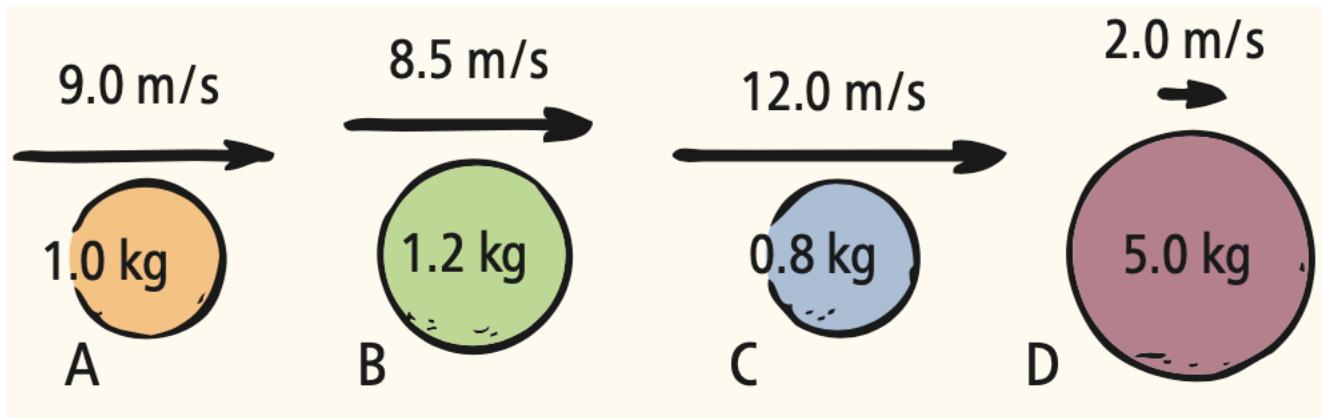
(a) (5 pts) Impulse delivered

(b) (5 pts) change in momentum

(c) (5 pts) Final speed

(d) (5 pts) Momentum in 3 seconds

8) (10 pts) Each ball has different masses and speeds. Calculate the following and rank them from greatest to least.



(a) (5 pts) Momentum

(b) (5 pts) The impulses needed to stop the balls (*Hint: think of change in speed*)