# Highlighted Stata Code and Results - Chapter #3

March 16, 2019

# **Question 6**

```
. // download data from: http://hdl.handle.net/10079/6hdr852
. // copy and paste the url to your web browser
import delim "Clingingsmith_et_al_QJE_2009dta.csv",clear
(8 vars, 958 obs)
. set seed 1234567
. rename success D
 rename views Y
//findit tsrtest
. //package name: st0158.pkg install
. cap program drop ate
. program define ate, rclass
          args Y D
 2.
       sum 'Y' if 'D'==1, meanonly
       local Y_treat=r(mean)
sum 'Y' if 'D'==0, meanonly
 3.
       local Y_con=r(mean)
       return scalar ate_avg = 'Y_treat'-'Y_con'
 6.
 7. end
. // ssc install tsrtest
. tsrtest D r(ate_avg) using 3_6_resam.dta, overwrite: ate Y D
Two-sample randomization test for theta=r(ate_avg) of ate Y D by D
              8.4503047638e + 285 = (958 \text{ choose } 448)
Combinations:
Assuming null=0
Observed theta: .4748
Minimum time needed for exact test (h:m:s): 4.2e+278:00:00
Reverting to Monte Carlo simulation.
Mode: simulation (10000 repetitions)
progress: |.....
p=0.00360 [two-tailed test of Ho: theta(D==0)==theta(D==1)]
Saving log file to 3_6_resam.dta...done.
. preserve
. use "3_6_resam.dta", clear
. global ate = theta[1]
. di $ate
.4748337
. drop if _n==1
(1 observation deleted)
. count if theta >= $ate
19
. scalar p_onesided = r(N)/N
```

```
. count if abs(theta) >= $ate
36

. scalar p_twosided = r(N)/_N
. di "p.value.onesided = "p_onesided
p.value.onesided = .0019

. di "p.value.twosided = "p_twosided
p.value.twosided = .0036

. restore
```

## **Question 7**

```
. clear
. set seed 1234567
. set obs 10
number of observations (_{
m N}) was 0, now 10
. input D Y
                                                                              D
         1. 0 1
          2. 0 0
          3. 0 0
4. 0 4
          5. 0 3
          6. 1 2
          7. 1 11
          8. 1 14
     9. 1 0
10. 1 3
  . gen Y_star= Y+D*(-7)
. cap program drop ate
  . program define ate, rclass
                                                                           args Y D
sum 'Y' if 'D'==1, meanonly
          2.
                                                                             local Y_treat=r(mean)
sum 'Y' if 'D'==0, meanonly
          3.
          4.
          5.
                                                                             local Y_con=r(mean)
          6.
                                                                          return scalar ate_avg = 'Y_treat', 'Y_con'
          7. end
 . // findit tsrtest (to install the package) % \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) 
    . tsrtest D r(ate_avg): ate Y_star D
Two-sample randomization test for theta=r(ate_avg) of ate Y_star D by D
Combinations:
                                                                                             252 = (10 \text{ choose } 5)
Assuming null=0
Observed theta: -2.6
Minimum time needed for exact test (h:m:s): 0:00:00
Mode: exact
progress: |.....
 p=0.83730 [one-tailed test of Ho: theta(D==0) <= theta(D==1)]
p=0.20635 [one-tailed test of Ho: theta(D==0) >= theta(D==1)]
p=0.41270 [two-tailed test of Ho: theta(D==0) == theta(D==1)]
. di r(obsvStat)
-2.6
 . // p.value.onesided \,
. di r(lowertail)
```

### **Question 8**

### part(a)

```
// download data from : http://hdl.handle.net/10079/s1rn910
. // copy and paste the url to your web browser
. use "Titiunik_WorkingPaper_2010.csv.dta",clear
. set seed 1234567
         rename term2year D
         rename bills_introduced Y
         rename texas0_arkansas1 block
          qui tabstat Y if block ==0, by(D) stat(mean) save
         scalar ate_texas = el(r(Stat2),1,1) - el(r(Stat1),1,1)
         qui tabstat Y if block ==1, by(D) stat(mean) save
         scalar ate_ark = el(r(Stat2),1,1) - el(r(Stat1),1,1)
         di "ate_texas="%18.5f ate_texas
ate_texas=
                  -16.74167
         di "ate_arkansas="%18.5f ate_ark
ate_arkansas= -10.09477
```

### part(b)

#### part(c)

#### part(e)

#### part(f)

```
// calculate probs under block assignment
. bysort block: egen probs=mean(D).
. cap program drop ate_block
. program define ate_block, rclass
 1. args Y D probs
 2. tempvar ipw
3. gen 'ipw' = .
4. // calculate inverse probability weight under block assignment
replace 'ipw' = 'D'/'probs' + (1-'D')/(1-'probs')
5. qui reg 'Y' 'D' [iw='ipw']
6. return scalar ate=_b['D']
 7. end
. // ssc install ritest (to install ritest package)
. //
. ritest D r(ate), strata(block) reps(10000) nodots: ///
> ate_block Y D probs
(66 missing values generated)
(66 real changes made)
 command: ate_block Y D probs
    _pm_1: r(ate)
res. var(s): D
  Resampling: Permuting D
Clusters: 66
               __000000
Strata var(s): block
Strata: 2
    | T(obs) c n p=c/n SE(p) [95% Conf. Interval]
Т
      -----
Note: Confidence interval is with respect to p=c/n.
Note: c = \#\{|T| >= |T(obs)|\}
. // ate
. di el(r(b),1,1)
-13.216796
. // p.value.twosided
. di el(r(p),1,1)
.0065
```

### **Question 9**

### part(b)

```
// download data from : http://hdl.handle.net/10079/1g1jx43
. // copy and paste the url to your web browser
.
. use "Camerer_JPEsubset_1998.dta.dta", clear
.
. set seed 1234567
. rename treatment D
. rename pair block
. rename preexperimentbets covs
.
. // calculate probs under block assignment
. bysort block: egen probs=mean(D)
.
```

```
// permuation to calculate F stat and one-side P value
        ritest D e(F), strata(block) reps(10000) right nodots: ///
        regress D covs
                                           Number of obs =
    Source |
                 SS
                            df
                                  MS
                                                              0.02
                                                                 34
                                            F(1, 32)
Prob > F
-----
                                                          =
   0.8914
                                                              0.0006
                                           Adj R-squared = Root MSE =
                                                              -0.0306
                            _____
      Total | 8.5 33 .257575758
______
        D | Coef. Std. Err.
                                   t P>|t| [95% Conf. Interval]

    covs | -.0000386
    .0002809
    -0.14
    0.891
    -.0006109
    .0005336

    _cons | .5137818
    .1335793
    3.85
    0.001
    .2416896
    .785874

 \begin{array}{ccc} \text{command:} & \text{regress} & D & \text{covs} \\ & \_pm\_1: & e(F) \\ \text{res.} & \text{var(s):} & D \end{array}
  Resampling: Permuting D
Clust. var(s): __0
Clusters: 34
              __000000
Strata var(s): block
Strata: 17
      | T(obs) \frac{c}{n} p=c/n SE(p) [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+----+-----
    _pm_1 | .0189265 3736 10000 0.3736 0.0048 .3641064 .3831672
Note: Confidence interval is with respect to p=c/n.
Note: c = \#\{T >= T(obs)\}
        // p.value
        di el(r(p),1,1)
.3736
```

#### part(c)

```
. rename experimentbets change
. tabstat change, by(D) stat(mean) save
Summary for variables: change
   by categories of: D
 D | mean
     0 | 571.4118
1 | 461.2353
 Total | 516.3235
. di "ATE = "%180.4f el(r(Stat2),1,1)-el(r(Stat1),1,1)
ATE = -110.1765
```

#### part(d)

```
bysort block (D): gen pair_diff = change - change[_n+1]
(17 missing values generated)
. mean(pair_diff)
                                Number of obs =
Mean estimation
                                                       17
```

#### part(e)

```
. cap program drop ate_block
. program define ate_block, rclass
  1. args Y D probs
  2. tempvar ipw
 3. gen 'ipw' = .
4. // calculate inverse probability weight under block assignment
replace 'ipw' = 'D'/'probs' + (1-'D')/(1-'probs')
5. qui reg 'Y' 'D' [iw='ipw']
6. return scalar ate=_b['D']
  7. end
. ritest D \mathbf{r}(\text{ate}), strata(block) reps(10000) nodots: ///
> ate_block change D probs
(34 missing values generated)
(34 real changes made)
      command: ate_block change D probs
 _pm_1: r(ate)
res. var(s): D
Resampling: Permuting D
Clust. var(s): __000000
Clusters: 34
Strata var(s): block
Strata: 17
                                 С
        | T(obs)
                                             n p=c/n SE(p) [95% Conf. Interval]
_pm_1 | -110.1765 3170 10000 0.3170 0.0047 .3078845 .3262222
Note: Confidence interval is with respect to p=c/n.
Note: c = \#\{|T| >= |T(obs)|\}.
. // ate
. di el(r(b),1,1)
-110.17647
. // p.value.twosided
. di el(r(p),1,1)
.317
```

### **Question 10**

### part(a)

```
. clear
. set seed 1234567
. set obs 14
number of observations (_N) was 0, now 14
. input Y0
Y0
```

```
1. 0
2. 1
                  3. 2
               4. 4
5. 4
                  6.6
                7. 6
                8.9
               9. 14
          10. 15
          11. 16
12. 16
         13. 17
14. 18
      . end
    . input Y1
                                                                                                        Y1
               1. 0
                2. 0
3. 1
                  4. 2
                5. 0
               6. 0
7. 2
               8.3
          9. 12
10. 9
          11. 8
          12. 15
13. 5
        14. 17
    . end
   . gen int cluster = (_n+1)/2
   . //ssc install tabstatmat (install the package) % \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) \left( \frac{1}{2
   . // save tabstat summary result to matrix
      . tabstat YO, by(cluster) stat(mean) save
  Summary for variables: YO
            by categories of: cluster
       cluster | mean
                                                      1 | .5
2 | 3
3 | 5
4 | 7.5
                                                             4 |
                                                                                                                            14.5
                                                              5 I
                                                              6 I
                                                                                                                                            16
                                                                                                                          17.5
                                                              7 |
              Total | 9.142857
   . tabstatmat YbarO, nototal
  Ybar0[7,1]
                                                                      YO
                                                                               . 5
 2:mean 3
3:mean 5
  4:mean 7.5
5:mean 14.5
6:mean 16
7:mean 17.5
```

```
. mat colnames Ybar0=Ybar0
. tabstat Y1, by(cluster) stat(mean) save
Summary for variables: Y1
  by categories of: cluster
cluster
               mean
      1 |
       2 |
                1.5
       3 |
                   0
                 2.5
       4 I
       5 I
                10.5
       6 I
                11.5
       7 |
                11
  Total | 5.285714
. tabstatmat Ybar1, nototal
Ybar1[7,1]
          V 1
1:mean
       1.5
2:mean
3:mean
          0
4:mean 2.5
5:mean 10.5
6:mean 11.5
7:mean
. mat colnames Ybar1=Ybar1
. // function to calculate population variance
. cap program drop var_pop
. program define var_pop, rclass
 1.
          args varname
             tempvar x_dev qui sum 'varname'
  2.
  3.
  4.
             local avg = r(mean)
             local length = r(N)
gen 'x_dev' = ('varname'-'avg')^2/'length'
  5.
  6.
             qui tabstat 'x_dev', stat(sum) save
  7.
 8.
             return scalar variance_pop = el(r(StatTotal),1,1)
  9. end
. // function to calculate population covariance
. cap program drop cor_pop
. program define cor_pop, rclass
             args x y
 1.
 2.
             tempvar xy_dev
  3.
              qui sum 'x'
  4.
             local avg_x = r(mean)
             local length = r(N)
  5.
  6.
         qui sum 'y'
 7.
             local avg_y = r(mean)
 8.
          gen 'xy_dev' = ('x',-'avg_x')*('y',-'avg_y')
             qui tabstat 'xy_dev', stat(sum) save
return scalar cor_pop = el(r(StatTotal),1,1)/'length'
 9.
 10.
 11. end
. preserve
```

```
. clear
. set obs 7
number of observations (_N) was 0, now 7
. svmat Ybar0, names(col)
number of observations will be reset to 7
Press any key to continue, or Break to abort
number of observations (_N) was 0, now 7
. svmat Ybar1, names(col)
. // var_Ybar0
. var_pop Ybar0
. scalar var_Ybar0=r(variance_pop)
. // var_Ybar1
. var_pop Ybar1
. scalar var_Ybar1=r(variance_pop)
. // cov_Ybar0
. cor_pop Ybar0 Ybar1
. scalar cov_Ybar0=r(cor_pop)
. scalar se_ate = sqrt((1/6)*((4/3)*var_Ybar0+(3/4)*var_Ybar1+2*cov_Ybar0))
. di %8.6f se_ate
4.706192
. restore
```

### part(b)

```
replace cluster = _n
(7 real changes made)
 replace cluster = 15-cluster if (cluster>7)
(7 real changes made)
. clear matrix
. // Ybar0
. tabstat YO, by(cluster) stat(mean) save
Summary for variables: YO
   by categories of: cluster
cluster
             mean
------
      1 | 9
                9
      2 |
      3 |
                10
      4 |
      5 I
               9.5
      6 I
                10
 Total | 9.142857
. tabstatmat YbarO, nototal
Ybar0[7,1]
        YΟ
1:mean
        9
2:mean 9
```

```
3:mean 9
4:mean 10
5:mean 9.5
6:mean 10
7:mean 7.5
. mat colnames Ybar0=Ybar0
. // Ybar1
. tabstat Y1, by(cluster) stat(mean) save
Summary for variables: Y1
   by categories of: cluster
cluster
      1 | 8.5
       2 |
                 2.5
                  8
5
       3 |
       4 |
       5 I
                  4.5
       6 |
                   6
                2.5
       7 |
 Total | 5.285714
. tabstatmat Ybar1, nototal
Ybar1[7,1]
1:mean 8.5
2:mean 2.5
3:mean 8
4:mean
          5
5:mean 4.5
6:mean
7:mean 2.5
. mat colnames Ybar1=Ybar1
. preserve
. clear
. set obs 7
number of observations (_N) was 0, now 7
. svmat Ybar0, names(col)
number of observations will be reset to 7
Press any key to continue, or Break to abort
number of observations (_N) was 0, now 7
. svmat Ybar1, names(col)
. // var_Ybar0 <- var.pop(Ybar0)</pre>
. var_pop Ybar0
. scalar var_Ybar0=r(variance_pop)
. // var_Ybar1 <- var.pop(Ybar1)
. var_pop Ybar1
. scalar var_Ybar1=r(variance_pop)
. // cov_Ybar0 <- cov.pop(Ybar0,Ybar1)
. cor_pop Ybar0 Ybar1</pre>
```

```
. scalar cov_Ybar0=r(cor_pop)
.
. // se_ate
. scalar se_ate = sqrt((1/6)*((4/3)*var_Ybar0+(3/4)*var_Ybar1+2*cov_Ybar0))
. di %8.7f se_ate
0.9766259
. restore
```