

## Problem 1

### Question a

$X \setminus \emptyset = X \leftarrow$  a member of the set  
 $\Rightarrow \emptyset \in \mathcal{T}_f$   
 $X \setminus X = \emptyset \leftarrow$  is finite  
 $\Rightarrow X \in \mathcal{T}_f$   
 $\exists U_i \in \mathcal{T}_f$   
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus U_i$  is finite  
 $\Rightarrow \cap (X \setminus U_i)$  is finite  
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus \cup U_i$  is finite  $\leftarrow$  De Morgan's Law  
 $\Rightarrow \cup U_i \in \mathcal{T}_f$   
 $X \setminus U_i$  is finite  
 $\Rightarrow \cup (X \setminus U_i)$  is finite  $\leftarrow$  finite unions of finite set is finite  
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus \cap U_i$  is finite  $\leftarrow$  De Morgan's Law  
 $\Rightarrow \cap U_i \in \mathcal{T}_f$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_f$  is a topology on  $X$

### Question b

$X \setminus \emptyset = X \leftarrow$  a member of the set  
 $\Rightarrow \emptyset \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $X \setminus X = \emptyset \leftarrow$  is countable  
 $\Rightarrow X \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $\exists U_i \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus U_i$  is countable  
 $\Rightarrow \cap (X \setminus U_i)$  is countable  
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus \cup U_i$  is countable  $\leftarrow$  De Morgan's Law  
 $\Rightarrow \cup U_i \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $X \setminus U_i$  is countable  
 $\Rightarrow \cup (X \setminus U_i)$  is countable  $\leftarrow$  countable unions of countable set is countable  
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus \cap U_i$  is countable  $\leftarrow$  De Morgan's Law  
 $\Rightarrow \cap U_i \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_c$  is a topology on  $X$

### Question c

$\forall U \in \mathcal{T}_f :$   
 $X \setminus U$  is finite  
 $\Rightarrow X \setminus U$  is countable  
 $\Rightarrow U \in \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_f \subseteq \mathcal{T}_c$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_c$  is finer than  $\mathcal{T}_f$

## Problem 2

### Question a

$$\begin{aligned}a, b &\in \mathbb{Q} \\ \mathcal{B} &= \{(a, b) \mid a < b, a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\} \\ \Rightarrow |\mathcal{B}| &= |\mathbb{Q}^2| \\ \mathbb{Q} &\text{ is countable} \\ \Rightarrow \mathbb{Q}^2 &\text{ is countable} \\ \Rightarrow \mathcal{B} &\text{ is countable}\end{aligned}$$

### Question b

$$\begin{aligned}\forall n \in \mathbb{R} : n &\in (n-1, n+1) \\ \exists B \in \mathcal{B} : (n-1, n+1) &\subseteq B \in \mathcal{B} \\ \Rightarrow \forall n \in \mathbb{R}, \exists B \in \mathcal{B} : n &\in B \\ \text{Suppose : } B_1 = (a, b), B_2 = (c, d) &\in \mathcal{B} \\ x \in B_1 \cap B_2 \\ \Rightarrow x \in (\max(a, c), \min(b, d)) \\ B_3 := (\max(a, c), \min(b, d)) \\ \Rightarrow x \in B_3 \\ B_1, B_2 \in \mathcal{B} \\ \Rightarrow a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Q} \\ \Rightarrow \max(a, c), \min(b, d) \in \mathbb{Q} \\ \Rightarrow B_3 \in \mathcal{B} \\ \Rightarrow \forall x \in B_1 \cap B_2, \exists B_3 \in \mathcal{B} : x \in B_3 \\ \Rightarrow \mathcal{B} \text{ is a basis for the standard topology on } \mathbb{R}\end{aligned}$$