# Lab 2 experiment report

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## 1. Introduction

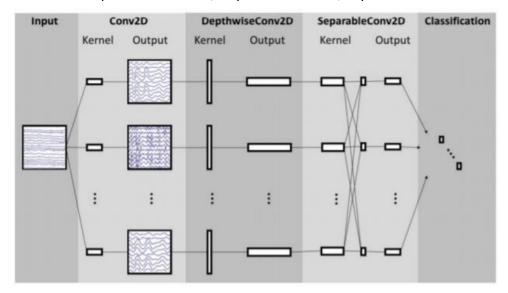
In this homework, we need to train two kinds of deep convolution networks, EEGNet and DeepConvNet, the dataset is BCI Competition III. It is a dataset with 2 classes (left hand, right hand). The dimension of input is [B, 1, 2, 750], the output dimension is [B, 2], and the label dimension is [B].

# 2. Experiment Set Up

#### A. The detail of model

#### ◆ EEGNet

EEGNet is composed of Conv2D, DepthwiseConv2D, Separable2D and Classification.



#### More detail of the model

C = number of channels, T = number of time points, F1 = number of temporal filters, D = depth multiplier (number of spatial filters), F2 = number of pointwise filters, and N = number of classes.

Block	Layer	# filters	size	# params	Output	Activation	Options
1	Input				(C, T)		
	Reshape				(1, C, T)		
	Conv2D	$F_1$	(1, 64)	$64 * F_1$	(F <sub>1</sub> , C, T)	Linear	mode = same
	BatchNorm			$2 * F_1$	(F <sub>1</sub> , C, T)		
	DepthwiseConv2D	D * F <sub>1</sub>	(C, 1)	$C*D*F_1$	(D * F <sub>1</sub> , 1, T)	Linear	mode = valid, depth = D, max norm = 1
	BatchNorm			$2 * D * F_1$	(D * F <sub>1</sub> , 1, T)		
	Activation				(D * F <sub>1</sub> , 1, T)	ELU	
	AveragePool2D		(1, 4)		(D * F <sub>1</sub> , 1, T // 4)		
	Dropout*				(D * F <sub>1</sub> , 1, T // 4)		p = 0.25 or $p = 0.5$
2	SeparableConv2D	$F_2$	(1, 16)	$16 * D * F_1 + F_2 * (D * F_1)$	(F2, 1, T // 4)	Linear	mode = same
	BatchNorm			$2 * F_2$	(F2, 1, T // 4)		
	Activation				(F2, 1, T // 4)	ELU	
	AveragePool2D		(1, 8)		(F2, 1, T // 32)		
	Dropout*				(F2, 1, T // 32)		p = 0.25 or $p = 0.5$
	Flatten				(F2 * (T // 32))		
Classifier	Dense	N * (F2 * T // 32)			N	Softmax	max norm = 0.25

## DeepConvNet

The structure of DeepConvNet, in this lab, C=2, T=750, N = 2

Layer	# filters	size	# params	Activation	Options
Input		(C, T)			
Reshape		(1, C, T)			
Conv2D	25	(1, 5)	150	Linear	$\bmod e = valid, \max norm = 2$
Conv2D	25	(C, 1)	25 * 25 * C + 25	Linear	$\bmod e = \textrm{valid, max norm} = 2$
BatchNorm			2 * 25		epsilon = 1e-05, momentum = 0.
Activation				ELU	
MaxPool2D		(1, 2)			
Dropout					p = 0.5
Conv2D	50	(1, 5)	25 * 50 * C + 50	Linear	mode = valid, max norm = 2
BatchNorm			2 * 50		epsilon = 1e-05, momentum = 0.
Activation				ELU	
MaxPool2D		(1, 2)			
Dropout					p = 0.5
Conv2D	100	(1, 5)	50 * 100 * C + 100	Linear	mode = valid, max norm = 2
BatchNorm			2 * 100		epsilon = 1e-05, $momentum = 0$ .
Activation				ELU	
MaxPool2D		(1, 2)			
Dropout					p = 0.5
Conv2D	200	(1, 5)	100 * 200 * C + 200	Linear	mode = valid, max norm = 2
BatchNorm			2 * 200		epsilon = 1e-05, $momentum = 0$ .
Activation				ELU	
MaxPool2D		(1, 2)			
Dropout					p = 0.5
Flatten					
Dense	N			softmax	max norm = 0.5

## B. Activation function

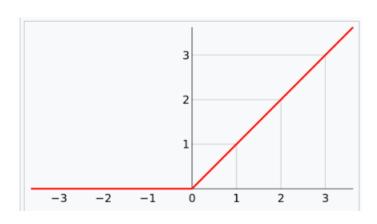
#### ◆ ReLU

When x is less than 0, f(x) will be 0, and if x is bigger than 0, f(x) will be x.

$$f(x) = \max(0, x)$$

For the neural network that use the activation function, the neuron output will be:

$$\max(0, \mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{x} + b)$$
 x is the input of neuron



### Leaky ReLU

When  $x \le 0$ , there is a small gradient for x.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 0, \\ 0.01x & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

#### **ELU**

The exponential linear unit (ELU) with  $0 < \alpha$  is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 0 \\ \alpha (\exp(x) - 1) & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}, \quad f'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ f(x) + \alpha & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}.$$

α value for the ELU formulation. Default: 1.0

# 3. Experiment results

Accuracy screenshot of two models:

Highest accuracy: 87.31 (EEGNet with activation function ReLU)

#### **EEGNet**

### DeepConvNet

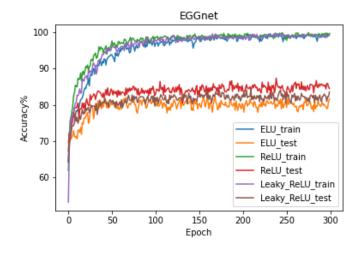
```
Train Accuracy: 98.52 %
Epoch: 294 | train loss: 0.1114
Test Accuracy: 82.59 %
Train Accuracy: 99.07 %
Epoch: 295 | train loss: 0.0294
Test Accuracy: 82.31 %
Train Accuracy: 98.52 %
Epoch: 296 | train loss: 0.0513
Test Accuracy: 80.93 %
Train Accuracy: 98.70 %
Epoch: 297 | train loss: 0.0067
Test Accuracy: 82.22 %
Train Accuracy: 99.17 %
Epoch: 298 | train loss: 0.0225
Test Accuracy: 82.22 %
Train Accuracy: 99.07 %
Epoch: 299 | train loss: 0.0089
Test Accuracy: 83.52 %
Highest Test Accuracy (ELU): 82.59 %
Highest Test Accuracy (ReLU): 87.31 %
Highest Test Accuracy (LReLU): 84.07 %
```

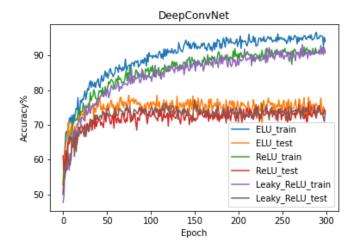
Train Accuracy: 92.87 % Epoch: 294 | train loss: 0.0784 Test Accuracy: 73.33 % Train Accuracy: 90.46 % Epoch: 295 | train loss: 0.6395 Test Accuracy: 73.43 % Train Accuracy: 92.31 % Epoch: 296 | train loss: 0.1575 Test Accuracy: 73.06 % Train Accuracy: 90.19 % Epoch: 297 | train loss: 0.2564 Test Accuracy: 71.94 % Train Accuracy: 91.94 % Epoch: 298 | train loss: 0.1954 Test Accuracy: 71.02 % Train Accuracy: 91.11 % Epoch: 299 | train loss: 0.0819 Test Accuracy: 73.98 % Highest Test Accuracy (ELU): 78.52 % Highest Test Accuracy (ReLU): 76.30 % Highest Test Accuracy (LReLU): 77.31 %

Hyper parameter of EEGnet:

Hyper parameters of DeepConvNet:

### Comparison figures of models:





## 4. Discussion

In this Lab, I learned how to build two different kinds of deep convolution networks, I tried to use different parameters to train the models, and find out that when setting batch size:128, learning rate:0.005 and use the activation function ReLU on the EEGNet Model can get the best result(87.31). When building the model, I also found out that between the last linear layer and the last convolutional layer, it's important to use a function view(-1, in\_features of linear layer) to make the output of convolutional layer fit the input of linear layer.

# 5. Reference:

**EEGNet** 

https://arxiv.org/pdf/1611.08024.pdf

**ELU** 

https://arxiv.org/pdf/1511.07289.pdf

ReLU

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rectifier\_(neural\_networks)

Leaky ReLU

https://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/%E7%BA%BF%E6%80%A7%E6%95%B4%E6%B5%81%E5%87%BD%E6%95%B0