Lab session 4

Exercise

Adding MemoryStream

Copy the following files available in the virtual campus into your project directory:

- ByteSwap.h
- MemoryStream.h / MemoryStream.cpp
- Messages.h

Add them to the project and:

- Include Messages.h at the top of all includes in Networks.h
- Include MemoryStream.h at the top of all includes in Networks.h
- Include MemoryStream.cpp at the top of all includes in UnityBuild.cpp
- Right click on *MemoryStream.cpp* and open the *Properties* panel, then set *Exclude from build* (Yes).

Introduce MemoryStreams in ModuleNetworking

Add the following static method in *ModuleNetworking*:

```
bool ModuleNetworking::sendPacket(const OutputMemoryStream & packet, SOCKET socket)
{
   int result = send(socket, packet.GetBufferPtr(), packet.GetSize(), 0);
   if (result == SOCKET_ERROR)
   {
      reportError("send");
      return false;
   }
   return true;
}
```

Modify the signature of on Socket Received Data in Module Networking and update the subclasses' overrides (in Module Networking Client and Module Networking Server):

```
virtual void onSocketReceivedData(SOCKET s, const InputMemoryStream &packet) = 0;
```

To adapt our code to this last change, go to *ModuleNetworking::preUpdate()*, and change the container used to receive the packet data:

```
InputMemoryStream packet;
int bytesRead = recv(socket, packet.GetBufferPtr(), packet.GetCapacity(), 0);
if (bytesRead > 0)
{
    packet.SetSize((uint32)bytesRead);
    onSocketReceivedData(socket, packet);
}
```

Changes in the Hello message

Change the way we send the "Hello" message to start using *MemoryStream* to create packets:

- Add the message "Hello" in the *ClientMessage* enum in the file *Messages.h.*
- Modify the ModuleNetworkingClient::update() function to contain this code:

```
if (state == ClientState::Start)
{
   OutputMemoryStream packet;
   packet << ClientMessage::Hello;
   packet << playerName;

   if (sendPacket(packet, socket))
   {
      state = ClientState::Logging;
   }
   else
   {
      disconnect();
      state = ClientState::Stopped;
   }
}</pre>
```

Now we need to modify the code that receives those packets in the server side:

• Modify the *ModuleNetworkingServer::onSocketReceivedData()* this way:

```
ClientMessage clientMessage;
packet >> clientMessage;

if (clientMessage == ClientMessage::Hello)
{
    std::string playerName;
    packet >> playerName;

    for (auto &connectedSocket : connectedSockets)
    {
        if (connectedSocket.socket == socket)
        {
            connectedSocket.playerName = playerName;
        }
    }
}
```

Welcome the client

After saving the player name, the server could send a welcome packet back to the client to let it know it has logged correctly. A welcome packet could contain some fields such as:

- Message type (mandatory)
- Welcome text
- Player color
- Etc..

TODOs

Using the method explained to send packets through a socket, program a chat application that allows connected users to have a conversation. Among others, you can implement the following features:

- Send the welcome packet to the newly connected user.
- Send a non-welcome packet if the player name already exists.
- Use ImGui to type text and send messages to other users.
 - The client application will need to maintain a list of all received messages in order to print them with ImGui. Upon writing a new message, it is up to you whether to update the list right after pressing the return key or waiting until receiving the feedback from the server.
- Notify all users about the new client connections (e.g. "Peter joined").
- Notify all users about any other client disconnection (e.g. "Peter left").
- Special commands:
 - /help: to list all available commands.
 - o /list: to list all users in the chat room.
 - /kick: to ban some other user from the chat.
 - o /whisper: to send a message only to one user.
 - o /change_name: to change your username.
 - o etc
- Whatever comes to mind...

NOTE: I am using the words user, player, and client indifferently here.