Genetic Programming

Genetic Programming (GP)

- GP is an extension of Genetic Algorithms.
- GP searches for a solution in a program space.
- An individual in GP is considered to be a program.
- It's actually an executable expression.



GP Algorithm

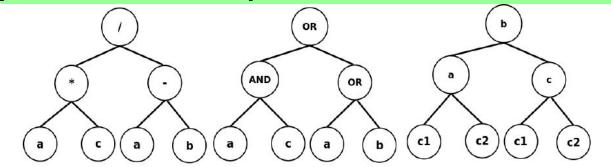
Algorithm 1 Genetic Programming

- 1: Create an initial population of programs
- 2: Execute each program and establish the fitness
- 3: while termination condition not met do
- 4: Select fitter programs to participate in reproduction
- 5: Create new programs using genetic operators and update the population
- 6: Execute each new program and establish the fitness
- 7: end while
- 8: return best program



GP Representation

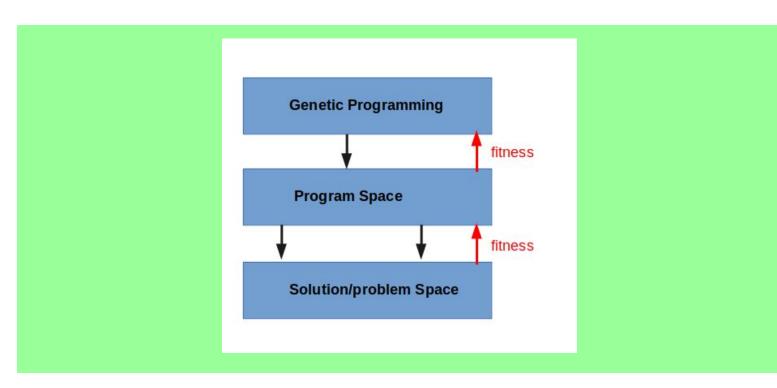
Syntax tree. Other representations linear etc.



- 1. f=(a*c)/(a-b) (arithmetic tree)
- 2. f= (a AND c)OR(a OR b) (logical tree)
- 3. C1= b -> a (rules decision tree)



GP Functionality

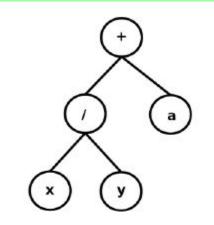




Initial Population Generation

- A population of executable expressions is generated.
- An individual in GP is a syntax tree.

$$f=(x/y) + a$$





Initial Population

Tree Generation Methods

- 1. Full
- 2. Grow
- 3. Ramped-half and half

Parameters

- 1. Initial tree depth.
- 2. Maximum tree depth.
- 3. Population size.



Initial Population Generation

- Function set is problem dependent {*,/, +,-}
- Terminal set is values e.g costants.
- The root and middle nodes obtain values from the function set.

Leaf nodes obtain values from the terminal set.



Fitness Function

- The Fitness function is problem dependant.
- It must be an effective measure of the goodness of the program to solve the problem.



Selection Methods

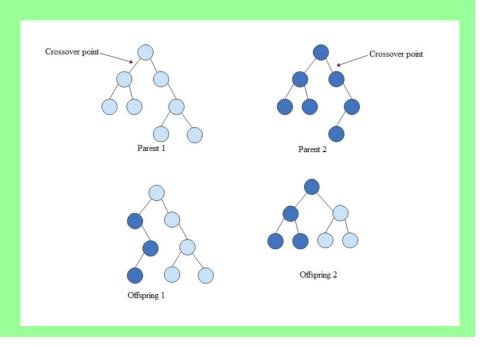
Tournament selection (tournament size)

Fitness proportionate - mating pool



Genetic Operators

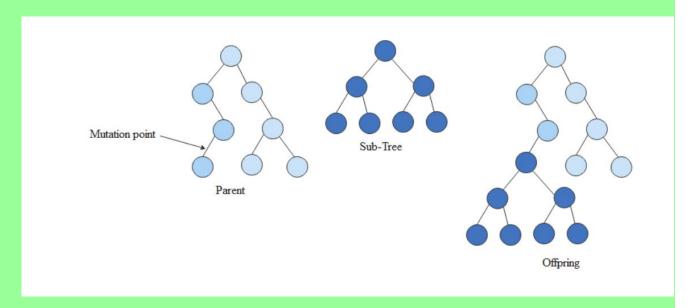
Subtree Crossover.





Genetic Operators

Grow mutation





Genetic Operators

- Reproduction move parents into the next population.
- If it's the fittest individual then its elitism.



Population Update

Generational.

• Steady state.



Termination

- Objective function met.
- Number of generations achieved.



Applications

- Symbolic regression.
- Robotics.
- Cyber-security.
- Data miningbecause ???
- Finance stock performance.



Variants

- Linear GP.
- Strongly typed GP.
- Cyber-security.
- Cartesian GP
- Grammar based GP.



Type Selection

- Problem dependant.
- Computational resources.
- Desired output structure e.g explainability.



QUESTIONS.

