

9. Given an array of points where  $\text{points}[i] = [x_i, y_i]$  represents a point on the X-Y plane and an integer  $k$ , return the  $k$  closest points to the origin  $(0, 0)$ . The distance between two points on the X-Y plane is the Euclidean distance (i.e.,  $\sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$ ). You may return the answer in any order. The answer is guaranteed to be unique (except for the order that it is in).

```
import heapq

def kClosest(points, k):

    # Create a min-heap

    heap = []

    for (x, y) in points:

        distance = x**2 + y**2

        heapq.heappush(heap, (distance, (x, y)))

    result = []

    for _ in range(k):

        result.append(heapq.heappop(heap)[1])

    return result

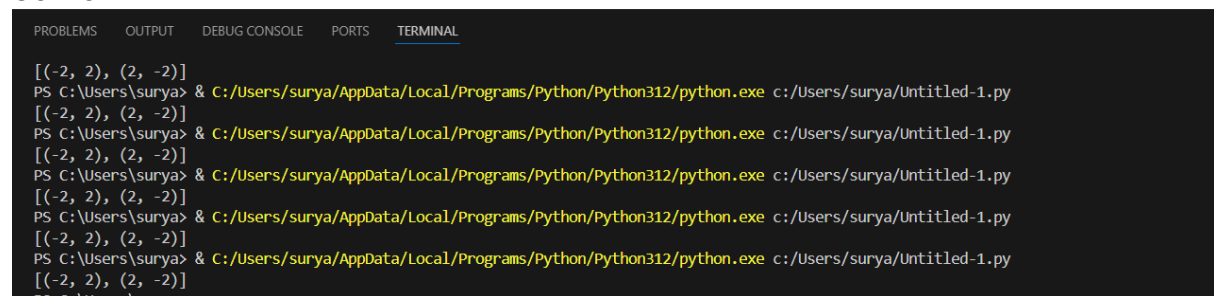
points = [[1, 3], [-2, 2], [2, -2]]

k = 2

print(kClosest(points, k))

INPUT:[[1,3],[-2,2],[2,-2]]
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE PORTS TERMINAL
[(-2, 2), (2, -2)]
PS C:\Users\surya> & C:/Users/surya/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python312/python.exe c:/Users/surya/Untitled-1.py
[(-2, 2), (2, -2)]
PS C:\Users\surya> & C:/Users/surya/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python312/python.exe c:/Users/surya/Untitled-1.py
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[(-2, 2), (2, -2)]
PS C:\Users\surya>
```

TIME COMPLEXITY:

$O(n \log n)$