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COS341 Compiler Construction EO1 ("Semester Test")

Department of Computer Science
University of Pretoria
1st of June, 2020: 17h30-20h00



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Instructions!

- **Solve all problems** with help of your textbook!
- The Total Value of this EO1 Test is **15 Points:**
15 Test Points = 30 Semester Marks.
- Provide your solutions **as PDF:**
 - Word.DOC files will not be accepted under any circumstances!
- **Upload** your solutions to the COS341 web page:
 - EMail submissions will not be accepted under any circumstances!
- Submit your solutions **timely before deadline:**
 - Belated submissions will not be accepted under any circumstances!



Question 1 [4 Points]

- Given are the two **regular expressions**

$RE1 := (a^*b^*)^*$

$RE2 := (a^*|b^*)^*$

- Prove** that $L(RE1) = L(RE2)$,
via their **NFA**, **DFA**, and **Minimized DFA**!
 - Construct the automata according to the techniques shown in Chapter #1.
 - Show the steps of the development:
do not merely present the final result.



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Question 2 [*3 Points*]

- Given is the following grammar **G**:

Prog \rightarrow action

Prog \rightarrow if Cond then Prog

Prog \rightarrow if Cond then Prog else Prog

Cond \rightarrow bool

- Prove** constructively that **G** *is ambiguous*.
 - Hint:** utilize the **Definition** of “ambiguous”

Question 3 [*5 Points*]

- Given is the following grammar **G**:

Prog \rightarrow Assign

Prog \rightarrow Assign Prog

Assign \rightarrow Var = Var ;

Assign \rightarrow Var = Var Op Var ;

Op \rightarrow +

Op \rightarrow *

Var \rightarrow a

Var \rightarrow b

- Analyse and prove whether (or not) **G** is **LL(1)**.
 - Show the steps of your analysis:
do not merely present the final result.



Question 4 [3 Points]

- The following recursive **function-program** conforms to **Grammar 4.1** of our book:

```
int F(int x) =  
  if 10 < x  
  then 0 // comment: return this value  
  else let y = x + x in 1 + F(y) // comment: return this result
```

Advice:

To make the task somewhat easier, we **IGNORE** the matter with the **main function** that is described in Sub-Section 4.3.3 and Figure 4.4, and we **ONLY work with the Symbol-Table for variables (vtable)**

- **For start** we already bind the formal input parameter **x** to the concrete input value **4**:
- On the basis of this start value, **show the run of the interpreter step by step**, until the final result emerges.
 - Use the interpretation **rules and procedures** given in **Figures 4.2–4.3** of the book.
 - Thereby also show the updates in the symbol *vtable* which the interpreter accesses while it is running: draw pictures of the symbol *vtable*.
 - Show all recursive self-calls of the interpreter: **do not merely present the final result.**



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END

There are no further Questions.
Double-check before submission
that your work shows:
your **First Name** (given name)
your **Last Name** (family name)
your **Student ID** (number)